ADASh-av. CTION. me 4, at 9% o'clock

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ry, Notions, White STRAW GOODS BEO. P. GORK & CO... MEROY & CO.

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# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME 27.

# SILVER BRIDAL GIFTS

BRIDAL GIFTS.

THE GORHAM COMPANY.

The well-known Silversmiths, of No. 1 Bond-st., New York, have completed arrangements with the leading Jewelers in this city. whereby Silver of their manufacture, for WEDDING and PRE-SENTATION GIFTS and for general Family use, can be supplied to all purchasers upon terms as favorable as from the Company in New York.

This trade-mark is stamped on every piece of Sterling Silver of the Gorham Company manufacture, and is a guarantee of its purity and genuineness. HERRING'S SAFES.

GREAT FIRE

INDEPENDENCE, IOWA.

DYDEFENDENCE, Iowa, May 29, 1874.

There, Herring & Co., Chicago, Illinois:
Gertlenen: In the night of the Mth inst. our town variated by the most destructive conflagration that has see occurred in this section of country, destroying forty of the best business houses in this place. Almost the entry business portion of the town was awapt away by the destroying element. My store was a three-story brick business portion of the town was awapt away by the destroying selement. My store was a three-story brick business, barrels, coal, &c., and regnatured in the burning man until Tuesday afternoon. The Safe was so hot I did neepen it until Thursday morning, four days after the p. Everything was preserved to my entire satisfaction, the writing in our books and papers being as legible as then placed in the Safe was exposed in the hottest of that is, and side by side with other so-called Fire-Proof July, which proved but more ovens for the valuables they were expected to preserve. I will want another one of your Safes, of the same size, as soon as I get into my saw building.

A Large Stock of these Safes at our

HERRING & CO.. Corner Fourteenth-st. and Indiana-av.

GENERAL NOTICES.

# SOUTH CHICAGO

pecial Complimentary Train upon ago, Bock Island & Pacific Bailroad from Van Buren-st. Depot, will leave or SATURDAY, June 6, at 9:45 a. m., for South Chicago. The large number who availed themselves on Wednesday of the BALTIMORE & OHIO BAILROAD CO. tion. A general invitation is extended to all who wish to avail themselves of this desirable mode of visiting the new harbor, &c. to. Cards of passage are issued upon application at the Office of the CALUMET & Dearborn-st.



GOODRICH'S STEAMERS.

PURNITURE. TASHIONABLE JURNITURE.

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FURNITURE CO., 268 & 268 Wabash-av.

LUMBER. HENRY N. HOLDEN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN HARDWOOD LUMBER

Of all kinds. Also, Wagon Lumber.

Agricults attention paid to filling bills for any kind of any Lumber. OFFICE AND YARD:
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# REMOVAL.

A. BOOTH In removed his Wholesale and Retail OYSTER and FISH business to

A W. COBNER LAKE AND STATE-STS. LUMBER OR COAL DOCK

DEENT OR FOR SALE. 150 feet front a veilth-st., running back to the Empire with railroad connections, near the bridge. Apply to M. PETRIE. DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

# WASHINGTON.

Probable Settlement of the Currency Question.

The Conference Committee Reach a Compromise,

Greenbacks to Be Retired in the Proportion of 372 Per Cent.

Cluss Will Turn and Rend His Persecutors.

Sawyer Has Been Driven into an Impudent Resignation.

Passage in the House of a Mississippi River Improvement Bill.

Further Debate in the Senate on the Survey of Water-Routes.

Characteristic Action of Butler's Reform Committee.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
A COMPROMISE AGREED UPON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4 .- The Confe Committee on the Currency bill agreed to-day to a report recommending the passage of a measure which is substantially the House bill, with minor changes, and a provison that the retirement of the greenbacks on the issue of National Bank currency shall be at the rate of 3714 per cent. It was thought up to to-day that there was no chance for an agreement of any sort, and it was only from a strong desire

DIFFERENCES WERE HARMONIZED
finally. This spirit of compromise is becoming
general, and there are fair grounds for the prediction that the measure will be adopted by both
Houses. Whether it will be approved by the
President is a matter of much speniation. Senator Logan, with Mr. Farwell, visited the White
House this morning, and held a long and
ANIMATED DISCUSSION WITH THE PRESIDENT
on the subject of the House substitute for the
last bill that passed the Senate. The President
had a copy of the bill, which he read aloud, sentence by sentence, commenting as he proceeded.
Once in a while Logan would join is use with
him, while Farwell held his peace for the most
part. While the upshot of it all did not transpire, it is judged from the tone and aspect of the
parties at the termination of the interview that
no agreement had been reached.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE KIND OF MAN SECRETARY BRISTOW IS. afternoon Supervising Architect Mullett sent to Secretary Bristow for his signature to an order. The messenger who brought the order was sent back to Mullet with a polite request that that great man should step up to the Secretary's office. The Chief Architect complied, and was thereupon put through a thorough cross-examination, the Secretary manifesting a deep interest in the subject of architecture and everything connected with Mr. Mullett's Department. While he had no reason to doubt that the order which required his signature was

ALI RIGHT AND PROPER,

still Mr. Bristow was curious to know all the details, and Mr. Mullett was required to bring up plans and drawings and explain them. He was engaged an hour and a half in explaining the order, and when he withdrew he was fully impressed with the fact that the new Secretary of the Treasury is bound to know what is going on among his subordinates.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY SAWYER, has been asked to resign, and he will be compelled to vacate in spite of the efforts of Gen. Horace Porter and Rufus Ingalls, who are in town working to have him retained. When Gen. Bristow accepted the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury from the President, it was with the understanding that he should

MAYE TULL SWING.

He does not intend to make many changes among his subordinates, but among those who must leave is Sawyer. The New York Custom-House ring brought strong influence to bear on Grant in Sawyer's favor during his recent visit to that city, and it was thought for a while that he had been shaken a little in his opinign. The influences did not last long, however, and he has again come to the conclusion that the whole Sanborn crowd had better leave.

LATER.

When it was represented to Gen. Bristow toafternoon Supervising Architect Mullett sent to Secretary Bristow for his signature to an order.

When it was represented to Gen. Bristow today that a very strong prossure was being
brought to bear to retain waver as Assistant
Secretary, the General very promptly and decisively remarked: "If Mr. Sawyer does not go, I
will not remain. We cannot serve on the same
ship." The result is that, after a hard struggle,
Sawyer has agreed to resign, and will send in his
formal letter to that effect to-morrow, so that
the last of the Sanborn crowd has finally withdrawn.

the last of the Sandorn crows has many with drawn.

(To the Associated Press.)

RESIGNED.

WARRINGTON, June 4.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Sawyer will tender his resignation to the Pressdent, inasmuch as he wishes to save Secretary Bristow from any embarrassment on his account. This statement is made on the authority of Sawyer himself.

PANYIELD'S SUCCESSOR.

The Hon. Joseph H. Roburson, Assistant Solicitor of the Treasury Department for the past five years, a native of Massachusetts, it is said will receive the appointment of Solicitor of the Treasury in piace of E. C. Banfield, resigned.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CLUSE TO EMINO A SUIT FOR LIBET.

WASKINGTOR, D. C., June 4.—It is stated that,
Adolph Cluse will bring suit for libel against
Gov. Shepherd and Messrs. Blaks, Willard, and
Magruder, alleging damages at a round sum,
because of their shameful publication of him as
a perjurer in their recently-adopted resolutions,
upon the strength of which he was removed by
the President. Members of the District Investigating Committee do not hesitate to say that
Cluse did not perjure lumelif in his testimony
before them, as the Board resolved.

The Investigation Committee have settled
down to earnest work on their report, and expect
to have it ready to submit by Monday.

THE MISSISSIPPI DEFROVEMENT BILL.

A vote will be taken to-morrow on the bill
providing for the improvement of the mouth of
the Mississippi, after an hour and a half shall
have been spent in discussing it.

(To the Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—Gen. Butler explains that he did not submit as the result of the
deliberations of the Judiciary Committee the
topour accommanding that the fire imposed on

CHICAGO, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1874.

Committee, which will meet to-morrow.

INVER INPROVENENTS.

The Senate Committee on Commerce to-day heard Representatives Mitchell, of Wisconstu, and Bass, of New York, in advocacy of the improvement at the mouth of the Detroit River, opposite Malden, by the removal of the boulders and other obstructions. The Committee also heard an argument from Congressman Stanard in favor of the retention of the forty-third or "liability" section of the House Steamboat bill now before this Committee. Mr. Stanard also made an argument advocating favorable action on the House bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Lighthouse Board over the Mississippi, Ohio, and Missouri Rivers, with a view to the establishment of beacon-lights, buoys, etc., in them.

The President to-day signed the commission of Judge Richardson as Associate Justice of the Court of Claims.

Gourt of Claims.

CUYLL-SERVICE REFORM.

Gen. Butler, in the Committee on the CivilService Reform, this marning moved that the
Committee rescind its action of last week in,
recommending to the Committee on Appropriations to appropriate \$25,000 for the next fiscal
Civil-Service Commission for the next fiscal
year. This motion was lost by a tie vote, the
Democrats voting with Butler. Gen. Butler
then submitted the following resolution, which
was adopted:

satisfied. That the Committee do not recommend any her appropriations to carry on the experiment in so-called Civil-Service Reform in the manner in th it has been carried on. Gov. Shepherd to-day sold his stock in the Evening Star Newspaper Company, of this city, the remaining members of the Company buying

> CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.

DISABILITY BILL.

Mr. JOHNSTON called up the House bill to remove the legal and political disabilities of Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, and the Senate bill to remove the political disabilities of Van R. Morgan, of Virginia, both of which were passed.

PACIFIC RAILROAD DUES.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Finance Committee, reported back the House bill providing for the collection of money due the United States from the Pacific Railroad Companies, and asked that it be referred to the Judiciary Committee. So ordered.

ordered.

THE FARRAGUT STATUE.

Mr. MORRILL (Vt.), from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported back a joint resolution amending the joint resolution of April 6, 1872, relating to the statue of the late Admiral Farragut, with an amendment striking out the General of the Army as a member of the Commission to select the artist, and leaving the selection with the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Virginia L. Farragut. Placed on the calendar.

mr. Delinquent officers.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Finance, reported unfavorably on the resolution submitted by Mr. Davis, and the amendment thereto of Mr. Pratt, calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of the balance due from disbursing-officers of the United States, the names of delinquents, and what steps have been taken to recover the amounts due, and asked that the Committee be discharged from further consideration of the subject. It was seen

further consideration of the subject. It was so ordered.

Mr. SCOTT said the Committee reported unfavorably on the resolution on account of having received information from the Secretary of the Tressnry that it would require from three to six months to collect and prepare the information called for, and involve an expense of \$75,000.

Mr. COOPER, from the Committee on Territories, reported favorably on the bill to disapprove the act of the Territorial Legislature of Dakota. May 2, to provide for proceedings for the collection of demands sgainst boats and vessels. Placed on the calendar.

CHEAP TRANSPORTATION.

The morning hour having expired, the CHAIR called up the unfinished business, being the

The morning hour having expired, the CHAIR called up the unfinished business, being the cheap-transportation resolution of Mr. Windom, and the Senate resumed its consideration.

Mr. HAMILTON (Md.) opposed the resolution Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN said this great nation should not heaitate to spend a few hundred thousand dollars upon these internal improvements. He believed a great mistake would be made to try any system of canals. Pennsylvanis had tried canals across the Allegheny Mountains, and had been compelled to abandon't the work. He believed the true remedy was by railroads, to be built by private enterprise, under charter by Congress. Nature had provided the only two water-ways which could be used,—the great lakes in the north and the Guilf of Mexico in the South, the two connected by the Mississippi River. He favored the

could be used,—the great lakes in the north and the Guif of Mexico in the South, the two connected by the Mississippi River. He favored the construction of a canal at the mouth of the Mississippi River and another across Florida, which would bring New Orleans 600 miles nearer New York.

Mr. BAYARD opposed the resolution, on the ground that Congress had not the power to enter States for the construction of railways and canals. He said this measure contained the elements of centralization far in excess of anything heretofore proposed. It was but another blow at that local self-government which is the best nurse and best instructor that a citizen of the Republic can have.

Mr. GORDON said he did not propose to discuss the general question now, but would submit two amendments, which he hoped would remore the objections of the gentleman from Delaware (Bayard) and from Maryland (Hamilton). The first amendment was to insert in the preamble the words "or completion encouraged by the Government," and, second, to insert the words "or by the extension of Government aid to private corporations," so that it would read: "The following are the most feasible and advantageous channels of commerce to be created or improved by the National Government or by the extension of Government was to private corporations," so that it would read: "The following are the most feasible and advantageous channels of commerce to be created or improved by the National Government or by the extension of Government and to private corporations," so that it would read:

Mr. HARVEY urged the passage of the resolution.

Mr. BOGY argued in favor of the resolution,

Mr. HARVEY urged the passage of the resolution.

Mr. BOGY argued in favor of the resolution, and said the question of money was of no consequence when the great benefit to be derived from those improvements was considered. He was a strict constructionist and a States-Rights man, but was in favor of the proposed survey, though he would have been glad if the amendment of the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. Gordon) had been adopted. The question of the power of Congress to make improvements could be discussed after the surveys should be completed. He moved to strike out in the preamble the words which provided that the improvements should be under Government contpol.

After debate, Mr. Bogy's amendment was rejected, yeas, 14; nays, 33.

Mr. TIPTON moved to strike out the entire preamble. Rejected—yeas, 16; nays, 25.

Mr. SCOTT said it seemed to be taken for granted that it was the West alone suffering for want of cheap transportation, which was a mistake. The people of Western Pennsylvania have for years been clamoring for cheap transportation.

Pending discussion of the resolution, Mr.

nave for years been clamoring for cheep transportation.

Pending discussion of the resolution, Mr. EDMUNDS moved that the Senate adjourn.

FREEDMEN'S TRUST COMPANY.

The CHAIR laid before the Senate a resolution of the House disagreeing to the amendments of the Senate to the bill to amend the charter of the Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company. Company.

Mr. SHERMAN moved that the Senate insist upon its ameudments, and grant a conference. Agreed to, and the CHAIR appointed Messrs. Sherman, Scott, and Bayard members of the conference on the part of the Senate.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Mr. SAWYER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill for the further security of navigation on the Mississippi River. Passed. Also to authorize the building of a bridge across the Mississippi at LaCrosse, Wis. Passed.

Mr. HOOFER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill for the establishment of life-saving stations and houses of refuge on the sea and take coasts, and to promote the efficiency of the life-saving service. Passed.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER INFROVEMENT.

Mr. STANARD, from the same Committee, reported a bill for the deepening of the channel at the mouth of the Mississippi River by dredging or otherwise. Passed without discussion.

The bill proposes to have the work done by contract, the proposals to specify the rates for securing. 20 feet depth, and not less than 200 feet width through the channel of one of the passes out of the Mississippi River into the Gulf of Mexico at ordinary flood tide; also the prices per mouth of maintaining that depth for five passes; also the rates for every additional foot

in depth up to and including 37 feet. The Secretary of War is to contract with the lowest responsible bidder, the amount not to exceed \$150,000 for 20 feet, or more than \$15,000 per month for maintaining that depth, or more than \$3,000 per month for each additional foot.

Mr. PARKER (Mo.) offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for a report as to the title of the present occupants of the Hot Springs reservation in Arkansas, whether the real title is not in the Government of the United States, and what legislation is necessary to enable the Government to take possession of it. Adopted.

ment to the bill in regard to savings-banks was concurred in.

MISTREY-ACADEMY APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. MARSHALL, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Senate amendments to the Military-Academy Appropriation bill. They were concurred in.

INTENTIOUS DISEASES.

Mr. BROMBERG reported a bill to prevent the introduction of infectious diseases.

Mr. COX offered an amendment that the act should not be construed to apply to health regulations and quarantines maintained by States or municipalities, and that such systems and their sppendages shall remain under control of the respective local authorities.

Mr. BROMBERG accepted Mr. Cox's amendment, which was adopted, and the bill passed.

Mr. LAMPORT introduced a bill to increase the tax on fermented liquors to \$2 a barrel.

Referred.

THE OREENS STATUE.

The Senate joint resolution to designate in the Capitol grounds a site for the equestrian statue of Gen. Nathaniel Greene, of the Revolutionary army, passed.

Mr. WOODFORD presented a petition from New York book and newspaper publishers for a uniform rate of postage of 1 cent a pound on newspapers, and 2 cents per pound on all other periodicals.

periodicals.

\*\*XISSISSIPPI RIVER IMPROVEMENT.\*\*

The House then resumed consideration of the bill which was up yesterday for the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi River, authorizing the work to be done by James B. Eads.

Mr. SYPHER addressed the House against the bill, as reported, and in favor of the shipcanal project.

The debate was continued by Messrs. HAW-LEY (III.) and SHELDON (La.) against the bill, and by Messrs. LEWIS and STANARD in sup-port of it.

After further debate, the bill went over until

## CAPITAL AND LABOR.

self Against the Strikers. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. Brooklyn, and Long Island City have long been on a strike. They have put forth every effort to aces with non-society men, and, failing in this,

The Brakemen's Strike.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune,
BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 4.—No change can
be reported in the brakemen's strike, and all is
perfectly orderly and quiet. Many new men
have arrived, and the Company is not now emharrassed by want of brakemen. It is thought
that the strikers are weakening and will soon
disperse. A large force of extra police and
Deputy-Sheriffs are on duty guarding the depots, etc. This evening a squad of fourteen
Chicago policemen arrived on the Denver express, and are on duty. The only possible danger is out on the road, but so far no malicious
or revengeful spirit has been evinced. A number of detectives are at work, and, if necessary,
can thwarf any attempt to injure the property of
the Company.

Striking Miners Driven from Their Homes.

London, June 4.—The owners of the Durham colleries are evicting large numbers of their tenants who were of the striking miners. Two hundred and twenty-eight of these evicted families are camping in the fields.

COMMERCIAL EQUITY.

COMMERCIAL EQUITY.

The New York Chamber of Commerce Considers the Questions of Cheap Transportation, Reciprocity, and Revenue Reform.

New York, June 4.—The Chamber of Commerce this evening adopted resolutions declaring that the Chamber was strongly in favor of sliberal and just reciprocity treaty between Canada and the United States. A committee of five was also appointed on Canal and Railroad Legislation, to consider the subject of cheapening fransportation by those routes and cooperate with similar committees from other commercial bodies on the subject.

A resolution was referred to a special comittee requesting the Senate and House of Representatives to direct the holding of sessions during the coming recess of the Finance and Ways and Means Committee for a revision of the Revenue laws, in order that while the amount of revenue now collected should not be diminished by a change from ad valorem to specific duties whenever practicable, and by such action avoid complication in the classification of merchandise as might be desirable, and instructing the Committee of the Chamber on Foreign Commerce and Revenue Laws to consult with the Boards of Trade of other cities as to the best manner of arriving at such change in the Revenue laws, and for devising a complete revised tariff for submission to the above-named Committees should Congress order the session.

ANTE-MORTEM LIBERALITY.

Saw Francisco, June 4.—The sot of James Lick in deeding the whole of his property to the public excites much comment. He donates \$700,000 to the construction of the largest and best telescope in the world for the Observatory at Lake Tahoe; \$420,000 for public monuments; \$150,000 for public baths in this city; \$100,000 to the Society for the Protection of Animals; \$25,000 to the Ladies Protection and Relief Society; \$10,000 to the Mechanics Library and Protestant Orphan Asylum; \$25,000 to the City of San Jose for an orphan asylum; \$25,150 for the erection of a bronze monument to the author of the "Star Spangled Banner" in Golden Gate Park; \$300,000 for the endowment of the School of Mechanical Arts of California, and the residue in excess of \$1,780,000 to the Pioneers Society. He makes ample provision for relatives, and reserves his homestead and \$25,000 per animas for himself while living.

ANTE-MORTEM LIBERALITY.

RAILROAD NEWS.

in Wisconsin.

Atty.-Gen. Sloan Wins a Preliminary Victory.

Election of Officers for the Northwestern and Its Branches.

The Old Management Retained Without Opposition.

THE WISCONSIN LAW.

social Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

of the Commissioners vs. the North

THE WISCONSIN LAW.

Special Dispotent to The Chicago Tribuna.

THE CASE OF THE CONSINSHONERS VS. THE NORTHNESTERN.

Madde of the Consideration of the Chicago &
Northwestern Bailroad, against the enforcement of the law regulating railroads, will, by consent of counsel, be postponed to some day, probably about a fortnight hence, to be fixed by Judge Drummond to-morrow. Soon after the United States Circuit Court met this forencon, Judge Lawrence, in behalf of the creditors of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company, stated he had filed a bill applying for an injunction against any proceedings by the Attorney-General and Railroad Commissioners to enforce the Wisconsin law regulating railroads, the Northwestern Company being made party defendant to facilitate the settlement of the questions involved, and presented some affidavits to support the bill. He did not know whether the Attorney-General was in Court or not, or what disposition he wished made of this bill. Atty.-Gen Sloan's tall form soon loomed upon the full road counsel's vision; he pleaded that the bill and accompanying voluminous documents had only been served on him Monday evening, and, owing to other pressing official duties, he had been unable to give them as much consideration as he desired, and suggested, in view of the gravity and importance of the issue involved, some dolay before argument. The railway counsel was ready to accede to the request, but both Judge Lawrence and Solicitor Cook argued that if delay was granted

A TEMPORARY INJUNCTION

would issue till the application for a permanent one was heard, and Judge Drummond stated that such was the rule of his court, without regard to whether plaintiff was entitled to permanent injunction on the merits of the controversy. Atty-Gen. Sloan suggested that this might be the rule in ordinary cases, yet where so great interests were at stake, and a short delay to prepare for argument was desired by both parties, he thought no temporary injunction should be granted, as acked, at the ordinary rules

on a strike. They have put forth every effort to prevent their old employers from filling their places with non-society men, and, failing in this, in they have taxed their ingenuity to amony the sensible fellows who prefer honest work to lounging around in idleness, while their families are shungered. They have gathered in knots of violence, and, in several cases, riots have a sensed so imminent that the polices have had to disperse them, mit until to-day no very serious result; had supplemented this bullying which had, in morning. Feter Smith, of No. 64 Duffield street, and proposed the series in this city, was sent with of the bark, and the sense them to the volleage of the series in this city, was sent with of the bark, and the sense timed of the bark and ran to the Van Bernt avenue can, to escape the under the sense timed of the car. His assailants. Four of them, named John Cunningism, drews my iron belaying the sense of the car. His assailant followed and tried to strike him again, when he drew a revolver and the sense of the car. His assailant followed and tried to strike him again, when he drew a revolver and the sense of the car. His assailant followed and tried to strike him again, when he drew a revolver and the solid the police. He has a quite passes himself up to the police. He has a conveyed to Long listed College Hospital, where his would be the control of the car. His assailant followed and tried to strike him again, when he drew a revolver and the solid the police. He has a quite passes himself up to the police. He has a conveyed to Long listed College Hospital, where his would the sense of the first, for there is little doubt the solid the police. He has a quite passes himself up to the police himself. He was conveyed to the car of the control to the control of the car of the police has a second to the control of the control of the

posed to enforce the ordinary from the PROCEED WITH THE ARGUMENT, and would be ready to do so to-morrow morning. It was suggested that another case which would occupy a couple of days would be then in progress, and Monday was epoken of, but Judge Drummond said he could not be here than.

in progress, and Monday was spoken of, but Judge Drummond said he could not be here then.

Judge Lawrence was ready to

ACCEPT JUDGE DRUMMOND'S SUGGESTION
as to the trial of the case, was not disposed to proceed to argument now, and, to remove the objections of the Attorney-General to an injunction, or record of a standard nearly the Railroad Commissioners of it refrain from doing anything to suforce the accumulation of the Attorney-General man and or enter into any stipulations, or many understanding which would amount to injunction, preferred to proceed at once with the argument of the case on its merits.

Judge Lawrence took the position that defendants would be

LIABLE FOR CONTENT OF COURT

if they took any such action, as it was sought to prevent by the injunction, if granted, while it was pending. Finally, at the suggestion of Judge Drummond, who intimated that he was not anxious to hear and decide this question, of which he said he knew nothing except in a general way from newspapers, having refrained from reading any of the opinions on it, the matter was laid over till to-morrow for counsel to effect some agreement.

In consultation, this afternoon, the attorneys made an arrangement for postponement as above, with no conditions.

FETTERING THE AUTION OF THE STATE AUTROM-TIES.

It appeared that the railroad attorneys were

It appeared that the railroad attorneys were not ready for the trial of the matter on its merits, more than the Attorney-General, and are only now seeking a temporary injunction, and the general opinion is they were skillfully checkmated in the first move. The prospects brighten for an arrangement that will facilitate early action in the matter by the highest authorities.

NORTHWESTERN'S ANNUAL ELECTION.

The annual meeting of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company was held yesterday, in the general offices of the Company in this city. The entire absence of any rumons of a change in the management deprived the election of any unusual interest. Apparently the most nervous men were a few residents along the line of the old Galena Road, who hold two or three shares each, and were extremely anxious to vote so as to affect the result. Considering that there is a total vote of over 20,000,000, it is a singular fact that nearly 20,000 shares were voted.

The Chicago & Northwestern Bailway comprises and controls numerous minor organizations. The elections for these are first in order. The inspectors chosen for the several elections were: Messrs. H. H. Porter, J. B. Bedfield, and J. W. Midgley. The result was as follows:

CHICAGO A MILWAUKER BAILBOAD.

Directors—albert Keep, John F. Treet, David Dows, A. R. Baylis, A. G. Dulman, M. L. Sykes, Jr., H. H. Forter, W.E. H. Ferry and J. B. Bedfield.

Chicago Albert Leep, Freedom; K. L. Sykes, The-NORTHWESTERN'S ANNUAL ELEC-

ident, Treasurer and Secretary; J. B. Redfield, stant Secretary. Securities Committee—Albert Keep, M. L. Sykes, Jr.,

and H. H. Porter.

Directors—Albert Keep, John P. Tracy, David Dows,
A. B. Baylis, A. G. Dulman, M. L. Sykes, Jr., H. H.
Porter, Wm. L. Soots, and Wm. H. Perry,
Officers—President, Albert Keep; Vice-President and
Treasurer, M. L. Sykes, Jr., Secretary, Samuel O.
Hows; Assi, Secretary, J. B. Redfield.
Executive Committee—Albert Keep, M. L. Bykes, Jr.,
and H. H. Porter,
LACROSEE, TREMPFALKAU & PRESOOTE BAILBOOD.
Directors—Albert Keep, John F. Tracy, David
Dows, A. G. Dulman, C. B. Marvin, M. L. Bykes, Jr.,
H. H. Porter, William H. Ferry, and M. M. KirkLage.

—Albert Keep, M. L. Sykes, Jr.

Executive Committee—Albert Keep, M. L. Sykes, Jr., and H. H. Forter.

\*\*PATE LINE & UNION RAHLROAD.

\*\*Directors—Albert Keep, John F. Tracy, M. L. Sykes, Jr., H. H. Forter, William H. Ferry, M. Hughitt, M. M. Kirkman, J. R. Redfield, and E. D. Bichardson.

\*\*Officers—President, Albert Keep; Vice-President, M. L. Sykes, Jr.; Treasurer and Secretary, J. B. Redfield.

field.

Excentive Committee—Albert Keep, M. L. Sykes, Jr., and H. H. Forter.

ELGIN a STATE LINE BAILBOAD.

Directors—Albert Keep, John F. Tracy, David Dows, A. G. Duiman, M. L. Sykes, Jr., H. H. Forter, William H. Ferry, M. Hughitt, and J. B. Bedfield.

Officers—President, Albert Keep; Vice-President, M. L. Sykes, Jr., Treasurer and Secretary, J. B. Bedfield.

Executive Committee—Albert Keep, M. L. Sykes, Jr., H. Porter.

The minor elections being concluded, the footh of their speeches received a perfect of from the Left. MM. Bathi and Dullaure tockholders of

THE CHICAGO & NOTHWESTERN
were called upon to elect six Directors to serve
for three years. A total of 216,527 votes (representing \$21,652,700) were cast for John F. Tracy
and B. F. Allen, of Chicago, and David Dows, F.
H. Tows. and A. B. Baylis, of New York.
The following resolution was then adopted by
the unanimous vote of the stockholders:

obtain correct returns for some weeks to come. The annual report will, therefore, not appear until some time in Angust. It is believed the gross earnings are about a million and a half in excess of the previous year's results. No new work is projected. The Directors say they are utterly opposed to epocuraging any new enterprises until the legislation and attitude of the several-Western States shall have entirely passed

PENNSYLVANIA RAILEOAD.

Special Dimestra to The Chesa Tribusan.

PRILE PROSPECTS OF THE ROAD.

ROAD.

PRILE PROSPECTS OF THE ROAD.

A COMMITTEE OF THE ROAD.

THE PROSPECTS OF THE ROAD.

THE PROSPECTS OF THE ROAD.

THE ROAD.

PRILE PROSPECTS OF THE ROAD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RECKUK 1 DES MOINES BAHROAD ELECTION.

KEOKUK 1a., June 4.—At the annual meeting of the Keokuk & Des Moines Exiltros Company, held in this city to-day, the following Directors were elected for the ensuing year: Henry A. Burling, J. Augustus Johnson, Robert C. Geer, W. C. Nicoll, G. W. Duer, Iraes Corse, and C. Sequine Johnson, of New York; Edward D. Mandell, New Bedford; and O. C. Hale, of Keokuk.

CORTONE OF PASSENDERS.

The General Superintendent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Enlirods has issued the following General Order, which will undoubtedly be appreciated by the traveling public:

It is of much importance to the comfort of strangers upon the road that they shall be notified of the opportunities for refreshment, in order to svall themselves of them promptly.

Conductors on passenger-trains will please give notice, in all the coaches, of the approach to stations at which the train stops for mesis; informing passengers that they can get breakfast, lunch, dinner, or supper, as the case may be, and of the length of time had the train will stop. They will also require the brakenen to repeat the announcement in the coaches, just before the train stops.

Before leaving any station at which the train stops for mesis, the Conductor will go to the dining-room and lunch-to-om, and give notice of the departure of his train, so as to be sure that no passengers are latterned for want of notice.

SOUTHWESTERN FIRSIOHT ARRANGEMENT.

GALVESTON TEXT, June 4.—A delegation from

Central Road will make. He has already made a through rate from Kansas City to Galvaston, lower than to St. Louis.

A RAILBOAD CELEBRATION.

NEW ORLEANS, June 4.—The Jackson (Miss.)
Branch of the Mississippi Central Railroad, from Durant to Kosciusko, was opened for traffic yesterday. The event was celebrated at Durant.

Washington, D. C., June 4.—For the Upper-Lake region and the Northwest, generally clear and cool weather in the northern portions of these districts, and cloudy and warm weather and rain in the Lower-Missouri Valley and thence northeastward to Lake Huron, accompanied by light, variable winds and falling, followed by rains, barometer.

6:53 a. m. 29.85 63 78 N. E. light... Clear, 11:13 a. m. 29.80 60 75 8. E., fresh. Clear, 1:10 p. m. 29.71 85 50 8. W. brisk, Fair, 2:33 p. m. 29.73 77 61 N. W., brisk, Threating, 2:00 p. m. 29.70 69 79 8., fresh... Light rain, 10:18 p. m. 29.81 67 90 8. W., fresh... Threating, GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.  NUMBER 286.

of all oFOREIGN.

Still Another Fruitful Day in the French Assembly.

The Electoral Law Bill Passed to a Third Reading.

A New Programme Drawn Up by the Right Centre.

John Bright's Opinion of Temperance Legislation.

The Right Centre has issued a programme drawn up by the Dukes de Broglie and D'Andii

CURA.

New York, June 4.—The following is an extract from a private letter from Havana, received by a prominent Cuban, and bearing date on the 28th of May: "Bayme has been in possession of the Cuban forces since the 30th inst. In the neighborhood of Clearfragos a fight took place, when Col. Santalas, in charge of the Spanish forces, was killed, and his column cut to pieces. The Curan forces are at the gates of Manzamillo, and will probably soon attack that place. The Spaniards in Havana are much depressed, but their anger is directed against Concha, and they say that he is making money out of the island's misfortunes, but add that he shall not leave the place alive."

money out of the island's misfortanes, but add that he shall not leave the place alive."

SPAIN.

Madrin, June 4.—Gen. Salamanca, commanding the Republicans at San Vincents, reports that 3,000 Carlists attacked him yesterday and were repulsed with a loss of seventy killed and wounded. His own losses were thatty killed and wounded. His own losses were thatty killed and wounded. Senor Rascon is to be appointed Minister to one of the South American Republics, and not to Washington, as stated yesterday.

London, June 4.—Advices from Spain state that Lequeitic, a maritime town in the Province of Biscay, and on the Bay of Biscay, has been been been been navy. The cause of this act was the admission into the port of a foreign ship containing a cargo of contraband of war.

Bayoxan, June 4.—The Carlist attacks upon San Sebastian, Irun, Hernani, and Lequertic, were merely feints to cover the withdrawal of their forces to the defense of Estella.

ITALY.

Ronz, June 4.—The Pope is again ill. The fever from which he was lately suffering returned last night, and was very heavy. Physicians in attendance are alarmed at the Pope's condition.

Ronz, June 4.—The Pope is somewhat better. He refuses to quit the Vatican, although a change of air is recommended by his physicians.

MEXICO.

Matamonas, June 4.—A treaty has been made between Mexico and Italy for the extradition of criminals.

The Mayor of Matamoras has ordered the Chief of Police of Banches to prevent the passage of cattle over the Rio Grande either way. This order, if enforced, will probably break up the cattle-stealing on both sides of the river.

Galvzstox, June 4.—The News special from Brownsville says: "It is stated that the Mexican Ministry have ordered all ports of entry on the Rio Grande, except Matamoras, closed; but the Collectors of Customs have postponed action, and have written for further instructions."

At San Antonio it was reported the Jesus Garsias band crossed, with 300 head of stolen cattle at Ranches and at Russias, on the 20th util.

Geo. McKenzie returned from his expedition without accomplishing anything.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

New York, June 4.—The proceedings are Demiss Barnes, proprietor of the Brook Argus, by Judge McCue, were discontinued; morning. Judge McCue sued for \$50,000 de ages for alleged libelous statements public in the Argus. This morning Judge McCue counts read in open court is complete referacibly Barnes of the charges made. Barnes a promised to pay the tests of court, including the fees of McCue's counsel, and the case a discontinued.

third cash, balance in 1, 2, 3 set. For further particulars O. THAYER & CO., Brokers and Auctioness, 186 East Maison-st.

ARRISON. riday, June 4 and 5,

located on the Line of the road, in the Town of Lake, is. m., at Roal Rotate Exe Room), il9 LaSalle-et., we
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Y SALE OF 350 HIGH-

ast Madison-st. of Fine Works by Foreign Artists, will

Paintings Should This Sale. REMPTORY Sale.

see and bost assorted stock town. Parlor, Library, Cham of svery description; 20 Representations of the Comment of the Comment

ction.

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### THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Shall It Sell at Auction the Remainder of Its Donated Lands?

Reply of the Respondents to the Peition of the Attorney-General for a Mandamus.

Is Claimed that the Lands Are Pledged for the Payment of Bonds.

To Force the Sale of the Lands Would pair the Obligation of a Contract.

And Result in Disposing of the Property at Ruinously Low

Which Has Been Done in the Way of Selling the Land.

Experience with Auctions

the 19th of January, when the Su

unsold portions of said lands are sti

of said mortgage, said Company, in June, A. D. 1871, did offer and sell at auction, all the unsold lands be-cans and Mendois along the main line of said

THE SPENCE CASE. What Length of Time Bars Creditor

nime Against an Estate. An important question came up yesterday be-fore Judge Wallace, in the Spence estate, where there is a large fund in the hands of the admin-istrator, which is claimed by both creditors and

James Spence died in 1838, leaving three sis-ters, his heirs, and many creditors, but small assets. William M. Lerrabee was duly appointed administrator, collected what money he could, sold the property, paid a small dividend, and the estate was considered closed in 1841. The claims of the resistors, amounting to some \$15,000 or \$20,000, were presented to the Probate Court and allowed during the years 1839 and 1841. ster, discovered a claim against W. B. Ogder d consulted counsel in regard to prosecuting Being advised that the claim was valid, bu

PROF. SWING.

The First Steps for the Erection of His Tabernacle.

If Will Be on the Corner of Dearborn and Ontario Streets.

Is to Cost in All \$100,000 and Scat 3,000 People.

The Meeting of Church-Members.

A TRIBUNE reporter called yesterday even pon Prof. Swing, with regard to the propo-tection of the new tabernacle for him to pre Mr. Swing stated that, though he had stended the meeting, he was fully in acc with the spirit which pervaded it, and that would be glad to see the plan of eracting a las

ction of a building which might be ample to mmodate this waiting multitude, has led the lety of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of size of the route power to procure a house of rable commensurate in size with the public nands.

they have determined that such new church property should be held and owned by an independent legal organization.

They have determined that such property should be owned and controlled by the who contribute the

that the four men on whom the Times endeavors to fasten the responsibility for this alsuder are not responsible in fact, they should certainly join in the effort now making to bring that uncurpulous sheet to summary justice.

The gentleman who writes from Rockford remarks that the motive which prompted this infamous assault is not very apparent. Some attribute it, he says, to political rivalry; but he campot believe that any man can be so miserably stupid as not to know that such a charge, unsupported by any evidence, would be sure to elect its victime to any office which they might desire. In his opinion, the story is simply one of those disfies of scandal which the Times loves to serve up in order to produce sensation, irrespective of its effects upon individuals or communities. He says that, so far as a can assertain, it is without any circumstance or event whatever as a foundation for it, but "is purely, entirely, absolutely (and, if you can find any stronger word, use it), an invention."

PROF. PATTON AT IT AGAIN. -

Sis: Brother Patton is a plucky man. That is certain. And pluck is a considerable virtue. This is so wherever found, all the way from the Council only made a mistake; they did not claim that they were infallible; they only made a mis-take is not lighting upon the right man. Prof. Patton is the one. The Chicago Presbytery was "in error." He says so; said it in a three-colum editorial the other day; has said it again.
It is so. The Syned of Northern Illinois will be in the same ghastly predicament if, next October, it does not roundly tell Presbytery that the Chicago ministers made an suddictous mistake People never get used to earthquakes; the dread of them rather grows. The bother is, you never can tell when the next one is going to

happen; nor just how this one is going to turn out, until it is all over. With such a power as Prof. Patton around, Presbyterian folk are easily excusable if they do step about a lit-tle timidly. However, the great "appeal" was not wholly unexpected. We suspect the hearts after all, exactly like an earthquake. What a great mercy. He had told Brother Swill least had told it to the world—that he was than a heretic—a thoroughly dishonest moot, whose declaration was of no account had all along displayed about as much fidence in the Presbytery. So that determination instance of fidelally amounts of the presbytery of the state of the presbytery.

Decay of Hundred Mills Out of Blast.

tion Protect?

Priresuson, Pa, May 28, 1874. sylvania, and its accessory interests ex-proclaimed vengeance to the thinker, or speaker, who should so much as quee

common pitfall lie laborers and capitalists pittance; the market-rates of bar and sheet ron are described as ruinous to the latter. Rail-

NAKED TO THE SKY, and idle as the sulogies made upon happiness. Our political morals is by the lavish bribery of Congress

LOCAL MISC

THE CITY H.

The City Treasurer yeater
hairs to city employee, and
indebtedness.

The City Collector yeater
hairs to city employee, and
indebtedness.

The City Collector yeater
hairs or licensee, associated
hairs or

N RAIDS.

in the hope that the new would be upon their lity stoped. Fortunately covered ere any damage re accomplished and the formed upon reliable autred, and, foating his men who had revy, ordered them shot, ranchesos and officers of aptured six of the party, to that were either shot three yet at large. Acmany were sugged in ying eleven and others

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o the London Mendard, to inform my country-his Encellency Count distinct assurance, on two can all return to the slightest uncasiness.

LOCAL MISCELLANY

THE WIND-STORM.

A wind-storm of about twenty minutes' duration yesterday afternoon made walking in the
street extremely unprisessant, since the dust was
blown into one's eyes faster than a handkerchief
would remove it. It was followed, however, by a
slight fall of rsin, which cooled the atmosphere
and compensated for the preceding vexation. The wind was very strong, and
several of the gusts rushed along with
almost cyclonic velocity. As far as known, it did
as material damage except in one instance. This swerth of the gusts rushes along with simost cyclonic velocity. As far as known, it did no material damage except in one instance. This was the partial demolition of the walls of the building on the southeast corner of Madison and Market streets, formerly occupied by M. D. Wells & Co., the interior of which was burned out wild meluding the fourth and fifth story windows, the bricks and stone trimmings being scattered in all directions, covering with debris the streets which the structure faced. The wooden sidewalk was carried into the area, and the contiguous telegraph, wires were broken. Fortunately no person was hurt. A number of insurance agents and workmen were in and around the building just previous to the advent of the storm, but the gale being anticipated by the appearance of the coluda, Assistant Fire-Marshal Sweenie, who had been sent for, ordered every one to keep at a safe distance. This admonition had hardly been given before the collapse occurred. The insurance companies expected to count the walls as salvage, they being supposed to be, and indeed were, stout and uninjured by the fire, and could doubtless have been used again after some little repairing. Their destruction, hence, involves a loss to the companies of perhaps \$8,000.

they being appropriate by the fire, and could doubtless have been used again after some little repairing. Their destruction, hence, involves a loss to the companies of perhaps \$8,000.

The breaking of the telegraph wires interfered with communication east and west and south for some time, and would also have prevented an alarm of fire being given from the West Side. Repairers were on the ground ten minutes after the walls fell, and at once went to work to put the lines in order.

There were one or two narrow escapes. One sentement, who was walking toward Market street, was on the sidewalk next to the building when the walls came down. His hat was knocked off, and he was badly frightened. For some reason or other, no street-cars happened to be passing at the moment, and the absence of bugges and other vehicles in the street, happily syeried a serious catastrophe.

Three men met with a narrow escape while walking on the sidewalk on Monroe street, immediately below the old Post-Office building. The first gust of wind blew some debris upon them from the roof of the building, which caused them to start into the street. Scarcely had they steeped from the walk when a sheet of iroh, weighing some fifty pounds, was blown from the roof, and fell upon the spot they had barely had time to vacate. It was just big enough to have revered all three men, and, but for the warning which the failing mortar gave them, it would without doubt have killed every one of them. The hat of one of the men fell off as he jumped into the street, and was badly crushed by the mass of sheet iron.

WEST INDIANA STREET. An adjourned meeting of property-owners on West Indiana street, who are interested in the improvement of that thoroughfare from Noble to Hoyne street, was held last evening at Tammany Hall, corner of Lincoln and West Indiana streets, and was quite largely attended. Justice Soully presided, and Mr. Dixon acted as Secre-

erning the curbing and paving of the street sed that the Commissioners could do the reported that the Commissioners could do the work cheaper than it could be done by private contract, but that it would take a great deal more time, and besides one-half of the assessment would have to be paid before the work was commenced, whereas the private contractor would not ask for his money until the improvement was finished. The Committee recomended that the contract be given to Mr. De folyer, in accordance with the papers which had been signed by a majority of the property-

people wanted the street improved a reasonable time, they had better Mr. DeGolyer go on with work and Ald. Quirk was substantially of same opinion. Those present who owned perty went into a back room and voted al-

THE CAMP-MEETING.

The General Camp-Meeting Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Chicago District, met yesterday on the Camp-Ground at Desplaines, for the purpose of organizing for the coming season, fixing the date of the summer camp-meeting, and for either business. The Committee is composed of one minister and one layman from each church in the Chicago District. Eighteen were present yesterday, making simply an average delegation. Presiding Elder A. C. Jukims acted as Chairman of the Committee, and ex-Aid. Dagsy as Secretary. Four vacancies in the Board of Trustees of the Camp-Ground association occurring, the Committee proceeded to his them by re-electing J. E. Kennicott, William Wheeler, and Charles Busty; and, in place of I. F. Clougn, resigned, Solomon Thatcher was deted. Several of the city clergy were present at the meeting. A resolution was adopted fixing the time for commencing camp-meeting at allouds, ang. 47, and closing it Saturday, Aug. 23, thus avoiding the versed questions connected with Sunday camp-meetings, by having no meeting on Smoday.

A long debate took place in regard to a reso-

win Sunday camp-meetings, by having no meeting on Sunday.

A long debate took place in regard to a resonation looking to the selling of the present grounds, and the selecting of a more eligible site mysters between Evanston and Racine, on the site thore. The resolution failed by two votes roly. Most of the city members voted for the resolution, while the country delegates greenally opposed is. It is a pretty general symmen, however, that the time is not far distant when the present site will be abandoned. The premises were found to be in first-rate constitue. A resolution was adopted thanking the failt papers for favors shown the Camp-Ground association furting the past yest. The city members of the Committee returned on the 5:10 rule.

THE CITY HALL.
The City Treasurer yesterday paid. \$75,000 in malaries to city employee, and \$25,000 of the city's indishedness.

The City Collector yesterday received unpaid the amount of \$21,000, and fees, from the street of licensee, amounting to \$210.

The Committee on Railroads will meet at 2 weight to morrow afternoon, and the Committee Markets will meet at 3 evelock, Monday af-

Eaper Colvin was in his office but a short a percently morning, feeling too unwell to and the City-Hall pressure during the whole

The Water Collector yesterday received a till to from the collection of rents. After the little of the month there will be a penelty about a point who are in arrears for their nice taxes.

Several of the residents of Wabach avenue in sent the horse-railroad were about the law Hall, arging upon all the Aldermen they wait button-hole the propriety of pushing around the ordinance.

The Reard of Public Works held a long and weakly discussion yesterday on the question that they were liable for damages, if such would be obtained against the city from the middle obtained against the city from the country of the middle of the

Cay-Atterney Jameson was too fil yesterday to be at the City Hall. As his assistant, Mr. subset the City Hall. As his assistant, Mr. subset the City Hall. As his assistant, Mr. subset, ma resugged, and Judge Norton was be also but a woor time, the Law Dupartial has a very deserted appearance.

Issue time ago Ald. Schaffner introduced a sessition into the Commun Council to give the discussion into the Commun Council to give the internation of the Commun Council to give the internation of the Council to give the internation was not adopted, incommon as it would ablish a had proceedent. A few days the council to give the

Building permits were issued yestermy to H. F. Schiedemen to construct a three-story brick and stone block on Lots 847 and 749 West Lake street; to J. C. Olden to build a two-story brick house on North Dearborn street, near Schiller; to Jacob Kleinman to creet a two-story brick house at 45c North Welle street, and to E. Hempstead to build at 362 North Dearborn street a two-story brick dwelling.

stead to build at 368 North Dearborn street a two-story brick dwelling.

Ald. Stout made a move yesterday afternoon that was worthy of one of the India-rubber Vokes. He heard that the Finance Committee were about to strike out at one fell blow, an appropriation of \$37,500 for a school-house in Niekersonville. Then he made the fastest time on record, for if there is anything that lies near the heart of the Alderman of the Sixteenth Ward is in the creekton of this school-house, and the idee that it was to be only an air-castle was something the Alderman could not stand, so he made his way to the Comptroller's office at a rate of speed to be envied by Weston, and begged, with all the energy and eloquence, that they would spare that school-house. His prayer was answered, and Nickersonville lads and lasses will con their books in a \$5,000 institution of learning.

The Council Committee on Finance held a meeting, as usual, yesterday afternoon, in the City Comptroller's office. They have at last finished with the appropriations for the Board of Public Works, and spent most of yesterday upon the estimates of the Board of Education. Although President King, without his affability, would no longer be President King, still the cutting and slashing indulged in by the Committee upon some of his pet projects must have been extremely distasteful to that gentleman. When the appropriations for the Board of Education left the hands of the Finance Committee hast evening they were \$200,000 less than they were when presented to the Committee's inspection in the morning. The greatest item erased was that for improvements of the old Post-Office Entitling, for which the modest sum of \$100,000 was asked. This was entirely stricken out. At the present rate the Committee are working, it will be a long time before they are done, and the Council will have a correspondingly short time to deliberate on the master.

The Committee on Public Buildings and

The Committee on Funite Buildings and Grounds met at the City Hall yesterday afternoon. There were present, Ald. Bailey, Coey, Schmitz, Heath, and Brandt.

A petition of stone-cutters asking for employment on the parmacent building was recommended to be placed on file.

The question of fitting up the old Post-Office for the use of the courts was discussed briefly, but the matter was postponed to allow the Committee time to confer with the Board of Education.

mittee time to confer with the Board of Education.

The resolution of Ald. Balley and Bichardson authorizing the advertisement for sale
of the dry's half of the debris of the old
Court-House was discussed. Ald. Balley said
that if the debris was not soon sold it would all
be stolen. He had caught men recently helping
themselves to the iron. On motion, it was decided to return the resolution to the Council
with a recommendation.

The recolution of Ald. Bichardson setting for
the selection of two architects for the new
Court-House, was, on motion, held over until the
Committee had time to confer with the County
Committee on Public Baildings.

On motion, the petition for the employment
of the Honore Block for city purposes was placed
on file.

On motion, the petition for the employment of the Honore Block for city purposes was placed on file.

The Chairman read the petition of John C. Schweizer, which he pronounced to be a valuable addition to the literature of the day. As a specimen of possuasive eloquence, it has not its equal in petitions to any Common Council. The following exordium was read by the Chairman of the Committee in very fine style:

To the President and Members of the Board of Common Council of the City of Chesage, Cook County, Ill.:

Generalment Modern and ancient history, as well as daily experience, demonstrate conclusively that great commercial centres are more or less visited by devastating configurations so very destructive to the welfare and prosperity of their inhabitants.

Extraordinary cases require extraordinary pemedies, was Napoleon's logical saying.

At the fire Oct. 9, 1871, the wind, increasing to a hurricane, carried burning embers and other inflammable materials a distance, alighting on roofs, setting them on fre.

That configuration destroyed in one day 1800,000,000 of the city's property and weath,—it made thousands of her citizens houseless, homeless, penniless, hopeies, and helpless, the carnings of Hedeng industry and economy, the result of the most legical calculations of merchant, mechanic, and student, and folling woman, the inheritance of father and grandfather, the bequests of the pious and devout, were all buried similar the rities of wealth and splendor.

Cheap insurance is the safety of the poor man, and abountiful supply of water the best security for insurance companies.

The new patented water-pipe system, in connection with self-acting tanks on each floor (patented March 71, 1814), and with my tank, roof, and guiter will make these terrible configurations an impossibility.

Here the Committee were overpowered, and, on motion, the petition was placed on file. The meeting then adjourned.

The Common Council Committee on Judiciary met yesterday in the office of the Chairman of the Committee, Ald., Biohardson, in Ashland Block. There were present Ald. Biohardson, Cullerton, Campbell, and Cannon. The Committee have not met for a month, and a great deal of business had been accumulating. The first thing taken under consideration was the following order, introduced by Ald. Quirk:

ORDERED, That the Board of Public Works be, and are bereby, directed to enforce no orders for the improvement of streets, and to incur no expense for assessments under such orders, unless a majority of the property-holders interested petition for such improvements.

This was approved, and an order introduced by Ald. Jonas, directing the Board of Public Works to hold sewer contractors responsible for all work contracted for, was referred back, which simply means it will not be passed by the

had taken. Ald. Cullerton thought the duties of each should be defined by the Council, and moved that the question be deferred till Monday afternoon, when Mr. Jamieson would have his statement rendy. The motion prevailed and the Committee adjourned till Monday.

\*\*BOARD OF POLICE AND FIRE

The BOARD OF POLICE AND FIRE

Commissioners Sheridan, Ayars, Klothe, and Reno. The first case brought before the BOARD was that of Patrick H. McCabe, charged with absenting himself from duty without permission from his superior officer. He was found guilty and fined three days pay. Thomas E. Culkin is a member of Engine House No. 4, and, fires being quite dail, he found amusument in "maliciously goasping" about the Foreman and Assistant Foreman of his Company, and was so charged by them before the Board, who found him guilty, severely reprimanded him and souteneed him to a forfeiture of ten days pay.

Fire-Marshal Benner submitted his monthly report, which contained, among many other items of finterest, the following facts: The Fire Department now has 18,000 feet of rubber hose, of which 11,500 is carbonized rubber, 5,250 feet "Strr" hose, 300 feet "Granite" hose, 250 feet "N. Y. R." hose, and 700 feet unknown; of leather hose there is 3,100 feet; there are 26 engines, of which 22 are in a good condition, 2 are "fair," 1 "poor," and 1 "bad ;" during the month 8 have been injured.

THE CRIMINAL COURT.

This Court was unusually dull yesterday morning, and, for the want of business after the hearing of a single minor motion, adjourned till this morning at 10 o'clock. There will be no trials before Monday, unless the Grand Jury brings in something it desires to dispose of immediately. On that day the call of the calendar, which is up, will begin. which is up, will begin,

THE POLICE COURTS.

There were thirty-five cases at the West Side Police Court yesterday, eighty-four at the South Side, and thirtoen at the North Side.

Side, and thirtoen at the North Side.

Thomas Jones was yesterday held to the Criminal Court by Justice Boyden, in bonds of \$300, on the charge of receiving stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen.

Justice Boyden disposed of the following oftenders yesterday: Thomas O'Neil, disorderly, \$25; Mary McCarthy, drunk, \$10; Kate Storrs and Robert Lynch, disorderly, \$10 each; Elizabeth Keegan, drunk and disorderly, \$5.

The continued case of Adam Adams was again called up yesterday morning before Justice Soully. Adams, it is alleged, walked into the aiting-room of the house No. 29 Meridian street, where he found Mrs. J. W. Swart, and grabbed her watch and chain and made off with it. He was held by the Justice in \$300 bonds to answer to the Criminal Court.

The continued case of Mary and Charles O'Leary, for receiving stolen goods knowing them to have been stolen, was again called before Justice Boyden yesterday. The evidence in the case was sufficient to convince the Justice that the property was pawned to them for higher, and they knew nothing of the goods further than that, and thereupon the O'Learys were honorably discharged.

Edward Cremienz, a low ruffian, who has expended the wife to the street him that, and thereupon the ottended.

further than that, and thereupon the O'Learys were honorably discharged.

Edward Oremienx, a low ruffian, who has compolled his wife to support him, attempted late Wednesday night to worry her out of what little money she had. He entered the house where she is now living through the window, and a quarrel ensued. During the row he attempted to chloroform her by saturating a handkerchief and holding it to her mouth. The woman's screams brought to her rescue the bar-tender of the establishment, and Gremieux was arrested. Yesterday morning Justice Boyden heard the story. Cremieux insisted that his clothing was at the house where his wife lived, and first he wished to leave the town, and went there far the purpose of packing up his "duds," etc. The woman testified that the fellow had time and again threatened her life, and she lived in deadly fear of him; she had for years supported him; that he would take her clothing to the pawn-shop to obtain money for his own private purposes. Justice Boyden coucluded, as the fellow stated he wished to leave town, he would assist him in that laudable intention, and thereupon fined him \$50, sent him up for ninety days, and placed him under \$200 bonds to keep the peace.

William A. Wilson and Agnes, his wife, were

At the fire Oct. 2, 1871, the wind, increasing to a hurricane, carried burning embers and other indiam mable materials a distance, alighting on roofs, setting them on fire.

That configuration destroyed in one day \$300,000,000 of the city's property and wealth,—it made thousands of her citizens houseless, homeless, posinities, hopeless, and helplass, the earnings of lifelong industry and economy, the result of the most legical calculations of merchant, mechanic, and student, and tolling woman, the inheritance of father and grandfather, the bequests of the pious and devout, were all buried amount the ruins of wealth and splendor.

Cheap finautrance is the safety of the poor mini, and a bountiful supply of water the best security for insurance companies.

The new patented water-pipe system, in connection with self-acting tanks on each floor (patented March 37, 1874), and with my same, roof, and guiter will make these terrible configurations an impossibility.

Here the Committee were overpowered, and, on mothon, the petition was placed on file. The meeting then adjourned.

The Common Council Committees on Judiciary met yesterday in the office of the Chairman of the Committee, Ald., Richardsop, in Ashland sharged the prisoners.

charged the prisoners.

John Mulcahey was arrested yesterday as a vagrant, and in a drunken coudition was brought to the Harrison street lock-up, cursing and raving at a fearful rate. Yesterday morning, when arraigned before Justice Boyden, he attempted to play the old trick of deaf and domb, and handed the Justice a card with the following request written thereon: "I am a stranger in Chicago. I left New York City. Please to let me go, and I will keep sober." Several witnesses testified that the fellow was shamming the mute. Boyden said \$25 and costs would restore him to his lost speech, and so informed him. He will work out the fine at the Bridewell.

and, fishing her out by the hair, took her to the

and, fishing her out by the hair, took her to the Armory.

Ellen Devine, a fleshy Milesian, is charged by a mulatic named Charles Bailey with stealing a \$5 note from his room at the Tremons House, where both are employed. She will acculpate herself this morning in the presence of Boyden or go out to the Bridewell.

Mouday last, Theodore Kesting died by his own hand, the victim of a love that was not returned. Yesterday, Hermins Messman, residing at No. 440 West Twenty-first street, moved by the same causes, made an ineffectual attempt to imitate Theodore's example. She sought through the agency of strychuls to reach the desired end, but her sister prevented it, assisted by Dr. Alexander Sterb. In the language of the Sage of Marshfield, she still lives, with a prespect of health, if not happiness, in the future.

William Carroll was terribly beaten yesterday by a man named Andrew Macy, who threatened, when again provoked, to kill Carroll. That unfortunate man is unwilling to be killed, and invoked the aid of an officer to estop so dure a calamity. His appeal was not without results, and his antagonist is endompassed by the iton restraints imposed on offenders at the Umon Street Station.

In an alterestion that took place Monday eventure between William Kaller and Thomas Russeller and Thomas Russeller and Thomas Russeller and the statement of the

his abiagonist is encompassed by the iron restraints imposed on affenders at the Union Street Station.

In an alterestion that took place Monday evening between William Keller and Thomas Fussey, at the corner of Van Buren and Halsted streets, the latter was stabbed in the left breast by the former and Beriously injured. The origin of the fray is stated to have been the predilection a servant-gul in the employ of Keller had expressed for the wounded man, which excited the animosity of the assailant. Fussey was removed to his, house at No. 101 William street, and a physician sammoned to attend him, who pronounced his injuries not necessarily fatal. No arrosts.

Between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock Wednesday night, the house of Mr. James Alken, No. 1102 Prairie avenue, was robbed of about \$800 worth of jewelry. The premises were entered from the second house next to Mr. Aikens, No. 1102, He quietly entered Miss Alken's room, and rified her burend of the jewelry, and then made his exit the same way he entered Miss Alken's room, and rified her burend of the jewelry, and then made his exit the same way he entered Miss Alken's room, and rified her burend of the jewelry gone, gave the alarm. Mr. Aiken, supposing the burglar was still in the house, called the assistance of his next door neighbor, Mr. Rowley. The two, armed with revolvers, searched the premises, but found no one. Subsequently they discovered the way the their got in. Whilst the gestlemen were scarching the house, Mrs. Aiken saw a man cross the street with a bundle in his arms from 1106, and there is no doubt that it was the volber with his plunder.

GENERAL NEWS. Mr. Archie Gilchrist, residing at No. 83 Juda street, found an infant beneath a tree near his house, at a late hour Wednesday might. Al-though young in years, it squalled lustily, and edified the frequenters of the County Court, where it was taken yesterday for dispo The police of the city are on the alert for the capture of a lunatic by the name of J. R. Dez-ing, who made his escape from Eigin yesterday

About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mrs. A. A. Garrison was stricken down by an attack of apoplexy, at the corner of Warren avenue and Hoyne street, and died a short time thereafter. Home street, and died a short time thereafter. The remains were taken to her late residence, at No. 146 Centre avenue, where the Coroner will hold an inquest this morning.

Nearly la thousand pensioners have to-day received their periodical stipend from the Government, through the agency of Miss Sweet. The June payment commenced Thursday morphys.

The Chicago railroad companies have refused to reduce rates for the accommodation of delegates to the Apolitionists' Convention to be held in this city June 9.

A still alarm was given to Engine No. 5 at for o'clock last evening, caused by the explication a kerosene lamp at No. 178 North Sangamor street. Damags insignificant. The slarm from Box No. 115, at 3:45 in the afternoon, was false Box No. 115, at 3:45 in the atternoon, was false.

Mr. Haight's misadventures as a thestrical manager have come to an end. His connection with the Chicago Theatre terminates Saturday. It will be closed on that day and remain closed for a week. After that date it will be reopened by Mr. Leon de Leon, the noted gymnast and athlete, as a varieties theatre, with Mile. Luit, a great New York sensation, as the star.

An item in The Transuse of Wedgesday said a monte robbery occurred at Chapman's restaurant, on Monroe street, near LaSalle, on the previous day. Mr. C. states that his establishment was the scene of no such occurrence, and he is entitled to the benefit of a doubt as to its locality.

Last evening at nearly 6 o'clock, David Jovee,

Last evening at nearly 6 o'clock, David Joves, Last evening as nearly 6 o'clock, David Jove, an employe of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Bailroad, discovered the dead body of a man floating in the Burlington Silp, near the Sixteenth-street bridge. On recovering it, it was assortained to be that of Edward Donnergan, an Irishman, living at No. 684 South Canal street. The body was taken to the residence of his brother at No. 114 Miller street, and an inquest will be held this morning. He was 45 years of age, a widower, and leaves a son. These were no marks of violence on his person.

no marks of violence on his person.

Mr. Smith, who presides over the National Land Company, states, with regard to an item in yesterday morning's Taisuns, that the elerics of the Company have been paid. He acknowledges that four out of the six members of the clerical force did lock the six members of the clerical force did lock the six members of the combination, but states that in a few hours the sate was opened.

The Co-operative Temperance Association held their monthly meeting last evening at Justice DeWoit's office, No. 193 Adams street, Considerable business of importance was transacted, and reports of co-operation from Europe were read and applauded. The Committee ou Labor and Employment reported a favorable and interesting plan for securing employment for members who require it. The Association is prospering, and well organized, and, from appearances, will be one of the permanent institutions of the city. The Association will hold a special meeting Monday at the same place; all interested in co-operation are invited to attend. An adjourned meeting of the Republican which we will be the control of the

Corrigan, Caroner Stephens, and Robert Kemay. Last evening Mr. Waldron was about 40 votes ahead. It remains to be seen whether Chicago people will allow themselves to be outdone in contributing their votes and scrip.

PERSONAL Mr. Robert Harris, General Superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Raitroad, and Thomas Hoops, General Freight Agent of the Michigan Central Railroad, have returned from an extended trip to the Pacific Coast.

Angell.—Babost.

Angell.—Babost.

The fashionable world crowded Grace Church yesterday a fastnoon, to witness the wedding ceremony of two of its members, Miss Ella Badger, daughter of A. C. Badger. Esq., and Charles Angell, Secretary of the Pullman Palace-Car Company. The services commenced a little after 6 o'clock. The church had been decorated in honor of the occasion, the fost and chance being wresthed in appropriate flowers. The arrival of the bridal party was made known by the familiar notes of Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," without which no modern marriage would be considered somplete, if legal, and the procession marched to the chancel, the bridesmaids being Misses Badger, Hilson, Hall, Faulds, Waller, and Fleetwood, who were elegantly attired. The bride wore white silk with rich lace overskirt, the customary bridal well, and wreath of orange blossoms. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. N. Kelley. A reception was given at the residence of the bride's parents on Calmmet avenue, where the congratulations of har friends were offered. The happy pair left last evening for the East, where they will spend the honeymoon according to the ritual of fashion.

the residence of the bride's parents on Calumet avenue, where the congratulations of har friends were offered. The happy pair left last evening for the East, where they will spend the honeymoun according to the riunal of fashion.

Limonade and a Tua-Boat.

When Mr. Sothern awoke yesterday morning at about 10 o'clock, he rang the bell. A call-boy answered it. Lord Dundreary said:

"Bring me a lemonade and a tug-boat."

"A lemonade and a what, sir?" stammered the youth is alarm. "Not a what sir," responded his Lordship, "a tug-boat. You're heard of such things in Chicago, havon't you?" "Yes, sir," responded the youth, as one of those wretched monsters raised its voice beneath the Tremont House windows. "Well, go and get one," said Mr. Sothern. "Will you have the tug-boat in your lemonade, sir," stammered the poor boy, with a happy idea that a tug-boat had a remote reference to the historical "stick" frequently so be found in early morning lemonades. Mr. Sothern sat bott upright in his bed, and shouted, "That fellow's more of an ath than Buddieoms. No, sir," he continued, "Bring the lemonade up here first, and then charter a tug for the afternoon." It seems that his Lordship washed to go out Rahing, such hird a tug-boat for that purpose. A very pleasant party went out, and enjoyed a breath of fresh air. The amount of fish caught, however, will bear no montion.

ROTEL PERSONALS.

Palmer House—George S. Fancher, New York; E. E. Hopkins, Phitadelphis; R. K. Jones, Quincy; J. H. Chassaing, St. Louis; W. H. Andrews, Pittaburgh; H. H. Johnson, New York; A. Rotimon, Hawshish Islands; John Ketchum, Buffale; W. C. Bichardson, Philadelphis; H. S. Lee, Jackson Clitzen, Jackson.

Tremont House—John G. Bill, New York; the Rev. B. Marshall, Albany; Mr. and Mrs. Boulton, London, Eng.; W. Pardon, Shanghai; Arden Buell, Berlin; W. H. Seward, Louisville; L. J. Williams, New York.

Whenes, P. Litchfield, London; H. W. Lamberton, Winona; Ms.; W. H. Broaddus, Ark.; A. J. Alkios, Milwaukee; Judeg Donaldson, Potts Williams, Washington C

Wayne; warmer count, norther than a wayne; wayne; u.S. A.

On the day succeeding the publication of Father Terry's now famous lecture on "The Poetry of Genesis," The Tribune stated that Bishop Foley had written a letter of consura to the cloquent priest. It is now stated by some, and is pretty generally believed, that the Bishop's letter was more than a reprimand—it was an eximpulsher. In other words, Father Terry as "silenced" and ordered to quit the diocese. His functions as a priest were withdrawn, and his visit to his brother, at Ottawa, was simply a preliminary movement to his departure from this city. It is also said efforts were make by Father Terry's friends—and they are very numerous—to soften the Bishop toward him, but that ecclesiastic was not in a mood to releast. Contrary to what has been stated in other papers, Bishop Foley did look upon Father Terry's discourse as being heretical and highly improper, coming from a Boman Catholic priest. The publicity given to the matter left the Bishop no other course than to take notice of it, and, however he may have regretted the Bishop to other course than to take notice of it, and, however he may have regretted the Bishop to other course than to take notice of it, and, however he may have regretted the Bishop to other course than to take notice of it, and, however he may have regretted the first of the most premising and certainly one of the most eloquent priests that ever appeared in this city. The departure of Father Terry is almost universally deplored, and only affords another library in the cast-iron decipiline. used me PATERS TERRY. Usquel suchana most eloquent priests that ever appeared in this city. The departure of Father Terry is almost universally deploted, and only affords another illustration of the cast-iron decipine of that the degree of that the degree of that the degree of that the degree of the cast-iron decipine. She will not bother with Presbyteries or Councils when recalcitrant priests raise a storm; she simply tells the offender to get out, and he disposes of himself accordingly. The fate of Father Terry will, no doubt, prove a salutary fesson to all young theologians who doubt the Book of Genesis.

While, as is stated, it is presumed that Father Terry has been "allenced," yet it must be borne in mind that nothing is positively known on the subject except by the Bishop and the priest. It is a conjecture, nothing more, but, from all the circumstances, it now seems a reasonable one.

The ladies of the Reformed Church at place gave a strawberry and les cream feati-their church last evening. The Parkers out in good force, and a pleasant time was by those in attendance.

cour in good force, and a pleasant time was had by those in attendance.

The ladies of the Haprist Church gave a very delightful festival last evening. A song listle sum was secured for the church.

The ladies of Unity Church will give an lectream and strawberry festival on the grounds of Esquire Hoard, this evening. Should the weather prove universeable, the festival will take phace at the church. Things will be sold cheap.

The Proceeding Committee held a meeting at the house of J. M. Chapman, Thursday evening. Offending persons may learn in good time the section of the Committee.

Wheaton is rejoning over the successful issue of the attempt of L. L. Hight to secure two mails per day.

The lilinois State Farmers Association of Du Page County will hold a meeting as the Court-House, Saturday, at I o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three delegates to the State Couvention, which will be held at Springfield, June 10.

The Wheaton Cornet Band proposes to make

House, Saturday, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three delegates to the State Convention, which will be held at Springfield, June 10.

The Wheaton Cornet Band proposes to make an exemption to Geneva Lake Wis., on the 17th inst. The band has succeeded in making arrangements with the Northwestern Raitroad by which the round trip will cost only \$2.

the Rev. Mr. Dickson exchanged pulpits vite Rev. D. S. Heffron Sunday evening. The Rev. Mr. Dickson exchanged pulpits with the Rev. D. S. Heffron Sunday evening. The former preached an excellent discourse on the sanctity of the Sabbath.

The Board of Trusiees met Monday evening. The Board of Trusiees met Monday evening. Present President Mason, and the Clerk. The report of the Committee on Roads, concerning repairs on Vincennes road done last week, was accepted. A petition for opening Hazel street across the Rock Island track was referred to the Committee on Highways. The ordinance for the spiropristions for the coming yoar was accepted by the Board. Applications for a salcon heense were received from Paul Malent, John Poffichach, and John Landeck, and referred to the Committee on Licenses. On motion, the Clerk was instructed to soutly salcon-keepors to make application for licenses till July I.

The school site for the new graded school was staked out last Saturday, and the Directors are now calling for hids for the erection.

Last Friday evening a meeting of citizens was held at Wishoffer's Hall, for the purpose of taking measures to secure the grading and graveling of Vincennes road from South Englewood to South street. There were a great many present. The following gentlemen were elected a committee to investigate the cost, and empowered to make the necessary arrangements for said improvement: L. P. Hilliard, Col. G. R. Clarke, Willie M. Hitt, J. N. Mason, and C. J. Poshman.

Morgan Park Hall is just finished, and was

man.

Morgan Park Hall is just finished, and was dedicated the other night by a dance. Young folks were in attendance from all the neighboring towns.

It was with foelings of the deepest remorse that the Biblical brethren who have for the past week been gathering inspiration in, and enjoying the hospitality of, this suburb, entered, yesterday morning, upon the last day's proceedings of the Theological Union.

The exercises were opened at 9 a. m, with the following report of the Committee on Resolutions: Hons:

Whenever, This con first Pastors' Theological Union
In connection with the anniversary of the Garret
Biblical Institute has been marked with greaf interes
and profit; therefore,

Warness, This our first Pastors Theological Union in connection with the anniversary of the Garrett Biblical Institute has been marked with great interest and profit; therefore,

Resolved, 1. That we approve of its permanent organisation, and heartily recommend our prethere in the ministry to avail themselves of its advantages.

2. That we tender our acknowledgments of obligations and gratitude to the Professors of the Garrett Biblical Institute and others who have so generously wenterburded to our benefit.

3. That we will cherish this School of the Prophets as one of the prominent interests of the Church, and seek to fall its halls with students whom God has called to the Christian ministry.

The Rev. Prof. W. X. Ninde addressed the Union on "Church Work," giving his views of the boat methods in which the different divisions of that labor may be performed, and the aids which may be itsed to the best advantage.

After a brief recess, the Union reassembled to hear Dr. Heammenway's address on "The English Bible," which was one of the most interesting delivered during the Union. It consisted of a detailed history of the different publications, down to the one now in almost universal use, abowing the defect and beauty of each. The latter part of his address was particularly on the mistranslations and spurious passages of the present editions, and their effect on docirines, as ascertaind by comparisons with the Codex Vatican, Codex Sinatious, Codex Alexandriacus, and other manuscripts.

The closing exertises of the Union, which were opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Boring, followed with an address by the Rev. Mr. Banney, of Ottawa, Ill., recounting the difficulties to be encountered and embodying soundavise to those proposing to enter the work.

He was followed by the Rev. Dr. Goodfellow, of Sandwich, Ill., on "Missionary Work in South America," portraying its progress and benefit.

Following this, Miss Frances E. Willard, Dean of the Woman's College, turned the gaze of her heaveners to a contemplation of the" Li

consecration to God. On the books of the Union were enrolled the names of eighty-five ministers, representing eighteen conferences.

A fully extended notice of the ministers of the Union will appear in the catalogue of Garrett Biblical Institute for 1874.

ELOIN.

Gov. Beveridge remains over to-night, and will make an inspection of the Imane Asylum to-morrow, and in the evening a sociable and dance of the innates will enliven an hour. A local dramatic company will also present a comedy for the delight of the unfortunates.

comedy for the delight of the unfortunates.

DONDEZ.

The Chicage Baptist Association will convene in annual session at Dundee, five miles north of Elgin, Wednesday and Thursday, June 17 and 18. This Association represents two Chicago churches, the Second and South, and twenty-one others in DuPage, Kane, and McHenry Counties, and contains a membership of over 3,000. The officers are: Moderator, the Ber. Horses Burchard, Woodstock; Clerk, R. W. Padelford, Elgin; Treasurer, H. M. Clark, St. Charles. Preliminary reports of some of the churches show a very desirable state of affairs in this branch of the denomination. The occasion promises to be one of great interest. The people of Dundee of all denominations promise a heariy welcome to those who attend.

The fellowing is a veritable petition signed by sixteen maids of the Town of Charleston, S. C., and presented to his Excellency Gov. Johnson,

sixteen maids of the Town of Charleston, S. C., and presented to his Excellency Gov. Johnson, of that province, in the year 1783: "The humble petition of all the maids whose names are underwritten:

"WHERMAN, We, the humble petitioners, are at present in a very metancholy disposition of mind, considering how all the backelors are captivated by widows, and our more youthful charms neglected: in consequence of this our request is that your Excellency will, for the future, order that no widow presume to meny any young man fill the maids are provided for, or to pay each of them a fine for satisfaction for invading our liberties, and likewise a fine to be laid on all such bachelors as shall be married to widows. The great disadvantage is is to us maids is, that the widows, by their forward carriages, do map us the young men, and to have the vanity to think their merits beyond ours, which Is a great imposition on us, who ought to have the preference. This is humbly recommended to your Excellency's consideration, and hope you maids, in duty-bound, will ever pray."

SCALES. PAIRBANKS'
SCATIFIS SCALES
OF ALL SIZES.
PATRBANKS, MORSE & CO III AND III LAKE-ST. MISCELLANEOUS.

Until lith inst. Tax fale Cortificates hald by the City of Chicago can be redeemed at 16 per cont pressions, after which date the rate will be increased to 2 per cent. 3. Ha Yillo, City Campirotes.

AMUSEMENTS

THE GREAT ADELPHI. FOURTEEN NEW STARS.

PERSIAN TWIN SISTERS. Who compets with them at the Adelphi This week, TURNER and LESTER, JENNY MIACO, M. VISKE, REN WHEELER, ALL THE STARS AV IMMERKE CLIO OF SPECIAL ACTS.

That's Funny "BOX MYSTERY," and the clothess
omic pantomines. ROBERT MACAITES.
Matines Saturday, Monday, IX(GN,

ABDALLAH

Bedouin Arabs from Jerusalem HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

SHAND OFENING OF THE SUMMER SHAS A Great Event! FIFTH-AV. THEATRE COMPANY in its estimate and under the personal supervision eminent proprietor, manager, and author,

MR. AUGUSTIN DAL

DIVORCE! Wadnesday Thursday, and Saturday ovenings. LONDON ASSURANCE

All the great specialties of the FIFTH A'THEATRE will be produced in rapid succession Monday, Tuesday, and Saturday matines. Ju

HOOLEY'S-LUCCA MATTNEY To-morrow, Saturday, June 8, at 2 p. m.,
GRAND FAREWELL LUCCA OPERA MATINEE

In which all the Arthres of the STRAKOSCH FTALL OPERA COMPANY will appear, assisted by the Grorebostin of the Company. The performance will exist of the—

First Act of "DON PASQUALLE."

Second Act of "MIGNON" (by request). Second Act of "MIGNON" (by request). Second Act of "MIGNON" (by request). Second Act of "MARTHA."

Musical Director and Conductor, MR. S. BEHREN Seats now at Hosely? Theatry.

15" Tomorrow, June II, as of orchold print, Print Park Well LUCCA CONCERT at Kingsbury Hall. Seats the Concert now at Box Omes of Kingsbury Hall.

KINGSBURY HALL-LUCCA. THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, June 5, at 8 o'clock GRAND FAREWELL LUCCA CONCERT TOM KARLS, SIG. DEL PUENTE, SIG. SOLA The Grand Orchestry of the Strakesch Italian Or Company, Musical Director and Conductor—Mr. Company, Musical Director and Conductor Mr. BBillEAS. Admission, 61.00; Reserved Bests, 91.00 arts. See now at the Hall.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Admission tickets (ONE DOLLAR) can now be pur chased at the flaff, in order to seed the rush as the door at the Concert this evening.
To morrow (Saturday), at 7 p. m. PAREWELL
LUCCA MATINES at Hooley's Theatre. HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

FRIDAY Evening, June 8, Orsaid Complimentary 2 wit to the seconditioned young actus.

MR. JAMES O'NELL,
Tendored by his numerous Oblicage admirrers. The ented young soirnes, him KATIP PUTNAM, and a so of others, have kindly volunteered their services, which occasion will be presented two great Compoliss. DAVID GARRICK THE CAPTAIN OF THE WATCH

M'VICKER'S THEATRE SOTHERN LORD DUNDREARY! OUR AMERICAN COUSIN A GREAT SUCCESS, but will be withde "HOME" and "DAVAD GARRIOS," Robertson Salurday LORD DUNDREARY MATINES.

EXPOSITION GARDENS Lake Shore and Adams st.

THE LADIES' RESORT: ALWAYS COOL!

THE WONDERFUL GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT

The Great Building Beantifully Decorated
Open from 2 to 5 and from 7% to 18.

ADMISSION, SUCENTS. CHILDREN, & CENTS. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THE VOKES

Will appear in their Sparkling Specialty,
FUN IN A FOG,
As acted by them with extraordinary success in Englan and the United States, with all the original Sours, Dances, and Ducks. The entertainment will commence with a Pepular Consedicata, by the Dramatic Commen-immediately after which will be performed PUN IN PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

PROF. S. I. PECK, ILLUSTRATED LECTURE Upon she Life of Christ, and Pilerim's Progress and Ten Nights in Ber Knorm. All the coming are in the Ten Nights in Ber Knorm. All the coming are in the Ber Maria William of the Christian Light. Admission. 26 and 160.

DUBUFE'S harrie of lite DON JUAN AND HAIDER 16 FEET BY 10.

OCEAN NAVIGATION.

AMERICAN LINE.

The Only Line Carrying the United States Flag.

Salling weekly between Philadelphia and Live Cabin, Intermediate, and Ste ACCOMMODATIONS UNSURPASSED Rates as low as any First-class Line. Through Tickets Lower than by other Lines. Through to Chicago from British
Points, \$35.50 Currency.

Excursion Tickets at reduced rates. Drafts on Great
British, Iroland and the Continent, at leverates.

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J. H. MILDE. Western Agent.

NEW YORK TO CARDIFF. Carrying ghode and passengers at the origh rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to ports in the Bristal Chames, and all other posits in Empland. These steamships, built expressly for the trade, are pre-vised with all the latest improvements for the confidence

CABIN AND STERRAGE PARSENGERS.

First Cabin, 878 and 82 currency. Second Cabin, 92 currency. Steerings, 820 currency. Second Cabin, 92 currency. Steerings, 820 currency.

Drafts for Li and quaractic currency.

Tor farther particular, sputy in Cacaliff, at the Company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and in New York to Ancher and Company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and in New York to Second Capital, and Company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and in New York to be a likely and the company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and in New York to be a likely and the company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and in New York to be a likely and the company's Offices, No. 1 Dook Chambers, and In New York to be a likely and the company of the c

STATE LINE. 

FROM OF GEORGIA.

FROM PIER AS NORTH RIVER, N. Y.

Weekly Suffings next Summer.

Bakes of passages: Cabin, 460° and 40° gold; Supress,

so for as by day first-class line. Drafts at lowest redes.

For farther particulars apply to AUSTIN HALLOWIN CO.,

Agents, 72 Broadway, New York.

JOHN F. RARLOS, Lend Agents.

G. Carket, Classes. National Line of Steamships.

The most southerly route has always been adopted by this Company to speed fee and headlands.

Sailing from New York for Lovillar Old and QUESTASailing from N. York for Lovindon (direct) and QUESTAColoir bassans, Fr. 2000, correctly concept formistic Coloir bassans, Fr. 2000, correctly concept at greatly reduced rates. Return tickeds at lowest rates.

Deaths for 41 and speward.

Mortheast corner Clark and Handolphotes. (opposess new Rhorman House). Chicago.

ANCHOR LINE. Prom Row York to all parts of Great Britain, Irolan and Continuous Europe every Tuesday, Thursday, a faitering Canta from Bild, FIELDAM from Bild,

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

TEAMS OF SUBSCRIPTION (PAYABLE IN ADVANCE).

TO-DAY'S AMUSEMENTS

M'VICKER'S THEATRE Madison street, between Dearborn and State. Engagement of E. A. Bothern

HOOLEY'S THEATRE-Randolph street, between Clark and LaSalle. Benefit of James O'Neil. "David Garrick" and "Captain of the Watch." ACADRMY OF MUSIC—Halsted street, between Madeen and Monroe, Engagement of the Vokes Family
"Fun in a Fog."

a DELPHI THEATRE—Corner of Wabash avenue of Congress street, Variety performance. Lo-Le, De Gioriana, M. W. Fiske, etc. \* CHICAGO THEATRE-Nos, 218-228 West Ma

EXPOSITION BUILDING—Lake shore, foot of Adams KINGSBURY MUSIC HALL-Clark street, between

PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Con-iner of Indiana avenue and Twenty-fifth street. Illustrat-ed lecture by Prof. S. I. Peck, of New York,

ORIENTAL LODGE, No. 23, A. F. & A. M., Hall No. 123 LaSalle-st.—Regular Communication this (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for business.
E. N. TUCKER, Secretary. BUSINESS NOTICES.

WREK'S DOINGS IN WALL STREET, EX plains stock operations on small capital without risk Copy sent free. TUMBRIDGE & CO., 2 Wall-st., N. Y

# The Chicago Tribune.

Friday Morning, June 5, 1874.

Judge Drummond yesterday heard argui for the granting of an injunction against the Wisconsin Railway Commissioners, Atty.-Gen. Sloen and the Northwestern Commissioners urther hearing of the case has been postponed

Butler's Civil-Service Reform Committee has agreed to report that it does not recommend any appropriations to carry on the reform as it has been carried on. Here is sound sense, albeit the motives of the Committee are somewhat mixed, and not altogether noble.

Sawyer has made known his intention of re signing in order to save the embar Secretary Bristow. In unqualified audacity and dence, Sawyer is, beyond doubt, the king pin of the old Treasury trio. Everybody knows that he will resign because he has no choice.

Shepherd and other members of the Washing-ton Board of Public Works, by whom he was officially charged with having committed perjury. It would be useless now for the District Investigating Committee, even if it were so disposed, to bring in a report exonerating the Board. Cluss has been aroused, and he means seiness. He will go to the bottom of things before the libel quit is done with

A compromise currency bill has been agreed upon by the Congressional Conference Committee. It is in substance the House bill, the most important change being that the propor tion in which United States notes are to be retired as National Bank currency is issued, is fixed at 3716 per cent. We have already exseed the opinion that no serious objection be nrged against the bill in this shape. What President Grant will think of it is another ion. No assurance has been received from him that it will be approved.

Prof. Swing's admirers are more than can b secommodated in the Fourth Presbyterian Church. Gentlemen interested in the matter have agreed that a tabernacle, capable of holding 3,000 persons, should be built for him to preach in. The plan is to put up a plain edifice on the corner of Dearborn and Ontario streets, the entire property not to cost more than \$100 000 Funds will be secured for this purpose by subscription, and the tabernacle will be owned by the stockholders. The subject will be publicly considered a week from next Sunday, in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, at the close of Prof. Swing's sermon.

One of the wealthiest men in California, James Lick, has decided to bestow his surplus property upon several charitable and scientific enterprises the transfer to take effect immediately He gives \$700,000 for an observatory at Lake Tahos, \$300,000 for a School of Mechanical Arts in San Francisco, and about \$500,000 for public monuments. Mr. Lick is in the full enjoyment of his mental faculties. He knows perfectly well that posthumous fame and praise are but a poor substitute for honor and love before death and that a gift of property which cannot be kept is not to be compared with the free-will offering of one who has absolute possession.

Mr. Ward, of Illinois, is reported as having mid that he would not vote to give the negroe equal rights in the theatres as long as the public schools are closed on them. This is viewing the civil-rights question from a strictly moral standpoint. Mr. Ward might profitably quire whether any one proposes to close the ic schools on the pegro; also, whether the ma which he presents, even if it were real, asive argument for the passage of the will not, in all possibility, pass without ent. If it does, a veto may be looked

ser, closing at \$17.50@17.55 cash, and 17.75 seller July. Lard was quiet and sing at \$11.00@11.05 per 100 lbs cash, 11.25 seller July. Meats were in better demand, and 1/c per ib higher, at 61/@6%c houlders, 91/0 for short ribs, 91/0 short clear, and 11@11% for swee ed hams. Highwines were in fair demand mehanged, closing at 95c per gallon. Lake were active and essier, at 436e for corn sail to Buffalo. Flour was dull and up chanced. Wheat was less active and 1/4 lower, at \$1.18 cash, \$1.17 seller July, and \$1.2134 for No. 2 Minnesota. Corn was less active

10c lower, closing weak at \$4.50@5.60. Cattle were in good demand at steady rates, with liberal sales at \$2.50@6.20. Sheep were inactive, the offerings amounting to only 100 head.

Senator Davis recently submitted & resolut alling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for a nent of the balances due from dieb Hours of the United States. The Senate ves rday discharged the Committee on Finan from further consideration of the subject, it having been ascertained from headquarters tha in less time than three months, or at less the information asked for could not be obtained se than \$75,000. There is manifest fairness in this assertion. The resolution was unfortunately worded. What we want to know is not the balances due from disbursing officers but the amount of which the Govern been defrauded by such officers within the past seven years. Such a statement might easily be prepared. It would be bad for the party.

Miners who were lately engaged in a strik have been driven from their houses by the proprietors of the Durham, Eng., collieries Although the measure seems harsh, it is merely a reduction to business principles of the relations between employer and em ployed, and this is what striking workon both sides of the ocean have rigorously insisted upon. The Duke of Rutand, some weeks ago, issued a circular to the orers on his estate, taking the ground that he relation between the farmers, and the workmen should be confidential rather than mercantile. This position was generally derided by the public and the press, the Spectator being of the number; but the application of the "mercan tile" principle in practice, as we have said, seems terribly harsh and cruel.

Gentlemen prominent in the management the Northwestern Railroad assert that no ex tension of the Company's lines will be under taken until the present attitude of Western Legislatures toward vested capital interest has been abandoned. Perhaps it is just as well that no more money should be to come. The expansion of the country in this direction has been dangerously quick. But th Northwestern people may rest assured that, when new railroads are needed, they will be built companies. It is quite possible, however, that the people of .Wisconsin will be clamoring for additional railroad facilities before they can, or ought to be, supplied, and in that event the Northwestern officials will have the stern satisfaction of pointing to the Potter law as an obstacle in the way of honest enterprise.

Two significant utterances on the temperat stion, coming from very different quarters are published this morning. One is from John Bright, the great English Commoner. He has been a practical temperance man for thirty years, and he comes as near being an advocate of tota abstinence as any one who has recently been ent in Government affairs; but h does not believe that prohibitory legis lation is either practicable or expedient. Mr. Bright says that if Parliament were to pass such laws as many friends of tem perance advise, the whole City of London would be in riot, revolt, and insurrection. Another de liverance on this subject has been made by the Governor of New Hampshire in his inaugural address. He takes the same position as Mr. Bright saving: "Laws, to be effective, must be in harmony with public sentiment, but this principle has in a great degree been overlooked or disregarded in our temperance legislation."

# HOW TO INFLATE THE CURRENCY.

Sin: Keep it before the people to urge Congress to in the United States, and also of all coins of a foreign coinage used in the United States,—thus causing the United States to be able to pay off all outstanding lia-bilities, resuming specie-payment, and placing the momey-basis of the country upon sound footing; also making the United States the money-centre of the world. Congress has the right, under the Constitution of the United States, to do this,—it giving them the power to coin money, and regulate the value thereof and of foreign coins. A change of this nature could not fall to be appreciated by all and bring prosperit

o the country.

John Hindman.

The Logan and Morton school of financiers, as Mr. Hindman shows, is making progress. Their theory of money is being cultivated by ardent and consistent disciples, who even surpass their masters. Just as the modern school-boy knows more of astronomy than Ptolemy did, Mr. Hindman surpasses Logan and Morton as a financier. Morton and Logan proposed to work wonders by their financial legislation; but the miracle of all miracles is to be performed by Mr. Hindman's project. Mr. Hindman has discovered the philosopher's stone. Out-Loganing Logan, and out-Mortoning Morton, he would have the country made prosperous by an act of Congress. Let Congress say that every dollar in gold shall be worth wo dollars, and every English sovereign that touches the land of the free and the home of the brave shall become two sovereigns, and forthwith it shall be so. Then the United States, having twice as much money as it had before, will be twice as well able to pay off its debt. It will have twice as many dollars in proportion to its debte, and be that much better prepared to return to specie-payments. Then, too, as Mr. Hindman says, the United States will be the money-centre of the world, for all the gold in the world will flow here to get itself doubled. It is a fact that Congress may regulate the value of money. The Constitution does give it that power, and the Sopreme Court in the legal-tender case so decided. Our only objection to the plan proposed by Mr. Logan's disciple is that it does not fix the value of money high enough. We should prefer to fix the value of gold coin at one thousand times its present value, or one million. We would not go beyond this last figure, because we do not nink it well that there should be so not only the money-centre of the world, but of national debt, buy up France, Germany, and as he claims, to their "refreshing, England, and build a tunnel under the Atlantic. Should we succeed in all this Mr. Hindma would have a place in history second only to the

conveyed to the Company by the State of Illinois under authority of the General Governthat all lands remaining unsold at the expira-

ularly offered at public sale. Of the 19th of pliance with the provision of the act of Con gress. We publish this morning the answer of the respondents to the Attorney-General's petition. The substance of it is that the Company has attempted, in good faith, to dispose of the land at reasonable rates; that efforts to sell at auction, with a reserved minimum, have proved futile: that the unsold lands are security for bonds of the Company; that a forced sale would impair the obligations of a contract, and result in a sacrifice of the property without effecting any adequate good. The contest, as it stands, involves great interests, as well of the public as of the Railway Company; its progress a conclusion will be followed with general

"Kelley has relaxed something of the ster of his Protective principles. He has offered an mendment to the Tariff bill admitting duty-free elephants, leopards, tigers, horned horses, kangaroos, and all other animals intended for the Zoological Gardens in Fairmount Park Philadelphia." So comes the wondrous news. Has Kelley changed his Protective principles? Then may the leopard-perchance the very leopard

KELLEY AND HIS KANGAROO.

which will enter America under the mais of this bill-change his spots. Then may the Ethiopian change his skip, and so spare us the necessity of passing the Civil-Wrongs bill in order to keep 800,000 voters inside the Republican party. We fear the Hon. Pig-Iron has reflected on the possible consequences of his amendment. Mark that provision about "horned horses." Suppose some sinful soul manufac tures horned horses across the Canadian border and imports them, nominally for the Zoological Gardens. Suppose (dreadful thought!) that his false horns should be made of iron. As each horse stepped across the border, bringing in (say) six pounds of iron duty-free, would not Mr. Kelley hear the crash of an abandoned furnace in his Pennsylvania and the wail of the families of the hundred men thrown out of em-

ployment by the competition of the pauper labor

The idea of Protection is that anything with

of the Dominion?

mough duty laid upon it can be produced here Mr. Greeley was of the opinion that all our tea should be grown at home. How often have we heard those glowing bursts of eloquence from Kelley that have sent the American eagle winging his way "from the tropic glades of the South, o'er boundless prairies, to the ice-crowned mountain-peaks of the North,"-eloquene that was designed to show that this countr could produce everything, if the foreign produc were but taxed out of our markets. If elephan horned horse, tiger, leopard, and kangaroo have not already been bred under glass roofs in this country, is is because Africa and Asia have been allowed to compete with us No well-regulated circus is without its kangaroo And yet we stand idly by and see the gentle creature hopping o'er Australian plains on way to American sawdust, canvas, and cages. If he were but properly taxed, say \$10 per poun and \$250 per capita, 40 per cent ad valorem kangaroos were concealed within the materns pouch, American labor might be employed in producing him. Think how many men could gain a livelihood by the harding of kangaroo The first necessity would be a gigantic hot house. Hundreds of glass-blowers, and iron molders, and brick-makers, to say noth ing of iron and coal-miners and tool makers, et al, would be required in order to get the materials together The operation of building would require brick layers, hod-carriers, carpenters, plumbers, etc tools. When the plumbing began, the leadfor a long time. What a vista of employment for American labor opens before us here. When the first perfect specimen was produced, it would be in demand, not only for the circus, but for other uses. The kangaroo would make rapid transit possible. Business men, mounted on it, would skip down Michigan svenue and best the Hyde Park trains all hollow. The postman would sigh for a kangaroo. The cre ture runs better up hill than on a level. What more could a letter-carrier in the business district want? His kangaroo would take him up stairs more quickly than any lagging elevator could. On the plains, where now the stage-coach conveys the mails, a female, with her pouch stuffed full of letters, would leap along at lightning speed. The horse would probably become obsolete, save where heavy caming was required. South African natives consider kangaroo milk a delicacy, and eat the flesh with gusto. Here are two possible trades shadowed forth. And yet all these priceless advantages are to be lost to the country for the sake of benefiting Fairmount Park. Let Mr. Kelley bethink himself. Let him stand by his principles. If he is constant now, a grateful constituency will surely erect a statue to him. In sculptured stone Kelley will bestride his kangaroo. Beneath him will be the proud Jackson lan motto: "The union of manufacturers and Congressmen must and shall be preserved." No more will "Pig-Iron" usurp the place of his Christian name. He will go down in history as

Kangaroo Kelley.

THE BREWERS' CONVENTION. The address of Henry O. Klausen, Preside of the Brewers' Convention, and the address of the Convention itself to the public, are interesting, as showing the present condition of the liquor business, the capital invested in it, the consumption of its products, the revenue obtained from it, the prospect of success in suppressing it or curtailing it, etc. Mr. Klausen's address is a sensible and straightforward exposition of the views entertained by himself and the Association of the temperance question. He many millionaires in a country. This would explains the fact that there has been a steady yearly increase of 1.000,000 barrels consump tion of malt liquors in the United States, the solar system. We might pay off our testimony on the part of the public, vigorating, and nutritious qualities." pronounces drunkenness a crying evil, and argues that great benefit is derived from a modand Prof. William A. Hammond in support of but the drunkards, should be presecuted as alone

with chain and ball attached to his The "address to the public represents that temperance legislation impair "the honor and credit of the United States," by depriving it of one very remunerative means of income (a rather fallacious argunent), and even imperil its financial wellbeing !- further, that it would be an infringe ment of the "sovereignty of the individual." The statistics brought forward by the Presi dent in his address are even startling. The number of barrels of fermented liquors brewed and sold in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1873, was 8 910 823, -an increase of 910.854 over 1872. The capital invested in breweries is \$89,910,823; in malt-houses \$16,707,793; in barley-lands, \$44,554,120; in hop-lands, \$1,603,960, making a total of \$152,776,696. The number of sons employed directly or indirectly in the manufacture was 56,477. The total internal revenue for the year ending June, 1873, from all sources, was \$112,747,772, and the spent all his salary and earnings in diss total receipts from the taxes on stimulating beverages, \$61,424,819, or 55 per cent of the whole. These figures show that the advocates of total abstinence are opposed by an amount of capital equal to \$152,776,696, and by an army of 56,477 persons, dependent for a livelihood on the liquor trade! The movers in prohibitory measares will do well to think over these figures. So

appetite must be eradicated if the evil would be cured ; and who ever heard that an appetite was changed by an act of a Legislature? We attach very little importance to the argunent in the "address to the people of the United States" that a prohibitory law would have the effect of diminishing the income of the Government. It would have that effect for a ime; but in the end its income would be all the reater, could such a law be enforced. The con umption of liquor is unproductive consump ion; and as such not to be encouraged, whether the Government obtains a revenue from it or not.

ong as the appetite of the people is

appetite is the root of the evil.

great for stimulants of some

THE FRAUD OF THE FISHERS The Fishers are of Florida. They rese he Apostles, in that they are fishers of mensmen. The resemblance stops at this

coint. The story of the Fisher fraud is, in orief, this: In 1813, when the Creek war was at ts height in Florida, the Creeks destroyed the ouses, herds, and crops of one George Fisher. Then the troops came up and probably saved the lives of the family. It was a great pity. Anon. the original Fisher died. His widow consoled perself with a new husband. They lived together nearly a score of years in honest poverty. Then they tried to gain dishonest wealth. The husand of Mrs. Fisher petitioned Congress for amages, alleging that the pursuing soldiers had estroyed part of the crops, herds, etc. This was about 1832. Congress rejected the unproven claim. By 1848 the Fishers were really in need o noney. In came their petition. It was decided hat the troops did half the damage. Accordingly the indefatigable family got an award of \$8,873, which was just half the original loss. This sum was probably absorbed in lawyers' fees. for the beggars begged again the same year. This time they got interest for sixteen years on the award. This amounted to \$8,997.94. This kept them only a year. In 1849 they bagged interest from 1813 to 1832,-to-wit, \$10,004.89. As they had now been paid more than they originally claimed, with interest dating back to twenty years before they made the claim, they night have been satisfied. But they were not. In 1854 they handed in the regular petition. This time they were rebuffed. In 1858 John B. Floyd was Secretary of War. Here was a golden chance, The Fishers got their claim transferred to the War Department. Floyd figured on it and discovered that three-fourths of the damage had little less than \$40,000 cash. In 1860, after their documents had been improved by forgeries, and the prices of the produce and cattle had been put at figures that a Parisian would have thought exorbitant during the siege, they attacked Floyd again. That watch-dog of the Treasury now made up his mind that all the damage had been done by our troops. He accordingly ordered the payment of \$66,519.85 to the Fisher heirs. Before this could be done Congress interposed, much as it did in the Chorpenning job. During the War stealing was not done in this way. The chance came, however, afterwards. The Fishers had survived, of course. The heirs to claims never die out. Will Annek Jans ever be bereft of descendants? In July, 1870, Senator Garret Davis presented the Fisher claim for \$66,519.85. In the Galaxy for August of that year Mark Twain published the story of the swindle. It apparently killed it. The Fishers sent an ex-Congressman from California to Buffalo to "see" Twain. The latter declined, however, to be sitenced. True to his word, h has again exposed the fraud. There is need of exposure, for, incredible as it seems, the House Committee on Military Affairs has just reported in favor of paying this Fisher claim! The heirs of a man whose farm was ravaged by Indians in 1813 have already been paid \$66, 579.85, or about eight times their original claim, on the false plea that United States troop did the damage, and now ask for \$66,848 more with interest,-and a committee of presumably sane, non-idiotic men report in favor of giving it to them. If this sort of thing is to go on the best thing a man who wishes to leave his children wealthy can do do is to grow two blades of grass where one grew before, get an Indian pony to eat them, swear that a cavalry

will pay his heirs whatever they choose to ask.

horse did it and then die. A grateful country

THE TERRELL DIVORCE SUIT. When the lawyer Myers, of Newport, Ky., wa shot dead by Terrell, the latter claimed some public sympathy on the ground that he had bee badly treated in a divorce suit which had bee brought by his wife. Terrell was a well-known character throughout Indiana, Ohio, and Ken tucky. He published a newspaper for severa years in Lafayette, Ind. He had been Payman ter in the army. He was once Postmaster at had himself received a dangerons wound. Altogether, he appeared to many persons in the light of a persecuted and exasperated man, who had some provocation for the crime he had committed, and who was entitled to sympathy for his misfortunes. Since then the suit for divorce has been on trial, and the summing up of the case for the complainant by her attorney, Mr. Oliver W. Boot, of Newport, makes a different showing from that which Mr. Terrell and his

marriage, as described by Mr. Root, have been full of sacrifices, hardships, and suffering. It is charged that Terrell first persuaded his wife to deed her property to a third person, with the understanding that it was to be deeded back to them jointly. She consented to this in order to give her husband the standing of a man of means, and possibly a feeling of independence. But when the property was deeded back, the deed was made to Terrell alone. A similar transaction is alleged at the time Terrell was appointed Paymaster the army. Mrs. Terrell then deeded property to her husband's father, in order that he might be in a condition to furnish the requisite bonds for his son; and it is charged that, in conveying back the property, it was deeded to Terrell himself, and not his wife, to whom it belonged. It is said that, at no time during their married life, did Terreil support his wife, but that he and debauchery. It is also charged that he con sorted with prostitutes, boasted of it to his wife, told her they were as good as she, and emphasized his insults threats and the menace of fire-arms and bowieknives. On two occasions he is charged with having attempted to "chloroform" his wife in the night. All this time he is said to have been squandering his wife's money. In a word, he is characterized as a gambler, a sponge, a liber-tine, a blackguard, and a bully. It is incidentally noticed, by way of establishing his character as a hypocrite, that, while publishing Republican newspaper, he sold a negro into Southern slavery and put the proceeds into the

It is strange that a man could maintain the appearance of respectability, hold a prominen place in public and social life, keep friends about him, and gain office, while his private life was so corrupt and revolting. To be a fiend to his wife and a terror to his family, while the world thought him a man of sensitive hono and social refinement, is a curious but not altogether exceptional condition of things We only see the skeletons in other people's closets when they are brought into the courts, or accidentally exposed by some calamity. Ever the Court, in this case, might not have brought out the full extent of infamy if Terrell's passic had not led him to kill one of Mrs. Terrell's lawyers. Then it became necessary to probe old sores that might have been left untouched. If was both necessary and proper that the asper sions which Terrell had put upon his wife in order to vindicate himself should be cleared away. Her justification could only be secure by the exposure of his infamy. If Terrell ha been guilty in the degree charged upon him, the penalty will be a hard one. He will suffer not only the odium of public contempt, but his shooting of Myers will henceforth be regarded

as a flagrant and unprov oked murder THE ADMISSION OF NEW MEXICO. The present effort of certain politicians to ge New Mexico admitted as a State rest upon ver flimsy considerations. They have succeeded in carrying the measure through the House, and i is now pending in the Senate, and, unless some more weighty reasons are offered than have yet been presented, there the bill should rest. The derate haste with which it was forced through the House is of itself a reason why the more considerate Senate should carefully weigh both sides of the question. It has been sprung upon Congress by ambitious politicians, both in power and plunder. The admission of New Mexico would give that State two Senators in Congress. It create the various offices connected with a State Government, and give scheming, ambitious men the influence growing out of the appointing power. At the same time, it would make New would be the signal for a general flocking thitherwards of the carpet-bag knaves who are always lying in wait for just such opportunities and who would enjoy even greater opportunitie for plunder in that distant country, among its ignorant population, than they have had in the Southern States. The advancement of politicians and the interests of carpet-baggers do not offer any valid reason for the admission of this Territory; on the other hand, they const tute a valid reason why the admission should be denied. We have bummers and scalawage enough without adding to their number by con-

tributions from New Mexico. The actual condition of the Territory itself, however, furnishes the strongest reason of all against this absurd policy. The population of New Mexico by the last census was 91,871. That it has not increased materially since that time may be inferred from the fact that the census shows a falling off since 1860 of nearly 3,000 This population is composed of Spaniards, Mexicans, half-breeds, and an insignificant sprinkling of Americans. The principal city, Santa Fe, has increased just 130 in population in the last ten years. The English language is scarcely spoken in the Territory. The business of legisla tion and the Courte is mainly conducted in Spanish. The majority of the people cannot read or write. There are only five newspapers published in the Territory, and their combined circulation amounts only to 1,010. Until within two years ago there was not a public school in the Territory. It has no telegraph lines, no

railroads, no commerce, no wealth.

Under such circumstances as these, of what profit will the admission of New Mexico be to the Union? Wherein will any strength accrue from the admission of this scanty and unintelligent population of Mexican and Spanish halfbreeds? Will New Mexico in its present condition ever prove anything but a corrupt and rot ten member of the National family,-contribut ing nothing in business, intelligence, comme wealth, or strength to the general partnership and only furnishing facilities for plunder to unprincipled politicisus? The avenues to fraud and corruption are sufficiently accessible now, without opening a new and broad one through New Mexico, and one which will be constantly improved, owing to its distance from the centre of authority and the low condition of the intelligence of its people.

day, kept strictly in the line of routine, andon the Bench of the Court of Clair

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE. London, Hamburg, Rome, and other great cities of the Old World, had to be burned down several times before they could be taught how to build houses. The people of Chicago and other sible to the experience of the past. If all the erly mapped out and placed side by side, it is searcely too much to assert that Chicago has been entirely destroyed at least twice within a quarter of a century. And yet, with the horrors of our great calemity still virtually be fore our eyes, Chicago entirely disregards the first principles of safety, viz. that protection from fires must begin either by using little wood in the structure of building or by building so that the fire easily get at the fire to put it out. Though means for extinguishing fires which our oftvaluable and effective. One of these, especially in high buildings, is placing in the outside wall iron pipes, to be connected at the bottom with the steamers, and having fire-plugs with home in each story. It has been proved over and again, even if the engines have the power, that it is almost impossible to make flexible hose strong enough to throw water to the tons of most of or buildings. Hence, when a fire gets started near the roof in any of them, the entire store with Of the truth of all this owners and inst

ompanies had a lesson, to the sum of \$360,000, last Monday morning, in the loss of the large wholesale boot and shoe store of M. D. Wells & Co. The fire was discovered at its very comnencement in the roof or upper story, and the Department was promptly on the spot with an engine. Comprehending the danger, the Chief Officer at once summoned the entire Depart-ment; but, with all their best machines, the building and its contents were burned to the ground. The steamers could not throw a suffi-Had there been iron pipes in the walls, as above suggested, to which one or more steamers ould have been attached, probably \$300,000 could have been saved at this very fire. It is stated also that the stairways were so narrow and inadequate that the firemen could not get up them with their hose. These and other faults in construction should be prevented by stringent laws. Underwriters should make large and just discriminations in favor of buildings that are properly constructed. This would vary oon bring owners and architects to terms, and we should not be likely to see an entire building again burned down with the whole Departmen the ground very soon after the fire

The fire of Tuesday morning does not suggest very cheerful reflections. There was scarcely any Department could not put out one building, what would have been the extent of the disa if the wind had been blowing a gale, or if two or three fires had started at the same time?

The State Penitentiary at Joliet has received an unexpected recommendation from a gentle-man who ought to be good authority on the sub-ject of prisons, as he spent his life in them, since he was quite a small boy, in expission of sundry offenses. The name of this gentleman is John Mahoney, better known as "the Ameri-can Jack Sheppard," and he is now serving outterm of four years at Joliet. A few days since Mr. Charles Sutton, the Keeper of the City-Hail,

As Mr. Mahoney has served in State prisons all over the country for twenty or thirty years and makes this his business (as he himself says: "I still live, and of course, as natural as the laws of gravitation, I am peeping through the gratings once more"), he ought to know of

An American sailor died recently in Paris who swallowed and digested knives for his amuse-ment. The Paris Siecle says: "When the body was opened there was found in it fourteen knives, all corroded and partly dissolved. On one of them, however, the name of the maker might be still distinguished; a copper button and part of a silver setting which had adorned and part of a silver setting which had another another were scarcely touched, but the nails, springs, and horn handles were in a state of decomposition. The final malady and death had been caused by the baft of a large knife becoming fixed agrees the intestines. The stomach been caused by the baft of a large knife becoming fixed across the intestines. The stomach itself was not at all injured, and Cummings, after his last experiment, had eaten with excellent appetite." It therefore appears that the swallowing and digesting of knives and not kill the sailor, but he died becasue one of them got snarled up in his intestines. While his death is to be regretted, there is still consolation in remembering that he was an American, if he was full of knives; and that his example was caloulated to inspire Parlaisons with any at the capa-

It is stated in the Eastern papers that the ex-It is stated in the Eastern papers that the executors of the will of the late Edwin Forrest have made a settlement with his former wife, by which she is to receive \$95,000 in satisfaction of her claim. The executors are now released from this embarrassment, and are at liberty to proceed with the establishment of the Edwin Forrest Home, for which he provided in his will. The settlement of this claim shows the peculiarity of the divorce laws of the State of New York. ty of the divorce laws of the State of New York. When Mrs. Forrest was divorced she had full authority to inarry again; but Mr. Forrest had not. It was also ordered that he should pay alimony for her support, which would equitably cease on the death of Mr. Forrest. But, under the laws of the State of New York, she put in her claim for further support, and, rather than test the matter in the courts, with the prospect of defeat, the executors have settled with her as stated above. A few days since we recorded the fact of a woman living with her third husband and drawing alimony from the other two.

The vacancy in the office of State Treasurer of New York has led to a somewhat curious technical, but involuntary, violation of Isw. Mr. Raines, the Treasurer-cleet, became insace some time since and is now in the State Lunatic Asylum. The office has meanwhile remained vacant, with the hope that Mr. Raines' reason would be re-

and his inability to execute the necessar of his office. He has designated Mr. I Lansing, of Albany, to fill the place of

Skillings has swooped down upon Prilled that city with dismay. Skill perchant for hunting among musty mone day, while examining the papers is of the Register of Deeds in that city, out that, way back in 1792, Enoch III to Thomas Skillings and his heirs ground for ninety-nine years, which earl millions of dollars. The interest of the connected with this discovery are: 1. Skillings has the documents to prove he from Thomas Skillings. 2. That this seventeen years yet to run. 3. That it Portland does not see its way clear. Portland does not see its way clear predicament. And all this results

The newspapers all over the count all shades of politics, appear so well have Richardson out of the Treasury low goes in with a wave of applana

instifies President Grant's appointments on se Judge of the Court of Cla

of Indiana, said:

It has seemed to me a most surprising this people who declaim against what they call nerversity are never heard to start any objection to desire to fullest rights of citizenship of the foreigns, the he beignorant to the last degree, a pauper, or a out and, unacquainted with our laws, and not oven of spaking our language. More than the last a million of singrants from every country of manually land upon our shores, and are heartly acoust to the privileges of citizenship, with when not unfair to say the negto population of the certy will bear favorable comparison in all the entity of the country of the certy will bear favorable comparison in all the sentiate go to make useful citizens.

—There are to be elections of county office Aug. 6 in Kentucky and Tennessee, and November elections of Congressmen in both State also, in Tennessee, at the November election, Governor and Legislature are to be chosen. It Tennessee papers speak of these August dections as happily paving the way to a complex unification of the anti-Radical vote in November In Kentucky, the day of the August election will be, in some districts, the day for Democratic

-In Virginia and Georgia the State Executive Committees will to suggest a plan whereby the Co in each State, at the November election of greasmen, may be massed upon regular dates. At the last elections several said lost for lack of this precaution.

Last year, in Maine, upon the

an anonymous newspaper-article, Williams received 2,130 votes for Williams received 2,130 votes for General This year, we observe, it is proposed to her People's State Convention, and it is held possible to unite all the Opposition vote on Williams; in which case the September remight be marked "close and doubtful."

—The Rhode Island Legislature reassement Tuesday (after a brief recess) to electroited States Senator vice Spragus, and ynothing else to do as this session. There eight candidates, and the Providence Presses Some deemed strong just after the State see

-The Illinois State Register has a letter from Hancock County, saying:

BREWERS IN

Proceedings of the N

Gratuitous Inform and State Gov

Good Brewers En All Taxes P

Public Opinion to Be

Temperance Legis Strenuous O

tions and so

Boston, Mass., June s.
National Congress of Brew-lowing general resolutions, long preamble, were adopted

designated Mr. At

d dewn upon Portland and dismay. Skillings had a among musty records, and has the papers in the office office of the papers in the found 1792. Enoch Illaley leased and his heirs a tract of e years, which is now the Portland and worth severe. The interesting facts covery are: 1. That Minster is to prove her descent a. 2. That this lease has brun. 3. That the City of its way clear out of the this results from foundating this results from foundating Skillings was highly skillings was highly simple the papers of the pa

ND OPINION.

eer the country, and of opens so well satisfied to the Treasury that Brise of applause. And yet, greath to ask, "Who is

nt's appointment of Rich-Court of Claims. Not to with quotations from all, ze the remarks of one, we gton (Is.) Hawk-Eye, nor

our laws, and the capana ruags. More than the tird of come every country of Europe shores, and are heartify wel-citizenship, with whom it is go population of this com-mparison in all the elements incens, ections of county officers of Tennessee, and Novem-ressumen in both States; the November election

ng the way to a complete Radical vote in November.

eorgis the Conservative ittees will presently meet by the Conservative vote weinber election of Con-ed upon regular candi-

Legislature reassembles brief recess) to elect a vice Sprague, and with this session. There are a Providence Press says:

ock is a unit in opposition of any sord. Let a State of Democratic and Liberal av, State rights, and equal area, State rights, and equal area, mechanics, mechanics,

up the party than to get it.

It. a subject in the whole ich develops as many one one question of man, writing to the subject of the subject

BREWERS IN BOSTON.

Proceedings of the National Congress Yesterday.

Gratuitous Information to National and State Governments. Good Brewers Enjoined to Pay

All Taxes Promptly. Public Opinion to Be Molded in Favor

of Malt Liquors.

Temperance Legislation to Meet Strenuous Opposition.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Boston, June 4.—The Brewers' Association had a busy day to-day. The address to the people previously printed was decided upon, and the series of resolutions preceding was adopted. One of the most interesting features to the general public was the address of Mr. H. Router, of the Highland Spring Brewery, Boston. He said that prohibition had miserably failed, and continued ay follows:

When we observe how completely men of science,

continued as follows:

When we observe how completely men of science whose calling leads them to the closest study and in vestigation of the question, agree in their decision when we consider the present corruption of stimulant and narcotics the world over, whether in the shape of coffee or tes, optium or tobacco, beer, wine, or whisky,

—s consumption so enormous in its proportions and so mivered.

full forever. When prompted by this to professions without performance, such laws are enacted by our law givers.

Bilooms result, as we daily witness them, under the prohibitory rule, and are inevitable, If man craves and consumes stimulants in accordance with a law of matter, all human enactments to subdue this instinct by suiring off the sources of gratification are mere tague entreaties and bewitched apologies of legislation. Is there at this late day any need of an argument to prove that light fermented liquors are the one thing needed? Does their aimost universal adoption by civilized humanity as "the drink of the people" really take the question as to their peculiar fitness out of the realm of debate? Is it not a settled fact? If it was simply a question of beer or no beer with our Legislature, that the decision could not, for a moment, be doubtful. No, the question with our Legislatures is, "Shall we do a positive injustice to the brewer, the purveyor, and the consumer of ale and beer in order to secure a positive good?"

Mr. Flint, editor of the Brevers' Gazette, made a very interesting speech, which showed a thor-

Mr. Flint, editor of the Breveers' Gazette, made a very interesting speech, which showed a thorough acquaintance with local politics. The hanquet to-night was an elegant affair. There were flowers, music, champagne, and Rhine wine in abundance.

The speaking was good, and the general sentiment of every one was that the New England brewers had done everything that they could to make their visit pleasant.

[To the Associated Press.]

BOSTON, Mass., June 4.—At the session of the National Congress of Brewers to-day, the following general resolutions, accompanied by a long preamble, were adopted:

Resolved, That this Congress do now authorize and

long preamble, were adopted:

Resolved, That this Congress do now authorize and empower the Executive of the Chief Association to lay before the National Government and the Legislatures of the various States all the facts and statistics they have gathered in relation to the brewing business, so that the National Government and the various State Legislatures may be fully cognizant of the position claimed for their business, and, being thus rully informed, they may be inclined by judicious laws to recognize the same and afford protection against those who are ignorantly and unjustly its enemies; and it is further

who are ignorately and unjustely as elemine; and it is further Resolved. That measures be adopted to induce the Government to remit the duty on barley imported from Canada, and by no means to increase the duty in imported hope; and it is further Resolved. That this Congress, duly recognizing the secessity of contributing to the expenses of the Government, the reduction of the antional debt, and maintenance of the financial power of the country, do mage upon the brawers, individually and collectively, the wisdom of zealously watching the source of revenue to which they so largely contribute, as that by all possible means it may be increased by an increase of business and in no way retarded for personal gain;

Resolved, That we, brewers of the United States, in Dungress' assembled, do hereby solemnly protest spainst the course taken by so-called temperance societies to hold up the use of malt liquors as tending to immorality, vice, crime, or pauperism, and against tisst efforts to influence the United States and State Lagislatures against their manufacture; and lists efforts to influence the United States and State lagislature against their manufacture; and Besolved, That through our local associations, by personal effort and by means of our official organs and the press generally, we will endeavor to influence pablic epinion in favor of the use of mall liquors as a small state, and absolutely necessary as a hashiful restorative, without in any manner or form tanding to the injury of person or property, and, therefore, not calling for any police regulations; and Received, That local associations and individual browers in the several States are hereby called upon to make every exertion to prevent legislation against the use of mall liquors, and, where laws exist of this character, to have them repealed; and it is further?

Hesolved, That each and every brower is called upon to encourage such candidate for office whether in local, State, or Federal Government, who will oppose the enacting of laws prohibiting the sale of all fermented liquors, and also, whenever practicable, use that influence to have all fermented liquors sold under a discriminating license.

A long address to the President and people of the United States followed the resolutions, emiral interest the seal of the property of the property of the state of the Whited States followed the resolutions of the United States followed the resolutions of the United States followed the resolutions of the United States followed the resolutions of the same and the mall liquors, are preventive of intemperance, and demanding the modinication of the tariff assessed upon the 17 material. [The address referred to was pristed in full in yesterday's Tribune.]

FIRES.

At Susquehauma Depot, Pa.

Busquehauma Depot, Pa., June 4.—A fire which broke out in the "Union Store" early the morning, destroyed twenty wooden building, mostly stores. The total loss is estimated at from \$50,000 to \$75,000.

At Sterling, Ili. Secial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TREATHOR Ill., June 4.—The distillery-warebone of John S. Miller, containing 1,500 barrelsof sleohol, was set on fire to-day from a hot
b anding-iron. The immense pumps soon got it
il under control, thus preventing a fearful conlegation. The Joss is not heavy. Several men
are seriously burned by the alcohol taking
iran

At Manitowec, Wis.

Becial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Harrowoc, Wis., June 4.—A fire here this afternoon destroyed the foundry and machine-shops of E. J. Smalley, situated on York street, four the lake. It originated in the engine-room.

Long estimated at \$8,000; insurance, \$2,000.

THE COTTON INTEREST.

THE COTTON INTEREST.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 4.—The Agricultural Control today adopted resolutions looking to a trian of the Cotton States and direct trade movement, without expressing preference for any port. The report of the Committee on Emitted was adopted. It favors land-owners doubting land to actual settlers.

A resolution was adopted urging the refunding if the cotton tax to producers.

Masters of State Granges of the cotton States was today appointed an Executive Committee in urge Congress to refund the cotton tax.

The reports of both meetings show a large increase of acreage of cereals, and a decrease of stion.

Among the Mound-Builders.

From the Ottunues (Iosea) Democrat.

It has been a fact known to two or three genders in this county that a chain of mounds existed below this city, commencing near the boath of Bugar Creek and extending 12 miles bothward at distances between reaching as far it miles. In company with Capt. W. H. Kittersan David T. Miller, Esq., and Mr. Samuel H. Linton, it was our pleasure one day this week to marate and explore two of the mounds mentioned. The first one was about 45 feet in diameter and 140 feet in circumference. It is situated man an eminence, the highest point in that vising. Bound No. 2 lies directly north of the described and distant from it about one-of a mile. We found upon excavating in a sentre of the last one—which was 225 feet in managence—a layer of stone at the depth of 4 set, which bears all the marks of having passed and of a shee, and calcined human bones, all of the state of the state of the last one of the last one

cremation! Several theories have been advanced as to the uses to which these mounds were adapted by the builders. Many strong proofs have been brought forward that they were places for human sacrifices; others have urged that they were signed stations, by which the mound-builders could carry intelligence to incredible distances almost with the speed of the telegraph. Let conjectures take whatever shape they may, the facts which were brought forward by our exploring party remain to confound all theories which ascribe the building of the mounds to Indians, as Indians never burn their dead under any circumstances.

The most reasonable theory that can be advanced in regard to the makers of these strange movements is this: The Axtecs of Mexico, when conquered by Cortes, had a well-authenticated tradition that their ancestors came from the far North; and it is very probable that these ancient Mexicans at one time inhabited lows, Missouri, Wisconsin, and Illinois. Driven out, hewever, by the barbarous hordes of Tartars (or Indians) who swept down upon them from Behring's Straits, they were forced to fice southward and leave their homes and mounds to the invaders.

This theory finds strong corroboration in the wonderful similarity exhibited in the mounds of Mexico and Iowa, and there is scarcely any room to doubt they were made by the same race of people.

MILLERS IN COUNCIL.

Annual Convention of the Millers National Association.

St. Louis, Mo., June 4.—The Millers' National Association elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, George P. Plant, St. Louis; Secretary, Frank Tuttle, Kalamazoo; Treasurer, D. B. Morrill, of the same place, and a Vice-President from each of the twenty-one States represented.

States represented.

The Secretary was instructed to notify the Vice, Presidents of the desirability of effecting State organizations in their respective States.

TRANSPORTATION.

The Committee on Transportation reported, reaffirming the resolutions passed at Chicago last January. After discussion, George Bain, of St. Lonis, offered a substitute, approving of Senator Windom's bill, now pending in the United States Senate, and urging the Senate and House of Representatives to pass it, which was adopted.

adopted.

INSURANCE.

A committee of seven was appointed to consider the question of insurance, and determine whether it is better to organize a National Insurance Company for their own protection, or effect a compromise with the present insurance companies upon their present enormous rates.

Committees on Transportation and Storage and the Handling of Grain, and on Mill Machinery, were also appointed. chinery, were also appointed.

The Convention to-day discussed the ques-

chinery, were also appointed.

The Convention to-day discussed the question of

STATE ORGANIZATIONS.

Secretary Little gave his experience in attempting to intrest the millers in this movement. He had issued over two thousand circulars to millers in all parts of the country, and expected to find at least five hundred millers present at this Convention, but was sadly disappointed. He thought the question deserved more attention than had been given to it.

S. S. Chisholm, of Illinois, had corresponded with different parties on the subject, all of whom favored such organization, and had asked for instructions as to how they should proceed. He moved the appointment of a committee of three to draft by-laws to govern State societies, which was adopted, and the Committee appointed. This Committee subsequently reported a set of rules which, after discussion, were laid over till the evening session.

This afternoon was spent in visiting Shaw's Garden, various parks, and other prominent points in the city and suburbs.

At the night session of the Millers' National Association, the report of the COMMITTEE ON STATE CHOANIZATION was taken up. After a long discussion it was amended and modified in substance as follows: First, that this Association earnestly recommend the formation of an Association in each State composed of mill-owners and manufacturers of flour or meal, subject to such resolutions as they may deem best to promote the object in view. Second, that each Vice - President of the Association until another is elected. Third, that hersafter national conventions of delegates be held in which each State Association shall be entitled to one representative for every 10 miles. Fourth, that the expense of such conventions be paid by assessments pro rats according to membership. Sixth, that a committee be appointed to draft a constitution for such associations and forward the same to the Vice-Presidents of this Association in the respective States, together with a circular explaining the objects of this movement.

call a mass convention of millers of Illinois to meet at Peoria or some other central city of the State, for the purpose of organizing a State Association at as early a day as possible.

THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

CRIME. Sleane, the Fallen Railroad King,

Tries to Recover Himself. He Surrenders \$250,000 of His

Loot Money. The Civil Suits Settled, but the Criminal

A Seducer in Georgia Killed by the Girl's Father.

Indictments Pending.

Victims of Lynch Law in Nevada and California.

Sloane, the Fallon Railway-Magnate.
Sandusky, O., (June 1) Correspondence of the Cleveland
Herald.

The remarkable career of Bush R. Sloane, exPresident of the Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland Railroad Company, is familiar to the readers of the Herald. Its columns contained in detail the facts connected with the discovery of
large embezzlements from the not overstocked
treasury of the Company; the civil suits in the
Eric County Court of Common Pleas against
Mr. Sloane, for the recovery of over \$200,000
alleged to have been appropriated by him; his
arrest upon several charges of embezzlement,
Feb. 13 last; his release on \$46,000 bail to appear before the Mayor on the 17th of the same
month; his sudden departure from Sandusky on
the 14th; his marriage at Elyria and flight to
Europe with his bride; his non-appearance before the Mayor, and the forfeiture of his recognizance.

Europe with his bride; his non-appearance before the Mayor, and the forfeiture of his recognizance.

While in Europe Mr. Sloane's headquarters were at Brussels, Belgium. There is no extradition treaty with that State, and it is, therefore, sought as a safe haven of refuge by the victums of fluancial indiscretion. He has kept up a somewhat volummous correspondence with parties in Sandusky, making the utmost endeavors to bring about a settlement of the little differences that existed between nimself and the Company. A gentleman who has read half a dozen or more of Sloane's letters cold me that in one of them the once haughty magnate declared that he had not \$100 in the world; that poverty was actually staring him in the face, in a strange land; and that he was trying to find employment of any kind to earn the daily bread for himself and his wife. Nearly all the letters which my informant saw contained similarly sorrowful statements. In the one particularly referred to above, Mr. Sloane asked the person to whom it was addressed to show the letter to such of his friends as he might deem best. The people of Sandusky do not take stock? in these pitful lamentations to any great extent, regarding them as a very "thin" attempt of Sloane to excite a feeling of sympathy in his behalf, and, if possible, counteract in some degree the universal indignation and disgust which the mere mention of his name does not fail to arouse.

"Let us liave peace," or words to that effect, was the burden of Sloane's letters. Probably no person that ever lived was more anxious than he to "let bygone be bygones." He knew he could settle the civil suits by making restitution, but the criminal actions troubled him sorely. When "The State of Ohio" became the party plaintiff, and Justice, with bandaged eyes, stood holding the scales, a compromise was not so easy. Sloane made a fatal error in not "squaring accounts" while he had ample opportunity. The officers of the Company urged him to do so before any proceedings were begun, but he would none o

tion shall be entitled to one representative for every 10 miles. Fourth, that the expense of such conventions be paid by assessments prorata according to membership. Sixth, that a committee be appointed to draft a constitution for such associations and forward the same to the Vice-Presidents of this Association in the respective States, together with a circular explaining the objects of this movement.

Messrs, Dewar, Palmer, and Kochler were appointed as such committee.

ILLINOIS MILLERS.

After adjournment, the members of the Convention from St. Louis held an informal meeting, and adopted a request addressed to H. C. Cole, Vice-President for Illinois, asking him to call a mass convention of millers of Illinois to

ochlar were appointed by the Control of the Executive Committee of Executive Committee o A part of years are consistent of the property of the property

prove by letters and notes then in his possession. Dr. Bull demanded the notes and letters, when Mitchell told him he had the day previously thrown them into a dry well on the place, but would immediately go and get them. He started off for the well, leaving his visitors at the house, who waited for several hours for him to return, but not doing so they knew that this was a ruse to get away from them.

Mitchell left the State and went to Virginia, where he remained for many months. Dr. Bull, not caring to keep his family in a neighborhood where so much scandal had been raised about his daughter, moved to Macon. Some one then wrote Mitchell that he had left, the matter died out, and that he could return with satety. He did so. This was nearly one year ago. So soon as he got back Dr. Bull sent him a verbal message that he would kill him on sight. Mitchell, knowing that he was not a make such a threat as that without intending it, kept away from Macon until yesterday, and never moved about the plantation or neighborhood without being heavily armed with a shot-gun and a revolver.

A countryman by the name of Wall induced him to accompany him bers for the purpose of getting him to indorse his draft at the cotton warehouse of Saulsbury, Respuss & Co. There being some delsy in getting the draft fixed, Mitchell walked to the store of I. J. Traywick & Co., on Third street. Whilst standing in the door he saw Dr. Bull approaching, and, knowing his object, rapidly retreated to the rear effice. The Doctor came to the door and looked into the store, and then went to Mitchell's mule and examined it closely. Mitchell eladed him, got on his mule, and rode out of town to a little stragging village called Cross Keya, where he had left his shot-gun on his way to town that morning. Wall, about noon, sent for him to return and sign the draft. He did so, and about 1 o'clock Wall and Mitchell started home.

It is supposed that Dr. Bull and his son left the city soon after Mitchell did the first time. Anyhow they were seen to cross the

o'clock Wall and Mitchell started nome.

It is supposed that Dr. Bull and his son left the city soon after Mitchell did the first time. Anyhow they were seen to cross the bridge, and, turning to the left just beyond, disappeared in the woods, both armed with double-barreled shot-guns.

When Wall and Mitchell got to Cross Keys the latter got his shot-gun, when both rode on. When they had reached a point two miles from the city proper, and where the road is flanked on either side with a gaulberry copee of wood so dense in thickness that a rabbit could not go through, and whilst Wall was a few paces to the rear of Mitchell, a gun was suddenly fired from the thicket, quickly followed by the second discharge. At the first shot Mitchell recled in his saddle, and, whilst in the act of falling out of it, the second charge struck him. He feil to the ground dead. At a subsequent examination of the body it was found that six buckshot had taken effect—four through the head and two through the bedy.

Mr. Wall immediately galloped back to East Macon and told what had taken place. The Coroner, accompanied by three or four policemen, immediately started for the ground, where an inquest was hold.

The jury forded opposite the body, which still lay in the road, a narrow path freshly out through the thicket a few yards long. Wall stated on examination that, when the gun fired, he saw a man at the head of the path he thought was George M. Bull. He was not positive that it was him.

The body was brought back to Macon, shrouded and coffined, and this morning taken to Twiggs County for barial.

Warrants were, at a late hour yesterday afternoon, issued for Dr. Bull and his son, and last night Policemen Simpson and Poster went to the residence, on Third street, and found the family at supper, with them in their usual places at the table. They were arrested at once and taken to sail.

The excitement in the city was very high when

to Jail.

The excitement in the city was very high when the assassination was first told, and a great deal of indignation expressed against Dr. Bull. But when it became known what Mitchell was killed for, nobody expressed any sympathy for him, somebody remarking that while he ought to have been killed he perhaps ought to have been given

been killed he pernaps ought to have a better chance.

The result can now be told. No man can sednce a woman in the South without forfeiting his life to any kinsman or friend who chooses to take it. This is the opinion of judge, jury, and

Lynch-Law at Austin, Nev. San Francisco, June 4.—A dispatch from Austin, Nev., says that last might a crowd of thirty masked men entered the jail at Belmont, bound the Sheriff, took out two prisoners—Mc-Intyre and Walker—and hung them. It is not stated what the men were accused of. Lynching in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Two Chinamen, who confessed to be the murderers of Omera in Del Norte County, were lynched by a mob at Happy Camp, in that county. Criminal Refugees in Texas and

Mexico.

New Orngans, La., June 4.—The Galveston

as having been a desperado and bad character generally. About one year ago he got into a difficulty with a young man who was a bartender for his salcon, and slapped his jaws and otherwise mistreated him, when the barkeeper jerked up a pistol and undertook to resent it. Beed clinched with him, and in the scuffle took the pistol away from him and shot him dead. He afterwards formed a copartnership in the salcon business with J. W. Cannon, at whose hands he came to his death. They continued in the salcon business until about one year ago, when they went into the hotel business in copartnership, which continued until about three weeks ago, they at the same time selling out to a man named Clatworthy. They had trouble in settling their business, which culminated in Cannon shooting Reed with a shotgun, killing him instantly. Cannon is also spoken of as being a had character. He made his escape.

A French College and Professor.

A certain college in Paris is noted for having the name changed by each new Government. The latest name given it is the Fontanes Lyceum. An amusing anecdote is told of this college in 1830. There was fighting going on in the streets with the view of driving Marshal Marmont from Paris and Charles X. from France. In the midst of the firing M. Gustave Planche, the Greek Professor, tranquilly arrived to delivet his usual lecture. At the college gate was a band of insurgents engaged in throwing up a barricade in a very unscientific manner. Without paying any attention to political principles, the learned savant, taking pity on the inexperience of the men forming a breastwork, translated to them a few passages from Polybius on the construction of defensive works; the barricade was soon terminated, and the Greek Professor retired. The master of the college had witnessed this scene from a window, and no sconer was M. Gustave Planche inside the gate than he was placed in durance vile, and he was kept there till M. Legrand, three days later, was dismissed.

MARINE.

Hake Freights

Were settive at the for corn and the first wheat to Buffalo. Charlers: To Buffalo—Schre Favorite and John Burt, wheat at the first wheat on private terms; sohrs Golden Bule, Sam Flint, J. F. Joy, C. H. Burton, and barge Birkhead, corn at the first prop Duelda, corn through. To Port Colborne—Schr Orphan Boy, corn at the first wheat where the first wheat at the first wheat wheat

o Chicago.

—at Buffalo, June 2, harbor clear of vessels. The
only charter reported was the City of Manitowoo, coal
o Racine, on p. t.

Venuels Passed Detroit.

Special Dispatch to The Chicaso Prilume.

DETROIT, Micha, June — Afternoon.—Fassed Us—
Props Fountain City, Vanderbilt, Cubs, Araxes; barks
Jennie Graham, Monigomery; schra Minrod, C. H.
Walker, Mears, St. Lawrenge, Porter, Queen City, B.
F. Bruce, Hattis Wells, A. Mosher, Omondaga, Bridgewater, Was annah, Carlingford.
Passen Dows—Props Passaid, Cleveland, Torrent
and rafes.

WIND—Northeast,

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WIND—Northeast,

Dernort, Mich., June 4—Evening.—Passed Up—
Prope Gordon Campbell, Alpens, Snook and Darges;
baris Winons, Monitor; solars S. S. Minor, Chenango,
Louiss, Morning Light, Alice Morris, Wagstaff, Wells,
Burt, Sunrise, Collingwood, Joseph Page, O. M. Bond,
C. G. Breed, City of Tawas, Polly Rogers.

Passell Down—Props Sanilac, Asia, City of Montreal, Cowie and barges.

WIND—Southwest.

Vessels Passed Port Haron.

Special Dusaich to The Chicago Pribuns.

Port Hunon, Mich., June 4.—Passen Dows.—Props Cleveland, Asia, Wenona, Yosemite; schrs Massillon, S. H. Kinball, Col. Cook, Exchange.

Passen Ur.—Props Fountain City, Phil. Sheridan, Benton, Vanderbilt, philadelphia, Annie Sherwood, L., Van Valkenburg, Cousart, Minnie Slauson, Hattie Wells, Oncondaga, A. Moster, Porter, Queen City, B. F. Bruce, Oueids, St. Peter, Chenango, Wanona.

WIND—Southwest, Weather fine.
Pour Hunon, Mich., June 4.—7:30°D. m.—Ur.—Schrs Victor, C. P. Minch, Mears, St. Lawrence; bark Vanderbilt; barge Raleigh, with schrs Kate Winslow and Guiding Star.

The bark Austin is leading spars here for Portland, Me., charterod for \$5,500.

Illinois & Mickigan Canal.

Hinois & Michigan Canal.

Bridgerour, Ill., June 4.—Arrived—Ontario, LaSalle, 6,100 bu corn; Phoenix, Lockport, 5,000 bu corn.
CLEARD—Hidore, Henry, 51,968 ft lumber; G. L.
Booth, LaSalle, 91,990 ft lumber; Gold Bed, LaSalle,
92,400 ft lumber.
Bridgerour, Ill., June 4, 8 p. m.—Arrived—
Shamrock, LaSalle, 5,900 bu corn; Monitor, Morris,
6,100 bu corn; Grace Griswold, Mincoka, 6,000 bu
corn; J. Monard, LaSalle, 5,900 bu corn; Dolphin,
Ottawa, 3,000 bu corn,
4,800 bu corn.
CLEARD—Lily, 66,906 ft lumber, 900 lath for
Clear Monte Christo, Ottawa, 83,288 ft lumber, 21,650
isth; Maple Lesf, Johlet, 90,807 ft lumber, 30 m lath;
Moniana, Ottawa, 63,000 ft lumber, 200 lath; ft.
Goodell, Ottawa, 53,817 ft lumber, 1900 m shingles
Olive Branch, LaSalle, 62 m lumber, 2405 posts.

Our Corset Department is largest in the city, and it was severily broke out over this city at about 5 o clock last evening, lasting in the city at about 5 o clock last evening, lasting in the city at about 5 o clock last evening, lasting in the city at about 5 o clock last evening, lasting in the city at about 5 o clock last evening, lasting in the city and consequently remained at the few people could pass along the streets with affety. The dust was perfectly blinding. One was done to the bricks. Lacher vessel-men saw the impanding danger of being sanabed by falling places was done to the bricks. Lacher vessel-men saw the impanding danger of being sanabed by falling places was done to the bricks. Lacher vessel-men saw the impanding danger of being sanabed by falling places was along the sale would have been driven on the beach. At this South Branch large amounts of humber were blown in the river, and some of the vessels were slightly in jurged. At the North Branch the selar Annual to the control of the river, and some of the vessels were slightly in invent tried to get her off in, the evening, but did not succeed. The City of the Straits was just towing put when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking put which was all into the dock, was about up, to a last hour last evening the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and the pier when the squall came up, breaking her tow-line and diving her sagning the pier

ous causes.

Not a few of our lake vessels have siready this season run on shoals, and at no other point are they se abundant as in the Straits of Mackinsw. It behoove every vessel master while passing through the about locality to keep a strict lookout, no matter how cless the strain of the strain strains and the strain strains and the strain strains and the strain strains and the strains are the strains and the strains and the strains and the strains are the strains and the strains are strains as a strain and the strains are strains as a strain and the strains are strains are strains as a strain and the strains are strains as a strain are s locality to keep a strict lookout. No matter how clear the weather. The most prominent of the shore are the Graham shoals, the north and south. There is buoy blaced on the south side of the former. Upor this there is said to be only four feet of water. On the laster there is a buoy on the south side of the centre of the shoal in fourteen feet water. The Graham shoal, north-northeast and south-southwest of said other, distant five-eighths of a mile.

SPECIAL NOTICES Burnett's Cocosine.

other compound possesses the peculiar prop so exactly suit the various conditions of the l oftens the hair when harsh and dry. It soothes the irritated soals, it affords the richest lustrue. It remains longest in effoct. It prevents the hair from falling off. It promotes its healthy, risorous growth it is not greasy or stoky.

Bleaves no disagreeable odor. It is the best and obsapest hair-dressing h it promotes the growth of the hair, and is from all irritating matter.

MESSES, JOSEPH BURNETT & Co.: I cannot ref

PIRIE & CO

Madison and Peoria-sts.

Offer the following extraordinary bargains, among many others, in Ladies' Underclothing, of which they have a large and elegant assortment, made specially for them, of extra workmanship and material, and at lower prices than ever offered

500 Ladies' Embroidered Corset-Cover Chemises 500 Ladies' Embroidered Corset-Cover Chemises, 50 cents.
300 Ladies' Tucked Corset-cover Chemises, 50c. Large Line Corded and Bias-band Chemises, 60 and 75 cents.
500 Tucked and Embroidered Chemises, \$1.00. 1,000 pairs Ladies' Drawers, tucked and ruffled, 50 cents.
500 pairs Ladies' Drawers, tucked and embroidered, 75 cents.
Large lot Ladies' Drawers, ruffled and embroidered, \$1.25.
1,000 Ladies' Tucked and Hemmed Skirts, 60c. 500 Ladies' Tucked Fine Skirts, 75c.
Large lot of Aprons, Corset-covers, Dressing

Large lot of Aprons, Corset-covers, Dressing Sacques, Night-dresses, etc., at almost half price.

CORSETS Regular \$1 French-wove Corsets, for 50 cents, \$2 quality, fine French-wove Corsets, for \$1.25.
The Corset we sell for \$2 cannot be bought elsewhere less than \$3.50; guaranteed.
We sell at \$2.50 the finest French Corset. imported and warranted the regular \$4.50 quality.

Our Corset Department is the largest in the city, and it will

IT PAYS TO TRADE ON THE Madison & Peoria-sts.

GENTS' PURNISHING GOODS

WINDSOR SCARFS AND OTHER NECKWEAT

Ever brought to Chicago, and ar selling at lower prices than can

67 & 69 WASHINGTON-ST. GREAT

WILSON BROS 67 & 69 Washington-st., Chicago, And Fourth-st., Pike's Opera House, Cincin

WILSON BROS., 67 & 69 Washington-st., Chicago,

And Fourth-st., Pike's Opera House, Cincinna MENS' & BOYS FINE DRESS SHIRTS

J.M. ELDREDGE & CO.'S 55 Washington-st., first door west of State. RAILROAD TIME TABLE, ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAIN

PICHIGAN CENTRAL & GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD based, foot of Lake at. and foot of Eventy-second-a false foot. Grand-second-and 15 Canal-st., corner of Maddoon.

HENRY O. WENTWORTH.

Kansas City and Denver Fast Rx. | 1:00p. m. | 2:00 kansa City Express. | 1:00p. m. | 2:00 kansa City Express. | 1:00p. m. | 7:20 kansa City Express. | 1:00p. m. | 1:00p

Milwankee, Green Bay, Stevens' Point, St. Paul & Minmeapolis, "9 20 a. m. "4:15 p. m. Milwankee, Green Bay, Stevens' Point, Fraisis du Chien, a Worthorn ton them of the Minmapolis, 7:50 p. m. "7:50 p. m. "7:50 p. m. "9:30 p. m. 1 6:45 a. m. 

CHICAGO. BURLINGTON & OUINCY PAIL 17942.
Depote-foot of Lakest. Indiamacar., and Suiteenthell, and Card and Sixteenthells. Telest afters, No. 20 Clarkst., Grand Purise Hotel, and at depots.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.
Otty affices, & Clarkest. (Sherman-House), and & 6
\*\*t., oprior Madison 4\*

| Leane. | Arr

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILEDAD.

Depoi, corner of Yan Buren and Sherman de, Fishel after

Grand Facilie Retain.

Leave. | Arrive. Leave. | Arrive.

Omaha, Leavenw'th Atchison Ez "10:15 a. m. " \$20 p. m. " \$10 p. m. 1 650 a. m. 110:00 p. m. 1 650 a. m. PICNIC GROUNDS.

The elegant new Park of the Turner Park Association will be ready after June 8, for use, for themics, summer an eursions, etc., situated in the Town of Leyden, 16 miles from the Court-House, on the line of the Chicago & Pacific Railroad. Shady groves, open spaces for games, oun-godious buildings, and everything to make it attractive. For information, see C. A. J. HUNKE, becretary, Room 23 Ninon Saidding, or JACOB Mollik, imperimendent Vorwarts' Turner Hall, West, Twelfth-st.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY. \$5 Packages

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY

TRIBUNE OFFICE

# MONEY AND COMMERCE.

FINANCIAL

unate as to experience an increased demand loans that has lately been reported, there is doubt that it exists. The call for accommonant to-day from the money-lenders was untakably more active. New paper is being le by responsible parties, and is easily disnated; merchants and manufacturers who a been holding their customers paper till further are recentling it at the banks. Busirity are presenting it at the banks. Busi-men are in a better mood than during the ig, and are seeking additional means for operations. The amount of clearings in an increase in business. To-day they are

The rates of discount are not unyielding. While the banks report the nominal rate at 0 per cent, it is a fact that large amounts of oney are loaned at 8 per cent. Bank rates are 200 per cent; street rates, 8@18 per cent; real state loans, 9@10 per cent.

Yery little currency is now going to the country. The orders to day are few and small. A onsiderable amount of remittances are now beginder to New York, on the account of country hanks, most of them probably to meet the 1 and 90 day obligations of country merchants, ow due.

New York exchange was quoted to day, between anks, at 25c discount to par for \$1,000, with a liftening tendency. The later quotations were part.

The public debt statement for the month of lay shows adecresse, since April 30, of \$4,456,-

.\$1,724,246,900.00 WERCH INTEREST MAS CRASED SINCE MA-46,538,649.73 33,179,500,00

.\$2,294,455,121.35

. \$ 149,186,683,25 LESS CASE IN THE TREASURY. .\$2,145,268,438,10 .....2,149,725,277.02 mae of debt since June 30, 1873 ... 2,550,276.47

I RESURD TO PACIFIC RATLICAD COMPARIES; INTREET PAYABLE IN LAWFUL MONEY.
pal outstanding ... \$ 64,623,512.00

et accrued and not yet paid ... 1,815,827,80

et paid by United States ... 22,986,691,62

at repaid by transportation of R.698,480 be

17,291,241,56

THE TAX ON SALES OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

THE TAX ON SALES OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

The New York World says in reference to the ovision of the Amendatory Tariff act, levying ax of one-twentienth of 1 per cent on gold, and stock sales:

Mr. Starkweather's proposition, so readily taken up the House of Representatives, lays a tax of one-twentieth of the central tax of one-twentieth of the central tax.

by the House of Representatives, hays a tax of one-twentisth of 1 per cent on all sales of gold, silver, whocks, bonds, etc., to be collected on the 15th and last of each month. Some people in Washington seem to think that the operations of Wall street can endure any amount of taxing; and this particular sitempt at legislation shows forgetfulness of the reduction of the legislation shows forgetralness of the reduction of the lax on stock and gold sales, from one-twentieth down to one-drundredth of I per cent, while we cannot say that it shows that the subsequent shootition of the fax is forgotten. We had supposed, however, that the sollection of the fax by stamps affixed to sale-tickets was so much preferred, that no one, in seeking to restore the tax, would have reverted to the method of periodical returns. The Stock and Gold Exchanges will no doubt protest significant the imposition of this tax. In doing so, we believe they may feel sure that they will receive better treatment by making appearance in person, than by sending paid agents to represent them.

will no doubt protest against the imposition of this ax. In doing so, we believe they may feel sure that hey will receive better treatment by making appearance in person, than by sending paid agents to represent them.

CAUTION TO WOULD-RE SPECULATORS.

Our attention has been called to a weekly publication entitled the Week's Doings in Wall Street, issued by a firm of stockbrokers in New York. Ostensibly a builetin of financial news, its real purpose, as shown by the prospectus, advertisements of the publishers, answers to correspondents, and pseudo newspaper notices, its or allure persons, particularly those of small means, into stock speculation. In New York such a sheet can do but little harm, but in the country, where the character of those who issue it and the nature of the schemes it presents cannot readily be assertained, it is likely to deceive many to their great loss. It is especially planned to attract persons of small capital, farmers, workingmen, and others. "Put" and "call' contracts, and "double privileges," are explained in the most fascinating style, and the reader is assured that, whether stocks rise or fall, he will make a profit certain. Nothing is more certain than that gambling in Wall street is, for the inexperienced, invariably a losing business. Those who advertise these schemes never lose anything by them. They can always protect themselves against their "double-privilege" customers, by "buying and selling" against the farmers, workingmen, and persons of small means to whom they address themselves have to do with them the better off they will be. If they "always make," somebody must always lose. It is not likely that an ignorant and distant operator will get the best of the one who is on the ground, and accustomed to all its unsarantions and slippery ways.

\*\*LATEST.\*\*

New York, June 4.—Mouey, 2@3.

Sterling dull and weaker, with actual business at 4874 for 60-day, and 43004 by for sight. Curtoms receipte, 8392,000.

Gold opened and closed at 11114, with sales during the day, and closi

New Jersey Central. 106 | Bel., Lack. & Western. 108 | St. Paul.

C. C. Thayer & Co. vesterday sold the following property at the Beal Estate Exchange:
In the N. E. % of N. W. % of Sec. 36, T. 33,
B. 13, Block I of 10 acres was sold to F. W.
Adams at \$485 an acre; Block 4, 10 acres, was
sold to D. Weaver at \$450 an acre, Lot 1, Block
17, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of the E. % of
Sec. 29, T. 40, R. 14, 182x118% feet, southwest
corner of Wrightwood and Seminary avenues,
was sold to Mr. F. W. Adams for \$22.50 a foot.
The terms were \$2000 cash believes at 3 acr

streets, will be put up on Wednesday next at the

streets, will be put up of the same place.

C. C. Thayer & Co. sold, on Saturday last, two lots on Main street at \$675 each, and two lots on Farrell street at \$352.50 each, and two lots on The following instruments were filed for record on Thursday, June 4:

Consideration.

Washiensw sv, south of Twelfth st, e f, 24x124 8-10 ft, dated May 27.

Thirty-fifth st, s w cor of Shurtleff sv, n f, 75x804 ft, dated June 2.

Wabash av, n w cor of Thirty-third st, e f, 50x1644 ft, dated June 2. South Dearborn St, 317 ft's of Twenty-seventh st, w f, 25x110 ft, with improvement dated June 3.

Wood st, 125 ft n of Jackson st, w f, 25:125 ft, dated June 1.

Talton st, 272 ft w of Leavist st, n f, 30:1253/
ft, dated May 28. 

dated June 4.

Granger st, 164 ft e of Sedgwick st, 114, 33x150
ft, dated June 3.

Butterfield st, 117 ft s of Twenty-seventh st, w
f, dated May 26, 1873
Butterfield st, 100 ft s of Thirtieth st, e f, 26x
100 ft, with 25x100 ft on same street, 267 ft s Butterned st. not its of ministen as, 0 t. 25x 100 ft, with 25x100 ft on same street, 26f ft s of Twemty-seventh st, wf, dated June 1.

Third sv, 22 ft s of Polk st, c f , 25x101 ft, dated Feb. 3.

Selah st, 172 ft s of Division st, wf, 25x130 ft, dated May 29. dated May 29
West Indians st, 578 ft w of Noble at, n f, 47x
90 5-10 ft, dated June 1.
Macedonis st, s of Ellen at, e f, 25x534 ft,
dated June 3.
Part of n e k of n e k of See 35, 39, 13, dated
April 28, 1873
Part of See 35, 39, 13, dated April 4.
SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS. WITHIN BADIUS AP 

OF COURT-HOUSE,
Part of Block 2, in Powell's Lots 3 and 5, of e

1/2 n e 1/2 Sec 36, 40, 13, dated June 2...... COMMERCIAL,

The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in Chicago during the past twenty-four hours, and for the

Colombia	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
ATTALLA TORRES	1874.	1873.	1874.	1873.
Flour, bris	4,357	6,722	5,037	6,791
Wheat, bu		54,540	81,846	78,762
Corn, bu		135,710	201,390	172,351
Oats, bu		145,420	154,766	151,047
Rye, bu,	1,540	6,180		375
Barley, bu	420	3,100	1,400	18,220
Grass seed, hs	85,210	20,980	24,130	5,000
Flax seed, hs	22,000		····	
Broom corn, that,	22,600	14,000	760	57,598
Cured mests, fbs.	15,590	31,630	783,411	155,201
Beef, bris	LL. COM		62	William .
Pork, brls		270	506	109
Lard, Bs	1 5,825	3,640	118,410	357,167
Tallow, Ibs	37,690	16,330	- saccase	190,900
Butter, Bs	115,895	69,096	63,249	34,760
Dressed hogs, No.				DEST BULL
Live hogs, No	19,544	15,979	11,849	11,162
Cattle, No	4,071	3,529	2,661	1,668
Sheep, No		1,158		
Hides, the	70,355	101,716	140,926	119,919
Highwines, brls.,	196	225	170	327
Wool, 168	192,619	64,750	294,793	190,678
Potatoes, bu	4,682	6,101	505	1,368
Lumber, No. feet		8,061,000	2,372,320	2,865,000
Shingles, No		930,000	2,583,500	
Lath, No		691,000		305,000
Salt, bris	1,500	1,720	2,622	1,465
Withdrawn fr		and the second		74 W

store this morning up to 10 o'clock: 262 care wheat; 492 cars corn; 11,300 bu high-mixed and 17,800 bu No. 2 do by canal; 34 cars oats 2 cars rye: 2 cars barley. Total (792 cars), 276,241 bu corn ; 144,518 bu oats ; 455 bu barley The leading produce markets were less active to-day, with an easier feeling all round, though there were but few cases of a marked decline in prices. The receipts were large, and the shipping movement relatively slow on new bitsiness, though several parties were actually employed in making arrangements to forward produce already bought. The European demand for grain is experiencing a luft, but large quantities are needed to feed the people of more sections of the United States who do not raise their own bread, and there will probably be no difficulty in disposing of all the produce we may have to seit, especially as the labors of the harvest field will very soon draw off the meir and teams now employed in hauling grain to the country markets. The crop prospects are good, but the country is unnually bare of surplus, both in grain and provisions, many of the farmers having sold up very closely.

The demand for dry goods was more active.

hauling grain to the county markets. The crop prospects are good, but the county is unusually bare of surplus, both in grain and provisions, many of the farmers having cold up very closely.

The demand for dry goods was more active than is often winessed at this stage of the season, the upward tendency of prices serving to etimulate the demand. Groceries were moving fairly, and were held at fully late prices in ground, while some lines were quotably higher. There was some excitement in sugars, and prices took another upward turn, crushed and powered advanting to 112/601126, and prices took another upward turn, crushed and powered advanting to 112/601126, and prices took another upward turn, crushed and powered advanting to 112/601126, and prices were in every instance sustained. Fish mer with a large demand at former quotations. Leather, coal, wood, pig-fron, and paints were quoted unchanged. In the oil market fair activity was sparent, without material fluctuations in prices.

The offernings of lumber at the wholesale market were light, and only a few cargers were dust to the posed of at the prices ruling for the past day or two. The yeard trade continues moderately fair. Builting materials were quites, and common trick was quoted; easier at \$6.00, and hims at 76,600 to 44 45% (c. 1200 bit by was placed easier at \$6.00, and hims at 76,600 to 44 465; [1.200 bit of this stage of the season, prices remaining about the same as for previous days of the week. Wood was quite, but quoted higher, though there is very little doing asside from filling small orders from West and the form of the past day or two three was a for previous days of the week. Wood low shade from the prices were quite and above the same as for previous days of the week. Wood was quitely and the same as for previous days of the week. Wood low basis of the season, the high market has been done to the past day or two process of the past days and the provided to the high continual process of the past days and the provided to the past days of the prov

are wanted for the relief of the sufferers on the Lower Mississippi. How it is with lard may be judged from the fact that 50 its were sold in this city yesterday to go to Kamass City for consumption, and in Iows they are actually puting the salted mests of last winter's packing into the ketile, and rendering out the lard they contain. It is also claimed that the bogs now coming in, attracted by relatively high prices, are only so smach taren from the orop of next winter, and that the supply for the next packing season must be so small as to keep up prices to the highest point known in several years. This explains the confidence now exhibited in product, which so many people have unwittingly supposed to be a nure mark of corner. The market closed strong at the following rabge of prices: Mess pork, tash or seller June, \$17.50 (197.55 fo seller July, \$11.70@17.75; do seller August, \$17.35@15.00. Lard; cash or seller June, \$11.00@11.05; do seller August, \$17.35@15.00. Lard; cash or seller June, \$11.00@11.05; do seller August, \$11.45@11.50; summer isid, 10% (19%). Sweet-pickied hams, \$1@10% per b for 18@16 in averages; dry-salted mests, locae, at \$1.60% for shoulders, cash, and \$9.00@2.35 seller July; \$% for short clear, cash, and 9% celler July; \$% for short clear, cash, and 9% celler July; \$% for short clear, cash, and 9% celler July; \$% 500 consecution of the per local control of the per local contro

rices, but the later ones quoted a further decline of 6d per 480 lbs. motivithstanding which New York continued firm. The shipping demand was fair, and the shorts bought rather freely, as a good many of them thought it better to "come in out of the wet." It is will a question in the minds of most operators whether the parties who hold the corn deal in their hands will be able to keep control of it, with continued large receipts; and their were rumors added to day that they were unloading. But all the offerings were taken, and a large number of buying orders were on the floor, many of which seemed at the clone to be unfilled. Seller July opened at 78%, and rose to 5% at the close. Seller the month sold at 56%, closing at 55%, c. Seller August was inactive. Cash No. 2 corn closed at 58%, 6800 but on the 56%, c. 1, 500 but do at 56%, c. 25, 500 but do at 56%, c. 25, 500 but do at 56%, c. 1, 500 but do at 56%, c

ers had fallen, which were sufficient to start regention, but not enough to retard farming operations.
Grass had started up almost at once, giving dairy cows
full feed; and a rapid increase in milk and in the
quality of the buffer were noticeable. Oats were put
in rather dry, but they are now coming forward full of premise. There are conflicting
accounts in regard to winter wheat, which
might be suspicious, but, as the weather of the later
waster months was not such as throws wheat out of
the ground, it may be presumed that its backwardness
or the appearance of poor stands are due mossify to the
dry weather, and, if so, the wheat will quickly recover
under the influence of a warmer sun and of frequent
showers.

they did for the previous full crop; and how, at the time of this year's planting, corn was seld at the Chicago market in the neighborhood of 60 cents, which, less trimportation, furnishes a most handsome margin, and it has been therefore a great inducement for broad planting. The present prospects, then, for a large crop of some are certainly good, and it need not be a master of surprise if it shall be the largest crop eyer raised in the world.

It may here be stated that there is much more old corn in the country and in the hands of farmers than was generally supposed. It was probably held both for speculative purposes, and as a contingency until the prospects for the comming crop could be forecast. Recently large lots were thrown upon the market, and prices receded a tride, but they subsequently railised, for it is a truth, nevertheless, that over a wide extent of the isarming region of our country there is an absolute scarcity of the coarser grains. This is notably so in New England and in the Middle States, where drought prevailed.

CAEL BOARD.

Wheat and corn were moderately active and lower. Other grain and provisions were quiet and unchanged. Call prices ranged as follows:
No. 2 wheat, cash, \$1.174, \$1.185, \$21.167, \$1.174; seller July, \$1.174, \$1.174; seller July, \$1.174, \$1.176, \$21.174; seller July, \$1.174, \$1.190, Corn closed at \$55, \$2.565, \$2.500 bu, seller June, at \$1.174; \$1.500 bu do at \$1.174; \$1.000 bu, seller June, at \$6.50; \$2.500 bu do at \$5.500 bu, \$2.500 bu, \$2.500 bu, \$3.500,

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

ALOHOL—Quotable at \$1.90.

BLANS—Were quota and easy under liberal offerings.
Quotations: Navies, \$2.40,92.50; meditims, \$1.00,92.50.

BROOM-CORN—Was quiet and unchanged as fol-Choice hurl, \$2.54,0; do extra, \$c; corn that will work itself into a choice hurl broom, 75,680; for good do, 6 7c; good to choice shilk braid, \$3.6; inferior brush, 46,5%c.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Common brick are quoted at \$5.00, and lime is easy at 75,680c. Trade is light, Quotations: Michigan stince, \$2.50; New York stinces, casting, \$3.25,85.80; Ulica and Akron cament, \$2.00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ by; Louisville \$60, \$2.20 per bri; Portland cement, \$7.00,97.50; lime in bulk, 75,628; lime or \$1.00, \$1.00, \$1.00 

\$3.006128.00; circle flour heading, Th(692).

EGGS—Were stronger under an improved local demand and smaller offerings. Sales were made at 126-124c.

FEUITS AND NUTS—There was a good degree of animation in the fruit trade. Orders, though meetly for moderate amounts, made a pretty large aggregate, and the miartet relatins its broyant tone. Prices range as follows: Foamion—Dates, 94,64104c; figurants, 16415c; figu, in boxes, layers, 174,645c; Turkish prunes, 184,6415c; figu, in boxes, layers, 184,645c; rarina, loose Mucantel, 83,804,380; rasins, valencia, 124,661 loc; rasins, layers, 83,1663,20; rasina, loose Mucantel, 83,804,380; rasins, valencia, 124,661 loc; Zante currants, 74,680; citron, 32633c; lemon peel, 186,20c, Dousserto—New York apples, extras, 134,641c; filledigan etioed, 134,6416c; filledigan; filledi

24.50. Pro Tre—Large, 50c; small, 85c; bar, 33c. Souden—No. 1, 23c; No. 2, 20c. Land—Pig, 7%c; bar, 6%@5c; lead pipe, 8@9c; cut

LEAD—Pig. 7%C; DBI, 29geRC; Leas quantity, 10%C; Shiks, 260c.

SHEET EIRON—Full casis, 10c; Leas quantity, 10%C; Shiks, 8%C.

SHEET TRON—No. M, 50 rates; Russia from 2, 9, and 10, 20c; do, 51 and 12, 21c; do, No. 1 stained, 20c rates; American Hunsis—A, 15c; B, 12%c.

Galvaniend Ison—No. 166200c; No. 21624, 13c; do, 25623c; Mc; No. 27, 16c; No. 28, 16c. A discount of 15 per cent is made from this list.

WIRE—Nos, 1 to 5, 5c; Tt ov. 10c; 10 to F1, F1c; 12, 11 kc; 13 and 14, 13 kc; 15 and 16, 14c; 17, 15c; 28, 16c; 19 and 19, 120 kc; 18 and 18, 12 kc; 15 and 18, 12 kc; 16 and 20 per cent discount; fence wire, 6c.

NALIS—Were steady at the rates subjoined: 2366 60d, per keg, 53, 75 act; 5d and 3d do, 54.90; 6d do, 34.25; 4d do, 54.50; 3d do, 52.25; 3d do, 16c, 55.75; dimb, 53.28.

NAVAL STORES—Following are the quotations: Manilla rope, 9 h, 18 kg/217/yc; steal rope, 9 h, 14 kg/217/yc; steal rope, 9 h, 14 kg/217/yc; steal rope, 9 h, 18 kg/217/yc; steal rope, 9 h, 18 kg/20c; tarred rope, 9 h, 17 g, 18c; cakum, 9 ba, 18 cabc; tarred rope, 9 hr, 18 kg/20c; manilm, 9 h, 18 cabc; tarred rope, 9 hr, 18 kg/20c; tarred rope, 10 hr, 10 kg/20c; tarred rope, 10 hr, 10 kg/20c; tarred rope, 10 hr, 10 kg/20c; tarred rope, 10 hr, 18 kg/20 SHEET ZING—Full casks, 10c; less quantity, 10%c;

strong at \$5,70(3.5.90; Hungarian, 45(3600, and millet steady at 45(3505. Sales include 20 bags Hungarian at 52(5c; 50 bags at 50c; 280 bags at 450; 280 bags at 47)(c; 40 bags at 450; 50 bags clover at \$5,75; 4 bags at \$5,50. SALT—Was active and steady; Onondaga and Sagi-naw, fine, \$1.70; Canada, do, \$1.80; ordinary course, \$1.90; coarse dismonth, \$2,00; ground solar, \$2,00;

SALT.—Was active and viesdy: Onondaga and Saginaw, fine, \$1.70; Canada, do, \$1.80; crdinary coarse, \$4.90; coarse dismond \$2.90; ground solar, \$2.00; dairy, without bags, \$2.75; dairy, with bags, \$3.00g. 4.60; Ashton dairy, per sack, \$4.90.

TEAS—A liberal amount of orders were placed at fally late prices. We continue to quote: Young hyson, common to fair, \$5645c; do, 500, 506, 506, co, choice to extra me, \$50631.03; common to fine old hyson, 60835c; common imperial, \$48,860c; good to encide de, \$60.6841.05; fair to good guapowder, 75635c; choice Finguary, \$1.05g1.15; cutta Moyune, \$1.8561.40; choice to extra new Japan, \$60631.00; common to good de, \$56.75c; fair to good, do, \$60.70c; common to fine Oolong, \$56.85c; good at Japan, \$00.90c; common to fine Oolong, \$56.85c; good, \$56.56c; choice to extra, \$506.85c; colored natural-leaf Japan, \$00.90c; common to fine Oolong, \$56.85c; good, \$56.56c; choice to extra, \$506.85c; colored natural-leaf Japan, \$00.90c; common \$56.85c; colored natural-leaf Japan, \$506.90c; common \$56.85c; colored natural-leaf, \$75.90c; haif bright, \$60.870c; black, \$500mm, \$56.90c; haif bright, \$60.870c; black, \$500mm, \$56.90c; haif bright, \$60.870c; black, \$500mm, \$56.85c; medium, \$56.90c; common, \$56.85c; medium, \$56.90c;

WOOD—The wood trade was fairly active at the annexed prices: Beech, \$7.50; maple, \$8.50; hickory, \$9.50; slabs, \$5.00,25.50—delivered.

WOOL—There is a good demand, but very little wool has been received yet, and the market is not fairly established. A few small lots have been sold to Western manufacturers, but its shipments East are light. Prices are quoted at a wide and higher range, but are little better than nominal. It is noted that Eastern market, when quotations are still for old wool, quote new wool 10 per cent less. Quotations:

Prime tub washed.

Poor to good tub-washed.

CHICAGO.
THURSDAY EVENTRO, June 4.
The receipts of live stock during the week have been as follows:
Cattle. Hees. Sheep. Hogs. 8,863 20,529 11,349

Wednesday. 2,661 11,349

Total. 7,788 30,541

CATTLE—Fair activity was apparent in the cattle trade to-day, and prices of the different grades of stock were steadily maintained. The range of prices was \$3.006,5.0 (she for poer to choice batchers stock; at \$3.78,30.00 for stocknes; at \$5.906,5.75 for fair to good shipping betwee; and at \$5.906,5.0 for poer to choice betchers stock; at \$3.78,30.00 for stocknes; at \$5.906,5.00 for or choice to extra do. Milch cowes sold at \$35.006,50.00, and weal calves at \$3.76,65.50. The market closed steady.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra Beeves—Graded steers, averaging 1,400

Be and over. 90.00 for the steers, averaging 1,400

Choice Beeves—Pine, fest, well formed 3 year to 5 year old steers, averaging 1,250 to 1,400 fbs. 5.80,65.00

Good Beeves—Well-fattened, finely formed steers, averaging 1,100 to 1,250 fbs. 5.40(35,70)

Market slow and dull; Yonkers, \$5,25,65.50; heavy, \$5,75,65.55.

BALTIMORE, With the advance mostly lock. Very best on sale, \$5,65,67.45; that generally rated first quality, \$5,75,66.61; medium or good fair, \$5,25,65.75. Receipts, \$3,77; sales, \$1,606. (B.25; receipts, \$1,506. (B.25; r

from store, \$1.30@1.40 per bu; mixed lots, \$1.00@1.10
per bu.

POULTRY—Large spring chickens were offered to
day, and sold readily, at \$3.00@3.60, but small and old
stock was dull and week. Turkeys and ducks were
slow. We quote: Turkeys, live, \$2.61c; chickens, dive,
\$2.60@3.25; spring, \$1.60@3.50; large do, \$3.00@3.50
per doz; geece, \$5.00; ducks, \$2.75.

SEEDS—Excepting a fair inquiry for Hungarian,
there was little doing in this department. Timotity
was dull and essy at \$2.00@2.70; clover scarce and
strong at \$3.76@3.50; Hungarian, \$6.650e, and smilles

B stock boards. 14.00 (e16.00 Common boards, outside for dry 11.50 (e13.00 Joist, scantling, fencing, timber, 75 feet and under, outside price for dry 11.50 (e18.00 Jobst and scantling, 18 to 24 feet 14.00 (e18.00 Hokets, square. 18.00 (e15.00 Hokets, square. 18.00 (e15.00 Hokets, square. 18.00 (e15.00 Hokets, square. 19.00 (e15.00 Ho

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

Liverpoot, June 4—11 s. m.—Floor, 27s 6d. Whest
—Winter, 12se 6d; pring, 10s 96d-11s 5d; white,
12s 7d-612s 10d; club, 12s 9d-618s. Corn, 38s. Pork,
67s 6d. Lard, 50s 6d.
Liverpoot, June 4—139 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—139 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—139 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—139 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—139 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—129 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
unchanged.
Liverpoot, June 4—129 p. m.—Lard, 51s 3d. Best
12s 60d-12s 9d; club do, 12s 9d-13s; red Western
spring, 10s 3d-21is 4d; red winter, 12s-212s 2d.
Flour, 72s. Corn, 38s.
—Provisions—Lard, 52s. Bacon—Long clear middles,
48s-3d. Tallow, 39s.

Turpentine—29s.
LoxDox, June 4.—At a meeting of the Bank of
England Directors to—day, the rate of discount was redused to 3 per cent. Rate for money at Stock Exchange on Government security, 2½ per cent. Rate
in open market, for 3 months bills, 2½ per cent. Rate
in open market, for 3 months bills, 2½ per cent. Rate
in open market, for 3 months bills, 2½ per cent. Bullion in the Bank of England increased 2683\_000. Proportion of bank reserve to Hability, which was last
week 43½ per cent, is now 33½ per cent. Consciss—
Money, 22% 22s 3d, 22s 6d.

Pathow—4is 8d-2is 5d,
Petroleum—Bedned, 11s.
Linseed Oil—25s 3d-2is 6d.

Pathos 4—Species in the Bank of France increased 16,022,000 francs during the past week.

Rentes, 80f 95c.

New York Dry-Groods Market.

Rateroses and moderate with

New York Bry-Goods Market.

New York, June 4.—Business only moderate with commission houses, and jobbing branchess were quiet. Cotton goods quiet but steady at ruling prices. Associated and the statement of the prices. As a second of the se

delain mills are running again."

The Pittsburgh Oil Market.
Pryssums, June 4.—Crude quiet; quoted at 971/0 (\$41.00; refined quoted at 183/6183/0.

The Produce Mari-sta.

NEW YORK, Mary Corros—Presser; middling upland, 185/0; fruures closed steady; sales 25,100 haise; June, 154/618 3-20.

Bytanorurys—Flour in liftle better request; quotations unchanged; receipts, 12,000 hris. Rey slour sund corn meal unchanged. Whest highs surphy and signify higher; receipts, 12,000 hris. Rey slour sund corn meal unchanged. Whest highs surphy and signify higher; receipts, 12,000 hris. Rey slour sund sorn meal unchanged. Whest highs surphy and signify higher; receipts, 12,000 hris. Rey slour sund sorn meal unchanged when higher and sline-sot agring, 18,4621.50; huggeded lows and Minne-sot agring, 18,4621.51; winter red Western, 41.86; white Western, 19,5761.52; No. 1 milleumber, 18.86.

more doing; middling, IT'se.

Braderuty = Flour dill and wat

Spring higher; No. 2 Chicago, \$1.10; winter

No. 3 red, \$1.22%. Corn active and higher;

No. 3 red, \$1.22%. Corn active and higher

mixed, 68@00c on track and cipvators. One

No. 2, 440 on track. Barby and yes to

No. 3 red, \$1.22%. Corn active and higher

Whitsatt-Steady at 96c.

Provisions—Fort higher at \$18.2618.50 to

For extra heavy. Drysalted means into and him

ing; clear rib at Kansas City, 9c. Bacon quis; as

order trade, Lard firm; summer steam, 10%c.

RALTIMORE.

Baltimore, June 4. Directory

inquiry, but unchanged. Wheat steady; One

Indians red, \$1.55618.6; western spring, H.Rdl.

Corn—Now mixed western, \$7.677%; old, 7c. co.

Wheatern dull; mixed, 506,620; while, come

Ryc dull at \$1.05.

Provisions—Dull. Little offering. For the

Bulk mesis—Shoulders, \$7.67%; clear rib, \$11.2618

Bulk mesis—Shoulders, \$1.2618

Bul

MILWAUKEE.

PREDICEUM—Quiet, steady, and unchanged.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINSATI, O., June 4.—BRADESUTES—BESSAY, Whest in light demand; holders speed in steady at 85-607c. Outs quiet and unchanged to 10.85. Barloy dull, unsettled, and irregular at 11.05. Barloy dull and nominal.

OUTS—Tunchanged.

EGGS—Scarce and firm at 13%-614%a.

BUTTES—Dull and unchanged.

OREKES—Scarce and firm at 13%-614%a.

PROVISIONS—Fork fair and firm; sales was interior points, \$11.50; city held at 130.04. Let in fair demand and lower rates; sales insite, in secting, 11.5c; generally held at 114-611%c. Data and fair at 114-611%c.

BUTTALO,

BUTTALO, June 4.—BREADSCUTTS—West duli; in a 2 Millwaukee held at \$1.35 without havers. Com in fair demand and firm; sales 40,000 bu, part at 616, part on p. 1. Outs dull and nominal at 56c.

Fixtourus—Grain ateady; lumber, 25c; and saves 12%c lower.

rs—To Buffalo, nominal at 8@31/c; to Ores

NEW ORLEANS, June 4.—Provisions—Pork in and demand and 95c firmer at \$18.75(\$19.00. Lard front incree, 126131c; keg, 125; 6125; c. Others unchanged to the control of the c

SUMMER RESORTS. WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS

WEST VIRGINIA, FAMOUS for its alterative vators and fashlouds paironage, will be opened on the lish of May. Charges to July 1.—Monthly, 63 per day; weekly, 24.8 per day; weekly, 25 per day; weekly, 25 per day.

For the months of July and August Monthly, 25.8 per day; weekly, 25 per day.

Descriptive Damphiets at the Drug Store of Busics Raymer, corner of biase and Madissensus.

GRORGE L. PRYTUS & CO.

SWEET, CHALYBEATE SPRINGS ALLEGHANY COUNTY, VA.,

Will open June 1. Charges for the months of June and September 19, the month, \$1.50 per day; by the week, \$2 per day; por July and August — Monthly, \$2 per day; weeks, \$2.50 per day.

Phamplets at Drug Store of Buck & Rayner, corner at State and Madison size.

GEORGE L. PETTON & CO., Proprieton.

COL. CHARLES S. PETTON & CO., Proprieton.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS Keithsburg and Eastern Raihral the Company is a consequent of the Blockholders of coording to late:

Resolution was adopted, and ordered to be coording to late:

Resolved, That a meeting of the Blockholders of Reithstorry & Blostern Railroad Company by the consequence of the property of the property of the purpose of the coordinate of the coordinate of the coordinate of the coordinate of the purpose of the pu

EDUCATIONAL. REBLE SCHOOL,

SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Bearding School for Louis Locales and Collings, 1877

the supervision of the current New York. The HUNTROUGH

B. T. D. HUNTROUGH

For the Collings of the Coll

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

the Fox Rive who might be ment. He veferan far try, had illinois to a law portion o to welcome the first mobily as a so honored him the field and of the State. waved above estigma of hit has day, the cold. (There we would be seen the first and the state.)

Gen. Wilco

the Fox Rive

supposed that deforence to he loquence, for of words. LAI again, when he eration of the the wondrous country, and perity such as tions of the east lowers of ci [laughter] out yet too old to fluence. [Appl grow so old, o and to love mothers and d the male mem which would it that hearts w [Loud applane.] The old gen of that part of concluded by

The following guests and my fines. J. L. Be Hon. August ton, Lieut.-Coter, Allan Pin the Hon. Abra Wilmarth. J. Esseman, Taylor, Henr ford, Cyrus Comail, G. Pacture, O. I. Among the tiem "werg Mminister who Nancy Kimb bey, Mrs. Her Mrs. Perkins, Berge, Mrs. Marsin, Mrs. Miss. Dixon, b White, Mrs.

Ample just lent repast, and to them, as all of them, as and who has all of them, and who has a time who come that to come the features as all of the features as a which, in lease they had seen the gathering years were who, in all of the features as a which, in lease they had seen the features the finess in the seen a which is all of the features as a feature the features and the features as a feature the features as a feature the features and the features and the features as a feature the features as a feature the features as a feature the features and the features as a feature the features and the features and the features are all of the features and the feat

stiged. Sugar active bad ; new meas, \$18,00@18.12w the fac July. Boot sundy the fac bridges windy loans clear, 19%c. Lark & Fune; 11%@11%c July

est 318.28 218.50, the latter od means firm and little do-lity, 9c. Bacon quiet; suly summor steam, 10%c.

Wheat steady; Ohio and Western spring, \$1.35 Gl.st., 776 77%; c; old, 79c. Oats 60.642c; white, 63.654. offering. Port man.

perubra-Wheat dall Re

SVIII.E.
OTYON—Quiet at 17a/c.
a shade casier; for fancy
snged. Corn quiet at 786
b. Ryc, \$1.10.
rs, \$15.25. Bacon quiet at 186
hams, 13k/c; plain, 12k/c.
changed. Lard, 12k/c.212k/a.

firm. Mass pork, \$17.50, firmly at the, Dry-sailed boxed middles 9%c. Larkc; to Ouwago, 91/c. bris; wheat, 174,000 bu, 10 bris; wheat, 192,000 ba. ow Orain market dy, and unchanged.

NNATI.

4. Breadstures - Flour mand; holders firm at 195.

ta quiet and unchanged at led, and irregular at 61.00

# 181/014%a und firm; sales country at my hold at \$18.00. Lard in less cales kettle, but evenat 11:401114c. Bufk meets
65:654, a. spot; 75c buyes
95c, the latter at instrict
15; clear, 95c, Bacen
clear rih, 10c; clear, 105c.

6c. bris; wheat, 11,600 bu; 8070, bring wheat, 29,000 buj

ominal at 8@31/c; to Own

4 sight, %0 premium ; ster-RESORTS.

IRGINIA, tive waters and fashionalds in the lish of May. ly, \$2 per day; weekly, \$2.50 and August-Monthly, 63.6 the Drug Store of Buck & Madiscovers.
ORGE L. PEYTON & CO. BEATE SPRINGS

HUR SPRINGS.

COUNTY, VA., n June 1. of Buck & Rayner, corner

RS' MEETINGS. STOCKHOLDERS Eastern Railroad of Directors of the Keitheompans, held at the office of the following the following ordered to be published as

of the Stockholders of the litroid Company to and here a chice of the Company, as are, Ill., at 3 c'elock p. m., for the purpose of authority of the company of the property o to exceed two million (02,500,000), for the purchase raid raffred. Each Stock resent in person or by proxy. MITH. Pro TIONAL

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USE, N. Y. Children, Spring
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AGO MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Office, 15 Vanish great
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Dr. Kean RK -NT., UNICATO, By the by small, free of charge by DR. J. KRAN and by the company of the PA

Fourth Anniversary Meeting of the Fox River Valley Association.

OLD SETTLERS.

speeches by Gov. Beveridge, E. W. Brewster, and Others.

Election of Officers.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

figur, Ill., June 4.—The tourth anniversary celebration of the Old Settlers' Association of Fox River Valley was held in this city to-day at the Pair-Grounds building. The weather, in the forenoon, was intensely hot, but the attendance was very large. At a quarter to 12 o'clock.

THE PROCESSION

formed on the square, and, preceded by the City Band, the cortege drove slowly around the principal sizests, and reached the grounds by a circuitous route. The audience, to the number of 500 persons, male and female, then filed into the Wigwam, in which seats were provided, and a generous feast was tastefully laid out on extemporized tables. The speakers' stand was wreathed with evergreens, and profusely decorated with the national colors.

DR. JOSEPH TEFT,

stand was wreathed with evergreens, and profusely decorated with the national colors.

DR. JOSEPH TEFT,

President of the Association, called the meeting
to order, and briefly welcomed the guests. He
did not profess to be much of an orator, and
would beg leave to call on his more youthful
friend, Gen. J. S. Wilcox.

THE WELCOMING ADDRESS.

Gen. Wilcox delivered the welcoming address,
in which he paid a high tribute to the ladies of
the Fox River Valley, especially those of them
who mightbe called the moshers of the settlement. He also alluded to the very many
veleran farmers who, by their industry, had raised that lovely portion of
Illinois to a height of prosperity not excelled by
any portion of the United States. He was glad
to welcome there Gov. Beveridge. [Amplause.]
Their thief Magistrate had performed his part
poly as a soldier of the Union, and the people
henored him equally for his gallant record in
the field and his tried integrity as the Executive
of the State. [Applause.] The old flag which
wated above them had been freed from the
sigms of human slavery, and, beneath its folds
that day, the foot of ne slave pressed American
soil. [Uneers.]
Gen. Wilcox then alluded in eloquent terms to
the progress made by Northern Illinois during
twenty-five years. They met without pomp,
parde, or other formality. There would be
tossis and speeches, but the chief business of
the gathering would be the interchange of friendly sentiments. He, in conclusion, reiterated the
whome of the citizens to all who had honored
the anniversary celebration by their presence.

Dr. Teft, the Chairman, then called upon Mr.
E. W. Experster, a gentleman who has attained
the advanced age of 81 years, and who is still
vigorous. His appearance was greeted with
theers.

soprano, Mrs. Young and Mrs. Bentley alto, Mr. Black and Mr. Kelsey tenor, and Messrs. Gross and Wells bass.

THE GUEETS.

Gross and Wells bass.

The following were among the distinguished guests and members of the Association: The Hon. J. L. Beveridge, Governor of Illinois; the Hon. J. L. Beveridge, Governor of Illinois; the Hon. Augustus Adams, the Hon. James Herrington, Lieut. Col. Josslyn, the Hon. J. A. Carpenter, Allan Pinkerton, Rice Fay, J. P. Bartlett, the Hon. Abraham Gale, C. N. Holden, Homer Wilmarth, James Crow, H. L. Falkland, Z. Eastman, E. W. Austin, T. L. Morgan, E. A. Brewster, Parsons Gilbert, G. W. Kimball, L. S. Taylor, Henry Sherman, H. Gifford, Abel Gaifend, Cyrus Larkin, J. R. McLean, E. K. W. Comull, G. P. Harvey, J. O. Bosworth, F. L. McLure, O. Davidson, and many othera.

Among the distinguished female "Old Settlen" were Mrs. N. C. Clark, widow of the first minister who officiated in the Valley; Mrs. Nancy Kimball, Mrs. S. J. Kimbark, Mrs. Jenney, Mrs. Hawitt, Mrs. Lovell, Mrs. P. Delford, Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Devenin, Mrs. Daggett, Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. Devenin, Mrs. Buckber, and Mrs. Allen.

Amble institute her Eveninger.

Amble institute her Deveninger.

white Arr. Whelan, Mrs. Phillips, Mrs. Buckner, and Mrs. Allen.

Gov. Deveribes.

Ample justice having been done to the excellent repart, the audience once more "rallied round he fing," and the President said that the next speaker would be one who was endeared to all of them, as a soldier, as a patrick, and as an exentive officer. He called upon Gov. Beveridge. [Cheers.]

Gov. Beveradge expressed his heartfelt thanks for the very kind welcome which they had given him. He would much rather have sat in the background and histened to the remarks of others who were older than himself, and who had lived longer in the Fox River Valley and in the State of Illinois than he had. Last night he left Springfield and resched light fint morning in time for breakfast. There was attime when it took people about two weeks to seem that far. This was, in itself, an evidence of the progress of the age, and gdiarantee of the fastures of the future. If by an old settler was meant an old man, he could not plad guilty to that charge. Although, as sather Brewster had said, the silver hua of time had shed fielf over his brow and beard, he may not an old man, be would not have any of the young ladies imagine that he was a sury young man either. [Laughter.] Fifty was had not yet passed over him, sayd he haped, before being gathered to eternity, to see paster developments yet in that fair Valley of the Fox River, and over all the State.

the for fiver, and over all the State. [Aplead overnor then went into a description of
a gathering of the Jewish patriarohs, whose
har were counted by generations, and
the in all their long life-time, had
the sean anything approaching the wonders
that, in less than half the age of modern man,
any had seen. When he first settled in Hilipois,
thirty-three years ago,—Shawneetown in the
sent, and Galena in the north were the chief
has in the State. Since then what a magic
timp had been effected. He could point to
eity after eity rising in majestic beauty—Ohicago
the pide and queen of them all. He could
pain to a splendid country, inhabited by
a limity and highly-mielligent population.
It could point to countiess railroads
and to lands teeming with produce. All
the had, in a marvelously short space, taken
the place of the aborigines, and hade the wide
rouns yield up to the hands of industry the
same that lay hidden in their boscum. [Aplead of the short of the state of the same in the state of the
target of the state of the them of one
hard millions of people—their hacks to the
forest of the North—one hand on the Atlantic
to our shores. [Cheere.] The
the recipies of the country of the magic of
the produce of the fairprotune of the Republic. No coscan double
aum in, for it was written in the Book of

Time that the people of the Northwest were to sway the destinies of the United States. [Applause.]

The Governor then feelingly alluded to the widows of decased settlers, and recalled the time when he had laid his loved mother to her eternal rest in the bosom of that fair valley. To the young generation, he gave the advice that they be not too hasty in assuming the grave responsibilities of life, which would come soon enough, but, in the bright days of their youth to treasure all that was virtuous and good, to improve their minds, and so prepare themselves to fill the places vacated by their fathers when the "long roll" of Providence should summon them to eternity. He concluded by topping often to meet the settlers of Fox. Burer Valley at these reunions. [Loud applause.]

of Fox-River Valley at these rennions. [Loud applause.]

MR. A. O. THROOF,
of Chicago, was next introduced, and delivered a very brief speech, in the course of which he urged his hearers to ally religion with education, so that they might grow up honest as well as intellectual. Enlightened scoundrals would be the curse of the country. The public-school system, allied to religion, was the bulwark of liberty. [Applause.]

curse of the country. The public-school system, allied to religion, was the bulwark of liberty. [Applause.]

The Hon. Augustus Adama having been loudly called for, spoke a few words of congratulation, and hoped that each year might add to the prosperity of their beautiful valley.

The Hon. J. R. Harrington next spoke on general matters, and grew eloquent describing the pastern beauties of the Fox River.

Col. Josslyn delivered a very humorous speech, which was replate with Indicrous reminiscences and his early career as a settler.

The oration of the Colonel was rather rudely interrupted by a very strong and sudden gale, which shook the building to its foundations, and produced no little commotion among the people. Nobody ran away, however, and the speech was concluded in regular form.

This ended the oratorical exercises, and the members of the Association proceeded to elect officers for the ensuing year, the vote resulting as follows:

Precident—Dr. J. Teft,
Vice-Presidents—O. P. Harvey, F. W. Wright, E. K. W. Cornell, J. C. Boaworth, F. L. McChure.

Secretary—H. Thompson,
Treasurer—O. Davidson,
Executive Committee—C. W. Brewster, H. Gifford, S. W. Kingsley, J. S. Lee, D. S. Hammond, J. P. Bartlett, J. A. Carpenter, H. Sherman, A. Pingles, A. Kershaw, Agustus Adams, J. L. Harrington.

The Association adjourned amid a pellting storm of wind and rain. By the way, the "Old Settlers" are rasher superstitions as regards the weather. All the preceding anniversaries were dampened by rain, and that of to-day only escaped until dinner was over. Nevertheless they intend to keep celebrating for many a year to come.

The Insane Asylum will be visited by the Governor and other gentlemen to-morrow.

Miscellaneous Business Transacted

THE COURTS.

The progress made by Northern Illinesis during the progress made by Northern Illinesis during the progress with the condensation, reiterated the cases and speeches, but the chief business of the gathering would be the interchanged friendly sentiments. He, in conclusion, reiterated the wholes, Cloyes & Co., wholesale grocers, began a suit in assumpsit against William Gittine, I. W. Exerciser, a gentleman who has attained the advanced age of 31 years, and who is still tigorous. His appearance was greeted with the factors of the cases. The progress of the chief business of the chief business of the chief business of the cases. The progress of the chief business of the country and the c

ment of a Receiver, and an account.

Judge Farwell rendered a decision yesterday morning in the case of Frank against Tolman & King. The complainant had, it seems, sold a policy for \$5,000 in the State Insurance Company to a broker named Whitman; he sold it to S. H. Southworth, and from the latter it was transferred for 20 cents on the dollar. Frank claimed that the transfer was made in bad faith by the defendants, who knew of the value of the policy, and, through their broker, caused frandulent representations to be made to him, whereby he was induced to sell his policy at 10 cents on the dollar. From the evidence it appeared however, and Judge Farewell decided, that the sale was in good faith as far as the defendants were concerned, that it was not show that Whitman had any connection with the defendants, but appeared to have bought on his own account on speculation. A decree was accordingly rendered in favor of the defendants, dismissing the bill.

The arguments in the McCord will case, which have been progressing nearly a week, were finished yesterday at noon, and the instructions, which were of enormous length, given to the jury. At 3 o'clock the jury retired with leave to seal their verdict.

UNITED STATES COURS.

J. R. Payson, Assignee, began a suit for \$2,000 against Henry Weish, Jr., executor of C. L. Lewis, deceased, and Carrie Batten and Mrs. C. Joyce.

against Henry Welch, Jr., executor of C. L.
Lewis, deceased, and Carrie Batten and Mrs. C.
Francis M. Lyon began a suit against the Protection Life Insurance Company on a policy of insurance, claiming \$10,000.

BANKEUTCY ITEMS,
J. McGrath filed a petition against Isabella S. Wood, of this city, claiming that she is indebted to him in the sum of \$265.30, as evidenced by a promissory note for that amount. McGrath also alleges that Mrs. Wood is insolvent and unable to secure his debt; that she has repeatedly put him off by promises, so as to be able in the meantime to dispose of her stock of goods. A rule to show cause Feb. 10 was made.

Twelve days ago the first National Bank of Chicago filed a petition against Joseph E. Young, assuming to act as Managor, of the Chicago, Danville & Vinceuses Rallroad Company, assuming to act as Managor, of the Chicago, Danville & Vinceuses Rallroad Company, and a promissory note for \$6,500 to S. J. Walker, which was afterwards indorsed to the bank. It is claimed that Young had no power to make the note as Managor of the Railroad Company, or to bind it, and the Company has repudiated his authority. Moreover, the Company is insolvent, and suit against it would be unavailing. It is moreover charged that Young, on the 25th of December, made a conveyance to one J. Morris of the E. J. of the N. W. J. of Sec. 7, 37, 14, and also Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18 in Wilder's South Addition to Chicago, the whole being worth about \$20,000, with intent to give Morris a preference. A rule to show cause June 3 was issued. On that day a denial was filed by Mr. Young, who, it is understood, simply guaranteed the note.

S. J. Pope and H. J. Cater filed a petition against W. F. Storey, Carlyle Mason, George Mason, John Mohr, J. A. Mason, and the Crane Brothers Mannfacturing Company, for a mechanic's lien to the amount of \$3,718.83.

Emily J. Mannington began a suit in attachment against A. M. Freelove, to recover \$1,250. Stine Phillips brought unit for \$5,000 against the People's Fire Insurance Com

award of the estate of Richard Randall was ap-proved, and her selection filed.

Lettifa Ward was appointed guardian of John Ward, under an approved bond of \$400.

The following lunacy cases were tried, and the jury returned vardicts of insanity in each case: Hatis Witkop, S. O. Edwards, and Bridget Long. On petition of John C. Roehler, the Court or-dered a warrant and venire, returnable forth-with, to try the question of alleged insanity of Mary Roehler, and the jury returned a verdict of insane.

Mary Roshler, and the jury returned a verdict of insane.

The alleged insanity of August Felingme was tried, and the party was found to be as sane as the jury who sat upon the case.

The cases of M. Kunser and Joseph Johnson were continued one week.

The files of the estate of John Maddock were restored, and the administrator discharged on payment of costs.

Grant of guardianahip was issued to Lewis Issacson as guardian of Annie C. Johnson, a minor, under an approved bond of \$500.

The guardian of Frederick Lohmann was discharged from further liability on petition of his ward, who has attained his majority.

The partnership inventory and appraisement of the estate of Andrew J. Hayward was approved.

JUDGE MCEORBETS — Assists Judge Gary.

JUDGEMENTS.

SUPERIOR COURT — JUDGE GARY.—Enos Ayres v. Adam Smith, Pierson N. Smith, Sparrow M. Nickesson, and Sameal Smith, \$15,875.—George Browning et al. v. John B. Young and A. Green Coursen, \$283.10.

—E. H. Suesad v. Otto Joons and Hans Hansen, \$119,50.—Mian M. Dwikee v. William H. Condon, \$100.—The American Bridge Company v. Calvert S. Rebanks, \$134.41.—L. J. Mabie et al. v. S. M. Hunt, Jr., \$252.47.—Ellen Place v. Byron A. McCulloch, Jinkus Ehret, and Orrin F. Place, \$1,234.68.—Gibbert Hubbard et al. v. F. T. Adams and George Adams, \$224.88.—Thomas M. Jones et al. v. F. M. Astinson and G. K. Schwenberger, \$231.65.

CIRCUIT COURT—CONFESSIONS.—James W. Converse et al. v. Bridget O'Reilly and John I. O'Reilly, \$730.

JUDGE ROGERS.—Joseph Bell v. Julius Bauer, Herman Baner, and William Swinburn, wardiet \$300.

FUDGE TREE.—Albert F. Dickinson v. Commercial Insurance Company, \$1,800.—Same v. Same, \$1,400.—Field, Leiter & Co. v. Albany City Insurance Company, \$1,60.

Field, Leiter & Co. v. Albany City Insurance Company, \$16,531.50.

An English Couple's Fate.

From the New York Sun, May 28.

In September, 1872, Henry Austin, allas "Waddams," was tried and convicted on a charge of horse-stealing in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Middlesex County, N. Y., and was sentenced to State Prison for five years. Previous to his departure for Treston the Deputy Sheriff permitted his wife to visit him. On one occasion, she appeared at the gate with a large fruit-cake, which she said she wished to give to Austin. The officer examined the cake, and, in the centre, nicely stowed away, found a small steel saw, a steel knife blade, and a handcuff key that had been stolen from the Deputy-Sheriff's office. She was arrested for attempting to aid Austin's escape, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Upon the expiration of her term, she had an interview with her husband, and promised to remain true to her marriage vow until he served out his sentence. This she failed to do, which, coming to Austin's ears, so disheartened him that he committed suicide by cutting his throat with a shoemaker's knife. Mrs. Austin, who was a beautiful and accomplished woman in November last left Trenton, a wacet of her former self.

On the 23d of November the body of a woman ill-clad was found by a tramp lying near a brook alongside the Pennsylvania Railroad, between Linden and Rahway. The only clue to its identity was an envelope addressed "Mr. Alexander Molatosh, Glossop Boads, Sheffield, England," and scrawled on the reverse side was the name of "Maria Elizabeth Asstin." The body was intered. Testerday a new phase was put on the case by the reception of a letter from Mr. McIntered. Testerday a new phase was put on the case by the reception of a letter from Mr. McIntered. Testerday a new phase was put on the case by the reception of a letter from Mr. McIntered. Testerday a new phase was put on the case by the reception of a letter from Mr. McIntered. Testerday a new phase was put on the case by the recep

BOARDING AND LODGING.

8 PARK-ROW-ONE FRONT ROOM AND ONE
10 And 12 ELDRIDGE-COURT-NICELY FURapplying at the slove place. Table board, can be had by

15 TWENTY-SECOND-ST.—A PLEASANT FRONT FRONT FRONT FRONT WITH allowe to rest, with board, in first-class 100 THIRD-AV., NEAR HARRISON-ST.—BRICK house; board for ladies and gentlemen, \$4 to \$5.50 per week, with use of piano; day board, \$6. 153 EaST RANDOLPH-ST. WASHINGTON 153 Dining-mom.—One very destrable handsomely furnished room; commutation tickets \$5.00 for \$4.00.

281 MICHIGAN-AV.—A PLEASANT SUITE OF rooms and single room, with board.

286 rooms, with or without board, at reduced terms for the summer; lake front; references required.

414 WABASH-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED turnished; but and cold water in rooms. Modern conveniences. 447 WABASH-AV.-RLEGANT FRONT ROOM; 470 WABASH-AV. - PLEASANT ROOMS TO 410 rent, with first-class board.

748 MICHIGAN-AV.— ELEGANT ROOMS ON the second floor, furnished, with board, for gentlemen, and wives or single gentlemen. Also, day-board. A. MCALLINTER.

982 STATE-ST., CORNER TWENTY-FIRST—18 Board and lodging by the week; also furnished rooms in suits or single, to rent. Day-boarders

nished rooms in suits or amglo, to rent. Day-boarders wanted.

1176 MABASH-AV., CORNER TWENTY-SIXTHst.—A splendid suite of front rooms, and rooms for consistency, with board.

1362 WABASH-AV.—WANTED—A MARRIED boarders; buses base the door every 10 minutes. Firstclass accommodation.

West Side.

22 ABERDEEN-ST.—A FEW ATTRACTIVE rooms, with best view and contiliation, for two married couples or young people; all conveniences: superior table; an miviling home in most desirable location. Water, beth-room, etc.

A LARGE FRONT ROOM IN A BRAUTIFUL LO.
A cality on the West Side to rent, with board. Address K, care Carrier No. 9, with references.

WARREN.AV.—A FURNISHEND FRONT ROOM TO real, with board; use of bath-room, not and cold water; terms moderate. Address Wes. Tribune office.

North Side.

271 RAST INDIANAST.—TWO NICELY FURNISHED WHO NICELY FURNISHED WAS AND 150 WABASH-AV., I near Monroe et.—First-class board at very moderate rates. Transients \$2 per day.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD BY A YOUNG MAN WORKING IN THE city, and whose parents live in the country; must be a private family; will not be in town on Sundays. Address, stating terms, M.C.R., Tribune office.

BOARD BY A YOUNG MAN IN A private family where there will be up other bearders. References exchanged. Address 8 80, Tribune office.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—RAILROAD TICKETS TO ALL points less than regular fars: Omaha, New York, and Durger, cheap; tickets bought. W. F. CHAT. ITELD, 75 Clark-st., basement.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHA NOR—A SIMPLE, CHEAP, and effective acticle for use in every household; goods with right to configurat profits; owner sick. Call at Room 6, 127 South Clark-st. Room 5, 127 South Clark-81.

POR SALE—GRAIN AT BUSCH & RRAND'S Devestry; cheep by the wagon-load.

POR SALE—CHTY AND COUNTY MAPS, OFFICE ROOM SALE—CHTY AND COUNTY MAPS, OFFICE SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FOR AN OPEN CAPTARS, one set solitaire diamond earrings. A. RIVETT, 361 West Madison-st.

TOB SALE-OR EXCHANGE FOR GOOD OHIcan or suburban property, a first-class fruit-farm,
smiles south of St. Joseph, Bicha; St series in fruitmiles south of St. Joseph, Bicha; St series in fruit, all
suring trees, having large copp this great; the improveunits are first-class, overtooling the labe and known as
w Contage on the Old. SAYDER & IEEE, Real Estate,
Sixon Building. 4 Nixon Building.

I/OR NALE—80,000 AURIS OF CHOICH LAND IN case body, in northern Texas, at \$2 per acre. H. UMMINGS, 102 East Randelph-et,

I/OB SALE—DOWN. DOWN. DOWN—CHOICH Western lands for east; must be sold at once. Titles perfect. M. EABLY, Room 12, 122 Madison-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE - BY KERR DAVISON & WHICH, Red Males Design and England Oil Slook, 16 Let Sile-st.

188 Iost on Thirty-third and Thirty-fifthests, between Vallece and Deshiel, at a law prices and on easy forms.

8 lots on Folk, Lewitt, and Oakley-sta cond Western-sv.

20 Ioss on Western-av. near Righteenth-st.
The best bargain on State-sta, near Harrison.

Beyond choap agen tracts. HOR SALE SOUTH PARK BOULEVARD locking feet, corner South Park Boulevard and Forty-first-st. SNYDER & LEE, 16 Nixon Building, northeast corner Montros and Least 19 Nixon Building.

Monros and Labelests.

FOR SALE-SXISS FEET, NORTHEAST CORNER
Of State and Twentieth-sta, with improvements renting fee shad. A law vectors loss, well feested, with the taken in part pay. SNYDER A Line 14 Nixon Building, northeast corner Monros and Labelests. FOR SALE OAKWOOD HOULEVARD AND Rean-av. (Thirty-minth-st.) Beaufird lots at very long prime, and on very easy terms. Call for a plat and look at the property. There is neithing challen, chasper, therein, and contains a local property of the plat and contains a property. There is neithing challen, chasper of commerces. HEN, is Chamber of Compares.

TOR SALE—JUST RINISHED, TRN 2 BOOM COTtages on Tarker, six blocks east of Central Park,
Every attention has been given in constructing them
honesty. Frice 93, 56a, with from \$100 to \$50 cash, and
balance in monthly payments of from \$35 to \$55. in per
month, inquire on the premises, or to room \$1.46 East
Madison-st. H. O. STOYE.

TOR \$ALE—LOTS ON WESTERNAY. POLK,
Taylor, faxington, and Campbellay. To parting
wishing to build no money required down. Mighit furnish
a little if desired. Inquire at 115 Clarket, in the bank.

DOR SALE—see 1075 IN THE DISTRICT BOUND.

Taylor, Lexinston, and Carabbelley. To partial wishing to build no money required down. Might furnish a little if desired. Inquire at 18 Clarket., in the bank.

NOR SALE. 30 LOTS IN PRIV DISTRICT ROUND. As any State, Raisted, Twanty-sixth, and Thirty-eighth-as and Lots in Priv District Round. The second of the control o

TOR SALE BARGAIN BARW WILL DATA THE MODEL AND THE MODEL BARGAIN BARGAI POR SALE-SPLENDID LOT ON CENTRE-ST., A half-block from main entrance to Lincoln Park, south front, signilis to siley. Gas assi water on lot; sower in front: 100 per foot cash. L. A. REERE & CO., 10 North Wells-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

TOR SALE IN EVANSTON—IS HOUSES AND actiages of from 5 to 10 rooms, within the next 19 days at just snot figures as I can get, and will offer them 25 per cent lower than any other party can offer to sell for in Evanston, or in any other suburban town. I will sell on 10 years' time, with only interest paid annually in advance, or for monthly nayments. You that have no homes, now is your time. I sell only my own property, purchased at an early day, and no man can compare with me who seed to commissions, with has purchased within the set as mark day, and no man can compare with in the set as early day, and no man can compare with in the set as early day, and no man can compare to the last purchased within the set as early day, in the set of the property of the set of the property. C. E. BROWNE. Scom II Washington Block, corper Washington-st, and Fifth av.

HOR SALE 5 ACRE BLOCKS OR LESS, AT.

South Regiewood, on the Rock faland and Pittsburgh, Chadinnall & St. Louis Railways and Minety-rise and convenient to echicols and churches; have very low and convenient to echools and churches; have very low and convenient to echools and churches; have very low and best of accommedations. Terms easy; long time on portion of purchase price. SNYDER & LEE, Real Retate, 14 Nicos Bullding, hortheast corner of LaSalie and Monroe-sts.

tion of purchase price. SNYDER & LEE. Real Estate, 4 Nixon Bulliding, northeast corner of LaSalie and Monroe-sta.

TOR SALE—EVANSTON—BARGAINS OFFERED In in property by the block. Houses and lots toy sale on easy terms. JOHN CULVER, southwest corner Clark and Washington-sta.

TOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS NEAR HYDE PARK (Fity-third-st.) depot; some on 10 years time. O. G. BBVANT, Room 28, No. 108 Washington-sta.

TOR SALE—STORY BRICK HOUSE AND 4 LOTS—at Park Ridge; cherry and apple trees, currant bush-ance monthly. RA BROWN, 161 LaSalie-st., Room 4.

TOR SALE—HINDALE—HOUSES LOTS. AND acres for sale or rent on monthly or reach payments, just on all time, and money loaned for improvement. I will sell scree tracts on guidantee to be retailed at 10s per will sell scree tracts on guidantee to be retailed at 10s per south and these forms of the first of the Mahnet of Chicago, O. J. STOUGH, 110 Dearborn—st.

TOR SALE—VERY OHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS. AT PARK BEST CONTROL OF THE SALE—THE STORY HOUSES LOTS. AND at Resulvoid Station; insuly improved with trees and Pictors.

TOR SALE—VERY OHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS.

AT RESULVOIS STATES IN THE SAMPSON A SALE—THE SALE—THE SAMPSON A SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SAMPSON A SAMPSON A SALE—THE SAMPSON A SAMPSO The same of station; inedy simproved with trees and shrubbery. They are in the new subdivision of the Pisros-place, hear the station. Terms very easy. Apply to Will. I. Pierce, N. O. Will. I. Pierce, N. O. Will. I. Sampson & Co.

TOR SALE—100 WILL BUY A LOT AT FARK Ridge, \$15 down and \$5 a month until paid; one block from depost property shown free. Cheapest property in market. IRA BROWN, I& Lakalles st., Boom & Co. To Dor SALE—NORTHWESTERN CAR-SHOPS—I Lots, blocks, and acres. WEST CHICAGO LAND.

WANTED—TO RENT—NEXT JULY OR AUGUST. Wanted the control of the station. The same state and stat NOR SALE - NEW TEN ROOM BRICK HOUSI near depot and hetel. O. G. BRYANT, Room 23, 10 Washington-st. Tors sale kenwood on forty seventh.

I de near the lake, two large fine building lots, extra deep. I offer, for the near 20 days, either one of these choice lots at a positive bargain. JOHN M. WAITE, 138 Dearbornet.

Sis Dearborned.

NOR SALE LOTS IN ENGLEWOOD ON LONG time to parties who will build. No cash required J. H. Hill. & CO., M. Dearbornet. Room 4.

NOE SALE 10 RO ROOM 10 A CORES IN N. E. QUARTER I Sec. II. town 27, range is east of 3d P. M., on the line of the B. & O. Raffway. SNYDER & LEE, 14 Nicol Building, N. E. corner Monroe and LaSalle-st.

NOE SALE—10 NOT CLARE LOTS SAY 100 PEET, also 6-acre blocks at Mont Clare, nime miles from Court-House: Il feet above level of the late. Vary accessible; four daily traige. SNYDER & LEE, M. Nixon Building, N. E. corner Monroe and LaSalle-st.

NOE SALE—FIRST-CLASS MARRIE-FEONT Thomes, Satory and basement, wabsab-av., near Twenty-dithest. Extremely dieap. Also, sine house and acres at Western Springs. S. DELAMATER, 86 Wabash-av. PASSALE—FOUR ACRES FRONTING ON MADI T son-st., between Central Park and Austin. Must be sold H. G. NUSCHELER, 51 Metropolitan Block: FOR SALE—SEVERAL CHOICE ACRE TRACTS
at South Chicago, and man proposed shops Baltimore
to this Ratiroad. GEO. V. BYRD, 185 LaSalle, Room H.
POR SALE—18 ACRES, CORNER HARRISON ST.
and Hyman-av., in School Sec. 18, 28, 18, W.
HYMAN, Jr., Room H, 185 LaSalle-st.
POR SALE—1 ACRES, CORNER HARRISON ST.
AND ST. ST. S. S. S. S. S. W.
HYMAN, Jr., Room H, 185 LaSalle-st. T and Hyman-av., in School Sec. 18, 28, 18. R. W. HYMAN, Jr., Room II, 185 Lagalle-st.

POR SALE—A FEW BLOCKS IN THORNYON, I all subdivided into lots Sex128. There are 30 lots in a blook, and I will sell at \$40 per acre, 520 3 look (50 lots), and furnish plats. This is a speculation at the price. IIA BROWN, 185 Lagalle-st., Room 4.

POR SALE—ACRE-TEAOTS OF 5, 10, 20, OR 40 T acress 48 South Chicago, and near Baltimore 4 Ohio Ralipod car shops; the most desirable property now in market. J. H. REELER, 148 Clark st.

POR SALE—AT A GREAT SACREFORE FOR CASH of the price of the service of t

REAL ESTATE WANTED. WANTED ONE OR TWO STORES MOR 49 FRET HENTON ON SOUTH WATER A. for a oast customer. J. HENTY 2 J.OUB WELL, IM and 166 Dearborn at., longer Madison.

TO EXCHANGE.

DUILDING MATERIAL FOR PART GOOD PROP erly, in lots to suff; both fine and plain. State kine of building desired. EXEN, Tribune office. of building desired. EXEN, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE-FOR A GODD STOCK OF GOODS:

15 lots is Indianabols.

25, 60 first morning paper.

Address F. F. SANGSTER.

Glimath, III.

TO EXCHANGE-60,000 OF CHOICE SUBUREAN property for city or uniquembered property in towns or country. S. S. WELLS, IN Descriptor st.

TO EXCHANGE-HO FOE THE WEST! ROBER OF DESCRIPTION OF STANGS OF S

PO EXCHANGE CHOICE LANDS OR LOTS, FREE from incumbrance; will archinge for planos furnire or stocks of goods. O. P. BOWMAN & CO., Stathand Block. three or stocks of goods. O. P. BOWMAN & CO., 55
Ashland Block.

TO EXCHANGE—I HOUSES AND LOTS IN CITY
and Hyde Pank for good farma; 84,600 cash, and
love fown property for residence, worth \$16,000°, % of
incide coping Clark & Taylor, class for residence. B. F.
HEAD, Beassnest 68 Washington-et.

TO EXCHANGE—A NEW PARLOR ORGAN FOR
furniture and carpots, new or second-hand. No. 49
Botterfield-st., cornor Twenty-soyonits, Mrs. CASPER.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE FIRE LIQUOES FOR
homs, buggr, and harness. Call or address 58 Randelph-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—FOR A FINE PAIR
of carriags between, a lot 55 fest front on Forronist. and Taking-second-st. Inguine of SAMULL
BIOUTA, Falmor Homes Scable, Nos. 256 and 225 Wabest-57.

TOB SALE DOWN, DOWN, DOWN-OROIGE

Western lands for each; must be sold at once. This perfect. M. EARLY, Room it, in Madison et.

DIVORCES.

DIV

TO RENT-HOUSES. TO RENT 316 WEST WASHINGTON-ST. TWO story and basement stone-front residence. NUTT A BROOT AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE TO RENT-NOW VACANT, MARBLE FRONT residence No. 757 Websah av.; open daily; call and sammine it. E. H. OUMMINGS, los East Randolph-st.

TO BERT GOOD HOUSE, TEN BOOMS, WATER gas, and barn; in perfect order; 77 Walnut-st. Apply 683 West Washington 48. TO BRNY-GOOD MOUNE TEN BOOMS, WATER gas, and barn in perfect order; TW white-st. Apply 68 West Washington at.

TO BRNY-NEW BRIOK HOUSE, OCTAGON I front, on indiana-ay, north of Twenty-ninth-st. Apply to E. MATTHEWS, Treasurer's Office C., B. & Q. R. R., between and a.

TO RENY-144 INDIANA-AV., RRIOK HOUSE and Orn; all modern improvements. Apply G. L. MOODIASS, Room, 4 5 South Claras.

TO RENY-148 INDIANA-AV, BRIOK HOUSE and Orn; all modern improvements. Apply G. L. MOODIASS, Room, 4 5 South Claras.

TO RENY-BRIOK TO THE OWNER OF A large and elegant house furnished throughout, and beard for the rent with rent his house is a small family, and beard for the rent, No other bearding allowed, Address Q I Trithune office, for three days.

TO RENY-FURNISHED-2-STORY AND BASE, mean briok house, with all conveniences, for two months: owner will board for part rent; possession June 5. Call as 128 South Paulina-at, before the m., or after 5 p. m. S. Call as 180 South Paulina sti, before 10 a. m., or after 5 p. m.

(DO RENT-NEW BRICK TRIMEMENT, 4 BOOMS, 1 water and gate no corner of Takes as and Westernay. E. B. PRASK, 30 Clarkett, Room 33.

(PO RENT-NERST-CLAIL S-STORY AND BASK-ment brick house, No. 38 Superior st. vyr dearballs location. J. D. Harry W. 5 Washington-st.

(FO RENT-STORY MARBLE FRONT, MICHIGAN-LY, mear Thirtioth-st., 255.

(Oottage, 37 Artesign-3, 255.

(E. ASHLEY MEARS, 100 Washington-st.)

TO RENT AT MILWAUKER DURING JULY AND August, a delightful furnished residence, estuated on the bluff, within a block of the lake shore, containing 19 apartments and all modern conveniences; beautiful 19 awa, fruit-trees, &c. Apply by letter to M. Box 689, Post-Office, Milwankee, Wis.

To old rooms, at from \$11 to 265 per month—two-thirds the calling price, or will self chesty for monthing payments, O. B. SRO WM. Room 11 Washington Block, camper Weshington and Fifth-ar,

TO RENT-ROOMS TO RENT-NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH I without board, at Kingsbury flock, Randoth-st., near Clark. Apply at Room 3.

TO RENT - GHOIGE ROOM ROOMS, FURNISHED I or uniurnashed, to gautiomen and their wive or single gentiumen; quiet and respectable. The last van Burens.

TO RENT - FURNISHED BOOMS THE THIRD and fourth floors of No. 71 Monros et. (near the Palmer House) lave been handsomely refitted, and farmished in first-class style. Young men or married couples rening furnished rooms will field these as handsome and pleasant as any in the city. Will ren by the day, week, or month. Terms reasonable. Apply at Room B, third floor. pleasant as any in the city. Will rent by the day, week, or month. Terms reasonable. Apply at Room 18, third floor.

I'NO RENT. FOUR LARGE PRONT ROOMS, SUTT. Able for a small family; also stabiling for two horses. Apply at 80 Week Harrison-et.

TO RENT. WRRY PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, I'RENDER FOR A CHARLES OF THE ROOM OF TWO ROOMS. TO Whash at.

TO RENT. EITHER ONE OR TWO ROOMS, FUEL mished or unfurnished, with sleeve, bath-room, marble wash-etand, ing and cold water, to a man and the wide. Apply at-95 South Park, av.

TO RENT. EOGNE, A TURNISHED ROOM, WITH O' WIT

A seeping at 50 Superior-st., one block from Chicago-av.
cars.

The RENT-TIRST STORY, 4-ROOMS, AND BATH.
I soom; three rooms in second story for family of two or
three. References exchanged. Inquire at 250 Calumes av.
To RENT-TWO NIOELY FURNISHED ROOMS,
Tournished rooms for gentlemen; everything new.
TO RENT-TWO NIOELY FURNISHED ROOMS
for light housekeeping for two 180 single from for
goot, and large diring-room. No. 679 West Madison st.
To RENT-PLEASANT ROOMS, 48 SOUTH MAYst., Taraished or unfurnished, without board. TO RENT--STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT-COOD STORE ON TWENTY-SECOND-I th. hear wheat-st; fine location and chesp rent. HENEY WOOD, Ecound, No. 183 Destrorment.

Miscellancons.
TO RENT-FIFTY-FOOT BARN, WITH TRN
stalls, water and gas. 309 Michigan-av. WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED TO BENT A FIRST-CLASS DWELL ing, with all modern improvements and barn preferred, is good identified, to size-pay tensaris, within in miles of Court-House, mar street-cars. Address W 77, Tribune office, stating when key can be found to ex-

BUSINESS CHANCES. A BAKERY IN COMPLETE RINNING ORDER, doing a good business, for each. 38 Base Islandar.

A VERY GOOD GROUERY, WITH STOCK, STORE A Extrase, horse, wagon, and good ouston. Inquire at 308 East Division.et.

A GOOD MAN WHO WILL HE SATISFIED TO make \$150 to \$500 monthly on an investment of \$500 and his time, may call at No. IB M. E. Church Block.

A RARBER SHOP FOR SALE, CHRAP TERMS; part cash, and balance on time. Call at No. II South Weller 48. Vater 4.

GROCERY STORE DOING A GOOD BUSINESS for sale at a bargain. Good reason for selling. GEO. (CKINNEY, Boom 14, 167 East Washington-St. ONFECTRONERY, OIGARS, NEWS, AND FIX-tures, for Sife, of a nice little story doing a good quities, at 26 West Monro-st. Rent, Sif. business, at 200 West Monroe-st. Ront, 412.

THEST-OLASS LOCATION, SOUTH SIDE, A WELL Pestablished, neetly furnished physician's office for site. Address M 63, Tribune office.

POR SALE-THE BOSTON STEAM CARPET-Oleaning Works, 44 and 48 West Adams-st; boiler, ongine, sharting, pulleys, 5 aspet mechines, 4 horses, vagous, harness with all fixtures complete, doing a cash building; item for 30 houses; 5 years lease; will take part each and part trade.

business daily of from two to glas; also, a large stable in building; room for 5th house, it years' lease; will take part cash and part trade.

H ALF-INTEREST IN TEA STORE, ESTABLISHED H 3 years and doing well; \$400 required. KIMBALL, & OO., M. E. Church Block.

OFFER FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN, MY BREW. ery and bottling business, hopether or separate; both in complete and porfect running order; on account of ill health. Inquire at Brewery, No. 18 Canalport-87. J. MORRIS.

I WANT A PARTY WITH A FRW HUNDRED dollars to loin me in an old established and business, that pare \$400 required by the comments of t O'NE OF THE BEST LIQUOR AND BESE SALONS
in the city for sale at \$100 fees than cost, on account
of going to Europe. Inquire at 150 West Lake-st. P. A.

HOY.

SALOON FOR SALE, IN THE LUMBER DIStrict, doing a good business. Will be sold very cheap.
Apply at 366 West Twenty-second-st., or 112 West Madison (trank-store).

CTOCK, FIXTURES, HORSES, WAGON, BTC.,
Of groccy No. 258 Western-st. for sale. No opposition in five blocks. Inquire on premises.

CTOCK AND FIXTURES OF STORE in WEST
Harrison-st., consisting of encokery, chilery, boots
and shoes, and plated ware, now doing good business,
and shoes, and plated ware, now doing good business,
and contact of the control of the WE HAVE A SPLENDID OPENING IN A DRUG store, dicely fitted up, and dolar a good business. mail capital required. The best place in the city for a hypricism. CHESSEMAN & CO., 210 LaSalle-st. \$500 WHILBUY HALF INTEREST IN A \$1,000 per month. MI Lessile et., Boom S.

PARTNERS WANTED. DARTNER WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BUSIness mas, with \$25,000 capitel, in a periestly selfs,
pleasant, and profitable maintfacturing business. Address, with full mass, Q. 4. Tribuno office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH \$200 OK \$500. IN AM
established manufacturing business that will pay
\$5,000 or \$6,000 a year. Call at 70 West Washington-st.

PARTNER WANTED—I WILL, TAKE AN ENERgetic partner with \$5,000 in a large and prasperyes
business. Address R. II care of Frenton, Rean & Co.,
Officingo.

FOR SALE TWO PARIAR SETS AND LOT OF other furniture; the good square box top-buggr and harsess. Will be sold of almost half price. S. DELA. MATER, S. Wanhington et.

FOR SALE - BRUSSELS THREE PLY AND IN-

WANED—A FOUNG MAN TO DO GENERAL WANED—A FOUNG MAN TO DO GENERAL WANED AND A FOUNG MAN TO DO GENERAL Greek F. St. Tribuno office.

WANTED—AND EXPERIENCED CLOTHING Maleman. At 19 Bine [aland. Av.

WANTED—AND SALESMAN IN A RETAIL BOOT AND MAN STORE AND MAN TO BE SENTENCE OF THE SALESMAN IN A RETAIL BOOT AND WANTED—ARAPID AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A TO SALESMAN IN A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A TO SALESMAN IN A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A SALESMAN IN A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A SALESMAN FOR A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A SALESMAN FOR A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN FOR A RETAIL BOOT AND GOOD PENMAN

WANTED A RLACKSNITH'S HELPER EXPERIENCE Address, at one, B. F. WALLE & Co., Climton Junction, Wis.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY ONE GOOD CARTING DAINEY, Address T. J. KIDER, Lanark, III.

WANTED FIRST CLASS FAINTERS AND CALCEMENT Commerce at dis Butterfield S., T o'clote sharp.

WANTED ONE GOOD, FIRST CLASS HARD, and SW East Monroest.

WANTED SHAPE, APPLY D. J. H. RENT ACO., WY and East Monroest.

WANTED SCHOOL BAWER, MA AND MG WEST Bolkest.

WANTED SCHOOL BAWER, MA AND MG WEST Makes.

WANTED SHAPE CLASS CUTTERES AND TELL.

MENTED SHAPE CLASS CUTTERES ONE TELL.

WANTED A MAN WHO FULLY UNDERSTANDS FIRMING SHAPE SH

Employment Agencies.
WANTED SO RAILROAD LABORERS FOR mills, etc. CHRISTIAN & BING, I Sonia, Clarket., Room 1.

milia etc. CHRISCIAR & BING, 1 Sonia, Ciarlest., Room I.

Miscollanoous.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF BRAINS IN A reid estate office; man that writes a good hand and can make out papers, and willing to work. American-German preferred. Address, with rejorance. W IT. Tribuns office.

WANTED—PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT. WORK for everyhody. Good wags. Farmanent employment. Men and women wanted. Dail particulars Even Address W. A. HERDERSON A CO., Cloreland, G. or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—MEN.—WE CAN SHOW YOU AN EASY can gains 320 to 365 cash; ample to go country, if you can gains 320 to 365 cash; ample to go country. Good Chicago, 164 East Handolphets, Room 18.

WANTED—MEN. WITH SOME MONEY IN A BUSI. Chicago, fet fast Ranciolphets, Room 18.

W ANTED MEN WITH SOME MONEY IN A BURL Some that will pay Sin see week. It S. RICHARD.

W ANTED TIMMEDIATELY A FEW ACTIVE MEN can have steady supployment on malary; a splendid opportunity for men of Intelligence and character; memorated the supployment of the supplement of WANTED FIT TAMEN THAT WANT TO MAKE 33

Der day to call at 157 Teantforment. Beom 22 also an energetic man for Cincinnati.

WANTED REPRESENCED CANVASSERS AND salesmen for "The Aldine," and other standard cortal works. O. J. GRIFFETHS, 126 and 125 Dearbornet. DOTA-51.

WANTED—SCANDINA VIAN LABORING MEN AT Highwood; oart cash, part real ceisto. E. ASH-LEY MEARS, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—A GOOD HOD CARRIER, THIS MORNING, ST TRIPT, third-st, and Forrest-av.

WANTED—A BOY OR YOUNG MAN WHO UNderstands plumbing goods; one who can write and figure well. Apply to C. G. CHANDLER, 145 Lake-st.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

WANTED-A GOOD GIRL TO DO WASHING AND Enren-st.

WANTED-48 SQUTA CARPENTER ST. A GIRL for general housework, German or Norwegian pre-Tor general housework, German or Norwegian prederred.

WANTED—A GOOD NORWEGIAN OR SWEDE
Wirl for general housework is a small family; references required. Apply at 554 West Moncos-et.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, SWEDE OR GERMAN
one to cook, wash, and fron, the other to do second
work. Apply as 1681 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE.
WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE.
Apply inmediately at 80 Vernon-av., south of Douglasplace.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL FOR GENERal housework; good wages to one who understands
have business. Apply to-day at time lindings. AT THE
Matteson House. WANTED-A GIRL FOR KITCHEN WORK; ALSO,

WANTED—30 SHIRTMAKERS THAT OPERATE the Wheeler & WHOOT machine. None others need apply. COYLE & DICKINSON, 165 FMM-17.
WANTED—A CAPABLE GIRL FOR FAMILY sewing and light second work at 1055 Indians-av., near Twenty-third-st.
WANTED—SEAMSTRESS TO ASSIST IN DRESS-making for a few days at 20 Abgridges et. WANTED-A SEAMSTRESS AT 100 THIRD-AY. WANTED GOOD VEST MAKERS THIS MORN-ing. 178 West Washington-st. WALSH.

W ANTED-A COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. GOOD references required. 179 West Washington-st. WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE GIRL, to take charge of a young baby; no others need apply, 1 Blue Island av.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED AT MRS BATES OFFICE 10 PECK.
COURT, a healthy woman as wet-nutse; also, girls for
families in city and consitry.

WANTED LADY AND GRATLEMEN CANVASsers for the Resultation Sewing-Machine. Liberal
inducements, 25 State-2.

FINANCIAL-

I WANT \$10,000 OF REAL ESTATE PURCHASE
I money notes due in long time, secured by krist deed,
or sale mortgage on good real estate on which eme-half
has been paid. Address W. 6. Tribune office.
MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST CLASS CITY PROPsale-st, improved preferred. MEAD 2 008, 185 LaSale-st. Salle-ti.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, I bonds, etc., at LAUSDER'S private office, 120 Randolph-st., near Clark. Established 1854.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIOAGO REAL ESTATE and on real estate collaterals. Scoursed papers bought. B. GROSSMAN, Room 18, 68 Madison-st. DOUGH. B. GRUSSMAN, ROOM IS, 68 Madison-el.

MOREY, IN SUMS OF \$1.00 and upwards. No broken need upply. Inquire at Union Trass Company, its South Clarky.

TO LOAN—8500 ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, OR will purchase real cetate page. BROWN & HORTON, 180 Destroyre. St. To LOAN—85 000 FOR ONE YEAR, ON BRAL ESTATE, R. H. FLEMING, Room II, 180 Washington-st. TO LOAN-\$4,000 ON IMPROVED CITY PROP-erty; 10 and 3. BUGENE C. LONG & BRO., 28 LaSalle-st. WANTED \$2,200 FOR TWO OR THREE YRARS, Madison-st. Madison-st.

WANTED - TO BORROW SOME MONEY ON choice unimproved property on Vincennes av. and. Forty-fourth-st. Address W 48, 1-thune office.

WANTED - 8, 600 FOR 5 YEARS AT 9 FER CENT. Without commission, on good real estate worth three times the amount. Address U 29, Tribune office.

\$1,200 TO 51,800 TO 50 AN ON REAL 88-call. Real estate paper wanted. J. V. FAL. 350 La Salle-st. \$2.000 TO 85.00 WANTED BY A BUILDER:
\$2.000 will give share of profits in good contacted,
same thing and eats. Apply to GEO. E. RESS, to
Dearborn-st.
\$3,000 SEC BROTELESS, IS and IS South W.

LOST AND POUND.

I OST ON CANALST.. NEAR C. A. DEPOT. A Depots book marked Lassesshire & Yorkhire R. R. Co., containing papers of no value except to owner. Reward for soung in Bethal Home, corner lake and Unionste, GEO. JESSOF.

I OST—FROM FRONT OF PALMER HOUSE, evening of June 3, black many and half phaston top-bugger. Return same to be Laura and half phaston top-bugger. Return same to be Laura and half phaston top-bugger. Return same to be Laura and half phaston top-bugger. Return same to be Laura and half phaston top-bugger. To serve half and the laura and half phaston they are to be to be served to be surroung to the west Madison st.

I OST—AT PRE BASE BALL GROUNDS, WEDNESS TO SERVE ST. A BUILD-DOG. EARS and the served to the name of Sport. A thurst neward will be paid for his return to iff West Washington st. S. F. AKEWDOS.

I OST—A CANARY BIRD FROM THE CORNER OF paid if returned to Dr. REYNOLDS' office, its Randolphest.

I IBREAL REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE dolph-st.

IBRRAL REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE return of dark red oow low size, good order, few white spots, star in foreneed, horns turn up; had one on head; large teats; white hag H. RAFRISOFON, Union Bus Line, suggest Taylor-st, and Opden-se.

Taken UP-a Bat COLE, WHICH THE OWNER, can have by proving property and gazing charges. Apply at US Elk Grote-av. AGENTS WANTED

A GENTS WANTED TREQUENCY THE MORPHS was to call our tellshirted dellar less. These tells are A.I. Satisfaction generatised. PEKUT FLACOM FANY, 576 States-till generatised. PEKUT FLACOM FANY, 576 States-till generatised. PEKUT FLACOM FANY, 576 States-till generatised for the United States and world, the "Great Northwest," new States assay, subglious character from the company of the states of the company of t PERSONAL

PENSONAL-P. M. BARLAN, CALL AT H. W.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

Bookkenners, Clerks, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT
Young man, as bookken of traveling estemming the property of the pro office, SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN DRUG-Beist; IS years in the business; best references given Address E. K. W., 909 State-st.

CITUATION WANTED BY AN EXPERIENCED COMES in city or country, fort-class reference, Action MATTHEW MULPHY, Herebest Tallors, in

dress MATHEW & MUHPHY, Marchant Tailors, in Departments,
CHTUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED SWEDISH.
Computer, who is not particular whether steady work computer, who is not particular whether steady work to the state of country. Apply is 1. KRIKSON, If wondelies.
CITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN. THORATES, is a decreased there, with that best of sity refers coses. Address If stern, with that best of sity refers coses. Address If stern, with that best of sity refers that the stern of sity refers that the stern of the proper care of the horse and carriages is a safe city driver, and willing to make himself generally useful about the place; wares sand; has coach of the reference from last employer. Address Was Tribune office, CITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN IN A CITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN IN CITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAY AS CAROCAMAN IS A SPINATOR WANTED-BY A YOUNG MAY AS CASCAMAN IS A SPINATOR MAY BE A STANDARD OF THE STANDARD O

Missallaneons.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A GREMAN, AS Directions from former excellent tions from former excellent. Bis Orchard-st.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A TOUNG MAN WHO STILL THE STREET OF THE STREET OF

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE Demostics.

CITUATION WANTED IN A SMALL PRIVATE family, to cook, wash, and from by a competent Garman woman. Apply at 16th Armolder.

CITUATION WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE cirt to do general housework in a small private family. Inquire for 2 days at 622 Larrabeses. ily. Inquire for 2 days at 62 Larrabos-et.

CITUATION WANTED BY A SWEDNER GIRL, IN

'A small private family. Call or address of Townsend,
st., near Chicago-av.

CITUATION WANTED—TO DO HOUSEWORK IN

A private family. Apply as 175 Catherine-st.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A SOANDINAVIAN
girl, for general housework in a small family. Unit as

428 West Jackson-st.

CITUATION WANTED—AS SECOND GIRL IN A

Deptrate family; no objection to the counicy. 6 Wasson-st. son-ch.

SITUATION WANTED—TO WASH, COOK, AND SITUATION WANTED—TO WASH, COOK, AND SITUATION WANTED—BY A NEAT GERMAN gist immediately as second girl or mures, second work preferred; a good botte rather than wages desired. Addison HA Triff, Tribute office.

STUATION WANTED BY A GREMAN LAPY AS TOPOTHER AND IS AN ANTICOLOGY OF THE STATE OF T HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF BUGGIES, SIDE RAR and phaetons; also, Landaus, Chronets, coup-vice, at low figures, at 165 West Washington at E. MURPHY & CO. AUGPION, BY WM. A. BUTTERS, EVERYTURE AND AUGPINA A GO,

A UCTION, BY WM. A. BUTTERS, EVERYTURE As and san friday at 10 a. m., of herses and carriages at 107 and to 5tate-a. Carriages at private and.

A PAIR LARGE BLACK HORSES, SPLENDID drivers, double or single; also, a sentle port, hand-some and well broken, for children, to west Mource stop and Carriages and a sentle port, and come and well broken, for children, to west Mource stop and Carriages and Carriages and Sentle 10 and the Sentle of the Carriage and Carriages and Carr WANTED—A CAPABLE PROT.

WANTED—A PERFECTLY CAPABLE PROT.

In stant girl or wants to take entire charge of a little bibly, superjuited other challens, and sew in a private family at Kenwood. Apply, between It and colock, at 501 Wabash-ar.

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WANTED—A CAPABLE PROT.

WANTED—A PERFECTLY CAPABLE PROT.

In stant girl or wants to take entire charge of a little bibly, superjuited other children, and sew in a private family at Kenwood. Apply, between It and colock, at 501 Wabash-ar, up-stairs.

WANTED—A CAPABLE AND PLEASANT NURSE.

une office.

WANTED-TO RENT-A FURNISHED HOUSE OF South office to size, with all modern improvements, ou the South office to the size, with all modern improvements, ou the South office to the size of the size of

MUSICAL.

A BARCAIN-RIEGANT ROSEWOOD PLATE OF THE PROPERTY OF over, for 25th. Rendence, 6th Melitgan-ev.

Order, for 25th. Rendence, 6th Melitgan-ev.

Order, for 25th. Rendence, 6th Melitgan-ev.

Order of 25th. Rendence, 6th Melitgan-ev.

Order of the following the method of the party of

MACHINERY. MACHINERY.

AT KIRK WOOD & DUNKLERS, 171 AND 173 LAKE, st., planing-mill, sask and door factory, mackins and boiler shop machinery.

A TRIKK WOOD & DUNKLERS, 171 AND 173 LAKE, st., steam-engines, believe, pumps, belting, hees, John's asbestor rooting, Babbitt metal and supplies.

C. L. RICE & CO., 215 AND 217 LAKE-ST., WOOD, and from working machinery depot. New and seemed-hand tools at low prices; rabber and leather belting and supplies.

SECOND-HAND ENGINE LATTERS.

Come 5 foot 25 inch front make.

One 16 foot 35 inch front make.

One 16 foot 35 inch front make.

One 15 foot 17 inch www. Haven make.

These lather will be cold sheep by W. A. dAMES & CO., 375 South Canal-st.

SEWING MACHINES.

A SPERIOLD IMPROVED WHEREER & WILSON As bewing Machine, in perfect order, cabined case; cost of for sale at \$2. CM Michiganaw.

D'OMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CITY BRANCH D'Office, 175 and 174 Clark, up chairs. Machines said on monthly Purist. Sewing given if feelings. All times of attachments, oil, etc., at low prices. Machines repaired. L'Egant Howe Sewing in Machines repaired. L'Egant Howe Sewing in Machines repaired attachments, oil, etc., at low prices. Machines repaired attachments, oil, etc., at low prices. Machines repaired. L'Egant Howe Sewing Machines repaired. Sewing the said for machine sewing machines and the said of the said for the said of the said MISCELLANEOUS.

A LL CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING AND Amison language groots of any find, by wending a latte to JONAS GELDER, Loss-Office, 50 State-st.

A. ROBERTS, MATRIMONIAL REOKER, FROM Loss Year, can be consulted by either ser. Address Lock Box 54.

LL GOOD CAST-OFF CLOTHING WILL AN Abought at the highest bricks. J. A. DRIELAMA. South Class-st. Orders by mail promptly sitemated in POOKS OFFRED AND CLOSED, COMPLICATED RECOKERS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P POOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, COMPLEX WESTS 2 TOCKER, Accountance, account a distribute week requiring an expect for WESTS 2 TOCKER, hereountained, from 1 198 M NOTICE TO CARPENTERS AND BUILD MEAN THE TOCKER AND STATE OF THE ACCOUNT OF THE BASE FALL MATCH WITE COMPLEX COMPLE

### The Tournament of the State Sportsmen's Association.

The Prize-Medal Won by Mr. W. B. Wilcox.

Race at Dexter Park --- At Freeport, Ill., and Cambridge City, Ind.

Base Ball Games at the East.

THE TRIGGER.

The second day's proceedings of the tournament of the State Sportsmen's Association were of a more varied character than the first, and called out a larger attendance. The weather was all that could be desired during the early part of day, but the latter half of the afternoon saw ne of the severest hurricanes of the season, tappily, the business of the tournament was aigh over, so that no material disarrangeegulted. At the beginning of the day's mme the contest for the Association chamwas still in abevance, Mr. Wilcox having lled twenty straight birds, while the Kleinman others and Mr. Whiting had scored nineteen rds. There were still two squads t shoot, among them Messrs. Kern and David Bates, who were regarded as the only ones who in the squad which led off, and he justified the high expectations of his friends by killing his ten single rises straight, but he came to grief in his doubles, more through hard luck than from lack of skill, as his first two misses were hard drivers well hit, but they just managed to fly outside of bounds. Bates lost a bird among his single rises, and the superb badge of the Association championship was lodged in the keeping of Mr. Wilcox, a member of the first squad in the first day's shooting. His general popularity, together with his splendid shooting, combined to render everybody satisfied with the result, so that it was with the utmost cordiality that the less fortunate contestants joined with President LeMoyne in the good wishes which attended the formal presentation of the medal. the less fortunate contestants joined with sident LeMoyne in the good wishes which nded the formal presentation of the medal, concluding scores for the first prize were as

The conclusion of the match left a tie between John and Henry Kleinman and J. F. Whiting, who had each killed nineteen out of twenty birds, and who must, therefore, shoot off for the second prize, an elegant fishing-rod and tackle, presented by F. J. Abbey & Co. John Kleinman was victorious, but he won the prize by sheer good luck, gathering two birds which would surely have fallen dead out of bounds had they shot at 26 yards rise for the singles, and 21 for the doubles, and their score was as follows:

Single rises.

Double rises. Joint.

Resers. Fitch, of Chicago, and Young, of nesco, were a tie at 18 birds each for the third ze, but, as Mr. Fitch failed to put in an ap-urance, the hunting-suit fell to Mr. Young, would have given Mr. Fitch a hard rub on oot-off in any case. re were four ties at 17 for the fourth prize

THE GUN TRIAL tially concluded, being interrupted syy gale of wind, accompanied with occurred at about half past 4 o'clock.

THE DOG SHOW g feature of the day. It was back an interesting leaster of the day. It was been a block show, there being no oppportunity to practically test the working qualities of the splendid lot of skilled-canines on exhibition. Many well posted gentlemen declared that they had never seen a finer display of hunting dogs. The entries were as follows:

C. F. Frizell's Random and Dolly; 28 months; red Irish setters, out of Milward's imported black-and-tan Nellie, by Le Moyne's imported Dan.

Dan.

Thomas G. Ksye's Nellie and Dick; 10 months; lemon and white setters, by H. J. Edward's lemon and white Dan.

J. H. Whitman's Patrick and Bridget; 2 years; liver-colored Irish spaniels; bred by Richard White, of Dublin; imported 1873.

J. H. Whitman's dog Greuse; 6 years; white frish setter; bred by James Kennedy, of Toronto.

ronto.

J. H. Whitman's Frank and Joe; 3 years; black and steel mixed, and brown; bred by M. Hilliard, from an imported Gordon setter.

H. J. Edward's Shot and Dan, Lavarack set-

from an imported Gordon setter.

H. J. Edward's Shot and Dan, Lavarack setters; also Dan, red Irish setter.

C. T. Pitking's. Tom and Jerry; 5 months; fiver and white pointers; out of Crosby's Flors, by Clark's Shot.

J. F. Lawrence's Rover, Sport, and Gypsey; 5 months; out of an Irish slut, by Edward's Lavarack setter, Shot.

H. Batty's Belf, 1 year; black retriever; bred by Mr. Spafford, of Madison, Wis.

Mr. Mahoney's Nell; 2 years; black and tan Gordon setter; with two pups, Countess and Duchess, by Clark's lemon and white Dash.

The Committee awarded the complimentary designation to Mr. Mahoney's Nell and her beautiful brace of little ones; though they regarded Mr. Edwards' dog as the best broken, while they were much pleased with a family of dogs shown by Mr. LeMoyne, though not regularly entered. Mr. Frizell's Random and Dolly were also much admired.

admired.

THE EXERCISES TO-DAY

are likely to prove the most interesting of the tournament, as the club medal is to be contested for at ten single rises and five pairs. There are five clubs already entered, and each has picked its crack shots to carry off the prize. The Kennicotts will be represented by Abner and Ed. Price, John Kleuman, and Ed. Dow; the Prairie's by W. T. Johnson, Charles Kern, T. D. Fitch, and D. T. Eiston: the Gun Club by W. B. Wilcox, Sam Turrell, H. J. Edwards, and Wm. Bryce; the Genesee Club by Messrs. Miller, Young, Doxey, and Blasdale, and the Sycamore Club by a team not yet announced. It will pursue the shrewdest to name the winning club.

THE TURF.

purse of \$1,400, which was on the programm for Friday, is postponed to Saturday.

for Friday, is postponed to Saturday.

RACES AT CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., June 4.—There was a good attendance at the races to-day, it being estimated that there were from 5,000 to 7,000 people present. The track was very fine, but the weather was terribly hot. In the 3:30 trot there were fourteen started. The first two heats were taken by John B. Time—2:33½ and 2:39.

The next three by McHerry in 2:35¾, 2:39½, and 2:41. The 2:40 trot was won by Pocahontas, Little Alfred second. Time—2:35½, 2:31, 2:39.

To-morrow will be the big day, free for all, running, pacing, and trotting.

BASE BALL.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. THE PHILADELPHIAS DEFEAT THE MUTUALS-2

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—The greatest game of base ball ever witnessed in this city was that be-tween the Philadelphia and Mutual Clubs this

tween the Philadelphia and Mutual Clubs this afternoon. The playing was brilliant on both sides, the batting heavy, and the fielding surprisingly sharp.

Holdsworth opened for the Quakers by a tremendous hit for two "bases. Fulmer followed, and hit to Carey, who attempted to take it with one hand, but failed. York, in his turn, made a hit, and two runs were scored, which

STATE SUPREME COURT.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., June 4.—There was a full attendance of the Judges of the Supreme Court to-day, and the following was the business

ago & Vincennes Railroad Company John A. Martin; writ of error dismissed as per agreement filed.
Same v. Aaron Lichtenberger; same order.

R. L. Wilcox et al. v. First National Bank of

R. L. Wilcox et al. v. First National Bank of Flora; same order.

H. Padfield et al. vs H. A. Pierce; rule on plaintiff in error to assign errors by 5th inst.

John Noetling v. C. W. Wright; bond fer costs filed and bond discharged.

C. P. Smith v. Sarah Morrison; leave asked to file suggestions against striking bill of exceptions from file.

Theresa Phillips v. H. A. Pitts & Co.; appearance of defendants entered, and motion to strike amended record and bill of exceptions from file.

from file.

John Reitz v. The People; motion to quash return allowed, and cause continued.
Fritz Matthes v. M. J. Dobshulz; same motion and same order, E. Gibson et al. v. Gibson et al.; diminution of

record suggested, and motion for certiorari.
G. M. Mitchell v. S. Spook; motion to quash for improper issue of scire facias.
M. A. Clingeman v. H. Hopkie; motion to J. C. Jones v. J. W. Neeley; same motion.

error ruled to show cause by Monday why he should not give security for costs.

A. Person v. G. S. Jones; motion for reassignment of errors and to suppress abstracts.

C. Wagner v. J. Wagoner; dismissed for want of prosecution.
G. W. Brackett v. The People; motion to dis-

G. W. Brackett v. The People; motion to dismiss appeal.
A. Burling v. Illinois Central Railroad Company; motion to quash return.
Thomas Coates v. The People; appeal dismissed for want of prosecution.
R. M. Hudley v. S. Dunaway; same order
P. Brown v. M. Manning; same order.
R. Tane v. B. Wilson et al.; venue changed to Central Grand Division.
F. M. Neeley v. J. K. Wright; motion to dismiss appeal.

F. M. Neeley v. J. K. Wright; motion to dismiss appeal.
U. S. Prout et al. v. E. Greut; diminution of record suggested, and motion for certiorari.
L. C. Hopkins et al. v. the Rose Clare Lead Company; death of one of appellants suggested.
J. H. Morgan et al. v. J. J. Evans et al.; motion for appointment of guardian ad litem for minor defendants.
C. D. Arber v. Cairo Democrat Company et al.; order changing venue to Central Grand Division rescinded.
G. Parsley v. J. Parsley; appeal dismissed for want of prosecution.

want of prosecution.
Board of Supervisors of Clay County v. C. P.
Murray; motion to dismiss appeal.
C. Henserett v. J. W. Harris; motion to dis-

miss appeal.
American-Merchants' Union Express Company
v. Loosley & Miens; appeal.dismissed.
W. Bullington v. S. B. Allington et al.; same

Mt. Carbon Coal and Coke Company v. Frank Davis; stricken from docket. A. J. Carle et al. v. The People; disposed of previously. The People v. W. H. Finch; continued. K. Hedges et al. v. M. Delopp et al.; con-

inued.
F. G. Holland v. The People; continued.
M. J. Kester v. E. Organ et al.; continued.
S. Simpson v. S. E. Stewart et al.; dismissed

tinued.
C. K. Davis v. F. M. Pickett et al.; passed.
M. M. Fowler et al. v. W. H. Joseph et al.; National Bank of Centralia v. H. Straus et al. C. & V. B. R. Co. v. J. D. Martin; disposed of

RELIGIOUS.

High Church Episcopalians in Central Pennsylvania.

The Diocesan Convention Shows Its Colors.

Annual Session of the Ohio Convention of Universalists.

THE EPISCOPALIANS. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA DIOCESAN CONVEN

WILKESBARRE, Fa., June 4.—The Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Diocess of Central Pennsylvania adjourned today. Out of eight deputies to the General Conion, to be held in New York City, the High Churchmen have elected six, being the majority, although the general feeling is with the Low Church. The opposition to Ritualism, which has been gaining ground in the East, has been has been gaining ground in the East, has been strengthened by this Diocesan Convention, and the annual address by the Bishop, the Right Rev. M. A. DeWolf Howe, has materially increased the opposition. The Bishop did not approve of the Reformed Church movement, and thought that the withdrawal of Bishop Cummins was only another name for retreat from the face of alleged evils which it was his duty to confront, and that, in his action, he has

STRENGTHENED THE RITUALISTIC ELEMENT. STRENOTHENED THE RITUALISTIC ELEMENT.
Bishop Howe enjoined upon the clergy to refrain from every novelty in attire or in manner of ministration, unless expressly sanctioned by ecclesiastical regulations. He said that chancels are not to be made stages for the perfermance of spectacular rites according to every man's fancy. Pulpits are not to be roestrums for the promulgation of individual opinion instead of the Gospel. Some of the clergy would consider it an act of sacrllege for a layman to enter the holy places, while those very ministers, presuming upon the sanctity of their office, practice idolatrous ceremonies, or teach the commandments of men rather than those of God.

THE UNIVERSALISTS.

OHIO STATE CONVENTION.
CLEVELAND, O., June 4.—The forty-ninth annual session of the Ohio State Convention of Universalities assembled in this city to-day, the Hon A. L. Curtiss, of Washington County, presiding. About thirty clergymen are present, and fifty churches are represented. The open. Hon A. L. Curtiss, of washington County, pre-siding. About thirty elergymen are present, and fifty churches are represented. The open-ing session was devoted solely to the usual rou-tine of canon business. Sermons were deliv-ered during the day by the Revs. J. Adams, of Cincinnati, and S. Burns, of Fulton County. It is expected that the educational and missionary interests of the denomination will receive atten-tion at subsequent ressions. The attendance, apart from the regular delegates, is large, and much interest is manifested.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HALINOIS STATE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAION, Ill., June 4.—The State Sundayschool Convention is still in session at 11
o'clock to-night. Interesting meetings have
been in session all day. Dispatches were received from New York and Michigan State Conventions sending greetings, and Maj. J. Whittle
was instructed to return the greetings. The
Convention has no invitation for a location for
next year, and no arrangement was made for the next year, and no arrangement was made for the

next session.

The Executive Committee was appointed as follows: For the Stats at large, Jeaob Reynolds, Tyng, and Gillette; for districts, Maj. Whittle, J. D. Arms, H. D. Reeves, R. H. Griffith, Jr., M. Peehles, and the Rev. T. M. Nan-

trees.

In a temperance discussion, the Rev. Mr. Marshall, of Lebanco, put particular shade on Tobacco-chewing chaistians.

Miss Mary Burdett, of Peoria, gave a lecture on her manner of conducting an infant class.

An interesting Bible-reading was led by Maj. Whittle.

Whittle.

The night-session was held amidst a hard rainstorm, but was well attended. Addresses were made by Mesars. Vintries, Greenville; Griffiths, Rushville; M. C. Hapgood, editor of the Sabbath-School Teacher; Fitzwilliams and Reeves, ord Bloomington; Ridgeway, Shawneetown; Arms, Monmouth; Dean and Jacobs, Chicago; the Rev. Dr. Pierce, Frame, and Dr. Gregory, of Champaign, and President Whittle speaking. Great enthusiasm has prevailed. A Presbyterian minister of Arcola has discovered heresy in Dr. Gregory's address of Thesday night and is out in an article against Tnesday night, and is out in an article against it in the Union, of this city. The heresy hunt-

Synacuse, N. Y., June 4.—The Anti-Secret Society to-day adopted resolutions declaring that in all secret oath-bound fraternities, including Granges and secret temperance societies, the Convention recognizes a conspiracy against all who do not belong to them, and a standing menace to the religion of Jeans Christ; expressing special opposition to speculative Free-Masonry; refusing to vote for Masons for civil office, and agreeing to raise \$10,000 for the support of the General Agent and Lecturer.

The members fees were fixed at 25 cents a year and life-memberships at \$10.

A letter to the President was adopted, to be signed by officers, protesting against the proposed Masonic dedication of the Chicago public buildings.

The afternoon session was turned into a po-

signed by officers, protesting against the proposed Masonic dedication of the Chicago public buildings.

The afternoon session was turned into a political meeting. Mr. Blanchard submitted a preamble and resolutions for the formation of a national political party, opposed to secret societies. After a long debate, and some amendments, the report was adopted. The name of the party is to be "The Americans," and the platform of principles is to be framed by a committee of one from each State. A National Convention is to be called to nominate Presidential candidates. The debate was very warm on the proposition to embody the name of God in the Constitution as a plank in the platform, which was finally adopted.

Indianapolis was selected as the place, and the third Wednesday in August next as the, time of holding a national convention to adopt a political platform for the American party.

OMIO STATE SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

CLEVELAND, O., June 4.—The State Sunday-School Convention at Tifin, Ohio, reassembled this morning in the Memorial Presbyterian Church. The attendance is very large. President C. M. Nichols occupied the chair. After singing and prayer, the topics "Place and Work of Sunday-School and the Superintendents" were discussed. In the afternoon the Convention adjourned to National Hall, the church being too small to accommodate the crowd. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, C. M. Nichols, of Springfield; Corresponding Secretary; L. F. Drake, of West Lancaster, Treasurer; William Reid, of Bucyrus. An Executive Committee was elected, which was authorized to appoint Vice-Presidents.

COMMENCEMENT DAY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JACKSONYLLLE, Ill., June 4.—The Fortieth Annual Commencement of the Illinois College took place to-day in the Opera House. The graduates were Fred A. Brown, C. A. Root, and S. Brown, of Waverly, and Arthur E. Prince, Albert C. Rice, and Henry P. Day, of Jacksonville. The Master's oration was delivered by Robert Russell of the class of '72, and the poem before the alumni by E. H. Bristow, of Aberdeen, Miss., class of '59. This evening, President Sturtevant holds a reception.

The annual commencement of the Illinois Female College, a Methodist institution, also occurred to-day in the College building. Fourteen young ladies graduated with honor, and their reception this evening was largely attended. This ends the exercises of commencement week.

JUDGE RESIGNED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Madison, Wis., June 4.—Chief-Justice Dixon, who has been on the Supreme Bench since appointed by Gov. Randall, in 1859, has resigned to take effect when the Supreme Court next meets, June 16. The reasons are insdequacy of the salary in his present position, where he receives only \$4,000, that being the rate when he was elected, which, under our Constitution, cannot be increased during tenure of office, though other Judges get \$5,000; also, that he has been effered an advantageous partnership in the firm of Palmer & Hooker, of Milwankee, Palmer retiring, his duties as President of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company occupying his time.

The appointment, till next spring election, devolves upon Gov. Taylor, who will, of course, elect some Reform lawyer.

There would be poetic justice, now when the

States' rights theory is advanced in defense of the doctrine of the unlimited power of the State over the railroads, of appointing Attorney-General Sloan, he having been deteated as a State's right Republican cândidate on that issue in 1870. His brother, Thomas C. Sloan, who is accounted a very able lawyer, also Mayor Pinney, of this city, W. H. Lynde, and E. G. Ryan, of Milwaukse, have been suggested, some of them, however, against their will; but who will be appointed no one can guess.

THE NORTHWESTERN STATES. Yows Items Telegraphed to the Chica-

Thomas J. Sheean, Democrat, was on Tuesday re-elected Mayor of Galena, by 633 votes to 226 for B. F. Fowler.

—The Central Illinois Horse-Fair will be held at Charleston, July 2, 3, and 4. Sixteen hundred dollars is offered in premiums.

—Mr. Cary Fitzwilliams, of Bloomington, has received from Chicago a check for \$200 for his gold watch and chain, stolen from him in a hotel of that city about a year age.

gold watch and chain, stolen from him in a notes of that city about a year ago.

—Some months ago, a young man named Frank Roes shot and seriously injured a companion named Stipp, at Lewistown, Fulton County. The wound was a severe one, and for some time Stipp's life was despaired of. Last week Roes was tried, found guilty, and fined

some time Stipp's life was despaired of. Last week Roes was tried, found guilty, and fined \$100.

—The receipts of the State Treasury for May were: On account of revenue, \$83,330.62; School Fund, \$39,667.94; Illinois River Improvement, \$8,983.28; Local bonds fand, \$29,166.76; total, \$152,-142.60. Disbursements for the same time, on account of revenue, \$110,489.53.

—In the United States Court at Springfield vesterday a number of defaults were taken against policy-holders in the Winnesbick Insurance Company. The judgments are for small amounts, some not exceeding \$5, in which the costs amount to \$60.

—Thursday afternoon, a young son of George Bates, a farmer living a few miles West of Carlinville, had the top of his head kicked off by a horse, and cannot survive his injuries.

—A case either of suicide or murder happened near Brighton, Macoupin County, this week. The circumstances were quits peculiar. The body of a young man was found near the railroad track, with a mark upon the head. Whether it was the cars that hit him or some instrument the Coroner's jury failed to elicit, and so the mystery is yet unsolved.

—The new Trustee of the State Institution for the Blind met in Jacksonville to-day, and elected the Rev. T. M. Phillips, of Danville, Superintendent, in place of Dr. Rhoads, resigned. Dr. Phillips was for some years pastor of the Centenary Methodist Church there. Prof. Loomia, Miss Alice S. Rhoads, Mrs. Fanny McGinnis, and A. E. Wimmerstedt were chosen teachers, and Mrs. Lou J. Phillips matron.

—Crops in McLean County promise an abundant yield. The Bloomington Pantagraph publishes reports from all parts of the country, showing fine promises. The potato-bugs are playing sad havoe, and chinch-bugs are treatening small grain.

—The Circuit Clerk and Recorder of McLean Country Care S. R. Bolioff has been requested.

ening small grain.

—The Circuit Clerk and Recorder of McLean
County, Capt. S. F. Dolloff, has been requested County, Capt. S. F. Dolloff, has been requested by vote of the Board of Supervisors to resign. —A fire broke out in the St. Charles Hotel stable, in Alton, at 9 o'clook last evening, and it was entirely consumed; loss small. —John Fitzpatrick fell from a stock-car in Pekin yesterday, and two wheels passed over his left arm, mutilating it so that it will have to be amputated.

amputated.

—William Whiteomb's shoe-store in Kankakee
was burglarized Wedneeday night, and about
\$250 worth of custom-made and shelf goods
were taken. Last week a cigar-store, and a few weeks ago a clothing store, were pillaged, the latter of \$300 worth of ready-made garments.

There is no clue to the perpetrators.

WISCONSIN.

—A fatal affray about a girl occurred in Waumandee, Buffalo County, last Sunday. Two young men, named Arthur Miller and William Schmiedknecht, were courting the same girl, and, on the day named, Miller and the girl were Schmiedknecht, were courting the same girl, and, on the day named, Miller and the girl were sitting on a bench, when Schmiedknecht came up and attacked Miller. He being something of a fighter and a bully, Miller, who had his knife open in his hand, deemed it his only chance to use it, and he did so, rapidly and with such effect that Schmiedknecht was killed almost instantly. Miller then went to Arcadia, and went to bed in a hotel, where he was the same night arrested by Deputy Sheriff Mollinger, who took him to Fountain City for examination.

—At the University of Wisconsin, at Madison, the following public addresses will be delivered: The Hon. James B. Doolittle will address the law-class on Monday evening, June 15; the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, the Athenean and Hesperian Scoieties, on Tnesday evening; and the Rev. William H. Spencer, of Sparts, will address the Alumni Association on Wednesday evening. Commencement exercises will take place on Thursday, June 19.

—A terrible wind and rain-storm passed over the Village of Franksville Thursday afternoon, tearing down fences, unroofing several barns, and camaging other buildings. Considerable hail fell, but it is thought that it will not seriously injure the crops in this section.

—There was a great blow in Madison Thursday afternoon, with considerable rain. So far as known no lives were lost or pessons seriously injured, but many trees were Mown down and Granger's status at Canitol Park grate was blown

known no lives were lost or persons seriously injured, but many trees were flown down and Granger's statue at Capitol Park gate was blown from its pedestal. Chimnies toppled over, roofing was raised, etc. The steeple of the German Catholic church was nearly thrown down. It swayed fearfully, and was moved some inches on its stone tower, wrenching the stones out of lakes.

place. There were some narrow escapes on the lakes.

—A visit to the country around Beloit, shows the crops to be in a most promising condition. Corn, especially, exhibits wonderful growth within a week past. Other crops are looking healthy and growing finely.

—A severe thunder-storm passed over Beloit Thursday afternoon, accompanied by a most violent wind and clouds of dust. Fences in some places were leveled and stacks demolished. Beyond this, there was but little damage.

—The O'Connor habeas corpus case was on before Judge Mann, of Mitwaukee, yesterday, and was adjourned till this morning. The argument was upon legal points, and has resulted, so far, in favor of the Hincks party. There is considerable excitement among the legal fraternity.

ternity.

Dr. Beardsley, late of the Burlington HawkEye, goes to Europe the latter part of this
month, to spend the summer.

—The first woman-professorship in the State
of Iowa is being agitated for endowment in the
Cornell College at Mount Vernon. One hundred
thousand dollare is to be raised to place a Chair of
English Literature in this College.

—Nehemiah D. Earl, of Wapello, has sold
sixty-three head of 3-year-old bullocks of his
own raising, yesterday, for \$4,563.42. He was
also offered \$1,200 for 100 head of shoats which
were or y about 1 year old.

own raising, yesterday, for \$4,563.42. He was also offered \$1,200 for 100 head of shoats which were or y about 1 year old.

—Robert T. Duke, whose whipping by Conductor Everts, of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, in April, will not have been forgotten, has entered suit in the Circuit Court at Davenport against the Railroad Company, claiming damages in the sum of \$10,000. Mrs. Martha Duke, wife of the above-named plaintiff, enters suit in her own name, in the same court and against the same Company, claiming \$3,000 damages for blows she received in the car while Everts was engaged in whipping her husband, and for detention, etc., etc.

—An accident resulting in the serious injury of three men, named Patrick Leech, Martin Hynes, and John Mulqueen, occurred on the Keckuk & DeaMounes Railroad in Keckuk, vesterday. A switch engine running at the rate of 15 miles an hour. The accident occurred on a bridge. The hand-car and its occupants were thrown off and fell a distance of 15 feet to the ground. Three of the men sustained sovere injuries, but it is thought that they will recover. The collision was the result of the criminal carelessness of both parties in running at too great a rate of speed.

—Mrs. Mary E. Hayes, of Davenport, has brought suit in the Circuit Court of Scott County against five saloou-keepers of this city, whom she charges with selling liquor to her husband, Edward H. Hays, and prays for \$10,000 damages in each case, amounting in all to \$50,000. The saloon-keepers are Edward Grace. Thomas Shaughness, J. F. Kalley, Charles Elkhart, and F. Lester.

—Horace McGregor, of Davenport, a brakeman in the eventors of the Circuit Court of Scott County in the case of the Circuit Court of the county of the Circuit Court of Scott County against five saloou-keepers of this city, whom she charges with selling liquor to her husband, Edward H. Hays, and prays for \$10,000 damages in each case, amounting in all to \$50,000. The

Shaughnesy, J. F. Kelley, Charles Elkhart, and F. Lester.

—Horace McGregor, of Davenport, a brakeman in the employ of the Chicago, Book Island & Pacific Railroad, filed in the Circuit Court a petition for \$10,000 damages against that road for injuries received about the face, eyes, head, and arms, while cutting off cars at Victor, Ia., on the 27th day of last April.

arms, while cutting off cars at victor, i.a., on the 27th day of last April.

KANSAS.

The people in great numbers, for the last few days, have been paying their respects to Bishop Meige, giving him a heartfelt welcome home from his three years' visit to a foreign land.

—The Midland Railroad has been completed to Lawrence. The connection with the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston, and the Pleasant Hill Roads, has also been made. This additional link in the chain of Kansas railways gives Topeka another Eastern outlet.

MICHIGAN.

A fire in Grand Rapide Thureday morning partially destroyed Virdier & Brown's hardware

store. Loss on building and stock, \$12,000; full insurance on stock. Cause of fire unknown.

—Capt. William Fleming, a prominent business man of Muskegon, Mich., formerly of Chicago, died suddenly of apoplexy, in a mill at Whitehall, Thursday evening, having gone there on Monday. His remains were brought home.

—The total amount of lumber inspected under the law in the Saginaw District during the month of May was 30,886,345 feet. Of this amount, 22,988,089 feet went to New York and Ohio ports, and the balance to ports in Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Michigan.

—An officer from Lansing arrived in East Saginaw Wednesday evening, in search of Isaac Johnson, a youth of 16 years, charged with the larceny of a horse and wagon belonging to his father, and with disposing of the same. Johnson was found there, arrested, and taken back to Lansing.

son was found there, arrested, and taken back to Lansing.

—A day or two since a stranger came inio Fiske's camp, on the Midland plankroad, 12 miles from Bay City, and wanted work. He was given a job of chopping by Mr. Sirason, and he went to work. The following morning the man got up and wandered toward a pond near the house, and was seen to look in the pond some time, occasionally feeling of his throat. Toward 9 o'clock Mr. Sirason went to the place where the man slept, when he found him hanging by his neck to a cross-beam, a wire having been used for the purpose. An inquest was held, but very little was elicited. From letters on the person of the deceased, it appears that his name was John F. Lawson, and that he came from Massachusetts. Deceased was about 25 years of age.

MINNESOTA.

The corner-stone of the Hamtin University, to be rebuilt midway between St. Paul and East Minneapolis, was laid Thursday, with the usual ceremonies, the addresses being by Bishop Merrill and ex-Gov. Marshall.

—Mrs. Moeso Cotten, a Polish Jew, engaged in peddling, had a dispute, Wednesday last, with Bridget Kehoe, in Como, a suburb of St. Paul, when Mrs. Kehoe knocked Mrs. Cotten down and kicked her till she was insensible. Mrs. Cotten being enciente, her injuries are regarded as very dangerous. The woman Kehoe was arrested and held to await the result.

—Under the new Tax law and the plan of levying all taxes by a sum total instead of by a percentage, the assessed valuation of Hennepin County has been increased from \$9,000,000 last year to \$30,000,000 this year. Reports from other parts of the State show a like approximation to real values, whereby the rate of State tax will be reduced from \$5,000,000 last year to \$1,500,000.

THE LAKE-FRONT.

The Workingmen's Party Opposed to Its Sale.

Mr. Klings and His Friends Meet at West Turner Hall.

And Denounce Hesing and Lieb.

The Stants-Zeitung of Tuesday contain announcement that the "Workingmen's Party of Illinois" would hold a meeting at the West eet Turner Hall last evening, for the purpose of showing the Council that they were in favor of selling the "lake-front" to the Railroad Companies, in order to get the means to commence the erection of the Court-House, and thus furnish employment to hundreds of workingmen. At the meetings of the North Side sections of workingmen in the evening of the same day, attention was called to the para graph, and the question asked, Who authorize answer, the officers of the sections not having been consulted, it was concluded that A. C. Hesing had inserted the no-tice himself, and it was predicted that the Union would contain a similar announcement the day following. The prediction was verified, and day following. The prediction was verified, and several of the members of the North Side Sections, assuming that Mr. Hesing and Gen. Lieb were trying to carry out a little scheme to secure the votes of the workingmen, went around among their brethren on the West Side, who held meetings Wednesday night, and the result was, that motions were made to attend the Turner-Hall conclave, and outvote Mr. Hesing and his friends. Their intention must have become known, since none of those who called the meeting were present. ing were present.
On the other hand, there were about 200 of the

On the other hand, there were about 200 of the members of the sections in the bar-room, they having remained to "see the fun," while as many more went home when they were told that the hall had not been engaged.

MR. KLINGS APPEARS.

After waiting until half-past 8 o'clock, no one appearing in the interest of the sale of the lake-front, Mr. Karl Klings rapped on the table with a cane and said, as there was no one present who represented the Staats Zeitung, the duty of calling the assemblage to order devolved upon

who represented the Staats Zeitung, the duty of calling the assemblage to order devolved upon him. [Laughter.] He nominated Henry Zimpel for Chairman, and he was elected. Mr. Schluetter acted as Secretary.

Mr. Klings then made a brief address, saying that since the Staats Zeitung had opposed the building of the Court-House last year, when work was scarce, the publication of the call must have been "a slip of the pen." He thought it folly to erect the structure until the contract system was abolished so far as city and county work was concerned. If it were done away with, and he believed it would be within a year or two, much money would be saved to the tax-payers, and city and county officials have less to answer for on the day of final judgment. [Laughter and applause.]

also made a few remarks, deprecating the extravagance of the County Commissioners in paying \$145,000 for a hospital lot when as good a one could have been secured for a less sum.

ing \$145,000 for a hospital lot when as good a one could have been secured for a less sum.

JOHN M'AULIFF
was the next speaker. He said Hesing and Lieb had "fooled" the workingmen more than once. Last winter—a mid one—when thousands were out of work, they did advocate their cause; but came now with a scheme to catch some votes. The workingmen were, however, more intelligent than they used to be; they had had their eyes opened to the wiles and tricks of the politicians who, last winter, referred them to the swill-barrels when they asked for food. The sale of the lake front for \$500,000 was a swindle. The property was worth two or three times that sum. If it were sold for \$500,000, the people would be taxed to make up the difference. A Court-House was needed badly enough, but it should be built upon "common-sense principles," and there should be no pickings for the politicians and contractors. He then devoted a minute or two to Mr. Storey, of the Times, and Mr. Hesing personally, characterizing them as the agents of the devil [applause], and their printing-offices as the workshops of Mephistopheles, adding that they had done more to crush the poor man and keep him down than anything or anybody else. In conclusion, he presented the following RESOLUTIONS.

which excited some laughter, and were unanimouely adopted:

Weight 18 were and 18 were unanimouely adopted:

Weight 20 were and 18 were unanimouely adopted:

Weight 20 were and 18 were unanimouely adopted:

Weight 20 were and 20 were unanimouely adopted:

Weight 20 were and 20 were unanimouely adopted:

which excited some laughter, and were unanimously adopted:

Whenkas, Certain persons are endesvoring to induce the Common Council to sell the "lake-front" to the railroad companies for about one-third of its value, in order, as they say, to raise money to build the new Court-House, and

Whenkas, Even if the Council were prevailed upon to sell the take front for \$300,000 and the persons engineering the scheme were able to pocket their dividends, very little would remain to do any work this summer, except excavating; since necessity would compel the suspension of work as soon as cold weather set in, therefore,

Resolved, That we, workingmen of Chicago, in whose behalf A. C. Hesing and Gen. Lieb pretend to be working, think their efforts uncalled for, and believe that the lake-front ought not to be sold for any such sum as \$300,000.

Resolved, That we no not desire A. C. Hesing and Gen. Lieb for our leaders, they having assumed to be such by calling a meeting of the "Workingmen's Party of Illinois." We are able to take care of ourselves, and when we wish to make any requests of the Common Council will call our own meetings, and take such action as we deem necessary, without the interference of "Bismark" and his lieutenant.

Mr. Klings said the city's title to the lake-front

forence of "Bismarck" and his fleutenant.
Mr. Klings said the city's title to the lake-front
was defective, and he suggested that it be turned
into a park, so that all, rich and poor alike, could
have the benefit of it.
The meeting then adjourned.

How a Marriage Was Brought About.

The little son of an ex-Chief of Police in Terre
Haute recently suggested to his father that he
might produce a desirable change in their domestic arrangements by marrying, and even went
so far as to suggest the lady he would like for a
stepmother. Prompt in all his movements, the
ex-Chief sought the lady, told her of what his
son had suggested, and intimated his desire to
gratify his son's wish in the matter. The lady
heard with respect, then awakened her little
daughter, before whom she laid the whole subject, received the daughter's consent to the arrangement, and then gave her own. The wedding took place the next day.

POLITICAL.

Mass Meeting of Grangers in Southern Illinois.

Men Who Believe in Independent Thought and Action.

Anti-Monopoly Convention in Bureau County, Ill.

The Republicans Ahead in the Oregon Election.

Independent Reform Conventions

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune, CARROLL COUNTY, ILL. LANARE, Ill., June 4.—At the Independent County Convention at the Court-House Wednes-day, Fisher Allison, Monroe Balley, and Corday, Fisher Allison, monroe Balley, and Cornelius Hegeman were appointed delegates to the
State Convention. A central committee was appointed, and resolutions, favoring reform and
presenting the name of Owen P. Miles for
State Treasurer, were passed.

CHANPAIGN COUNTY, ILL.

Special Primate to The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAION COUNTY, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAION, Ill., June 4.—The Champaign
County Farmers' Association met to-day, and
appointed J. S. Busey, W. A. Conkey, J. R.
Scott, J. B. Porter, Field J. Battoman, A. P.
Coffeen, and C. N. Anderson, delegates to the
State Farmers' Association to be-held at Springfield on the 10th inst. Seventeen Grangers' and
eleven Farmers' Clubs were represented by
ninety-five delegates. No resolutions were
passed, and the delegates of uninstructed. It
will be seen that, in this county, the Grangers
are willing to take a hand at the ballot-box.

BULEAU COUNTY, ILL.

are willing to take a hand at the ballot-box.

BUREAU COUNTY, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PAINCETON, Ill., June 4.—The Anti-Monopoly Convention of Bureau County met at 11 o'clock to-day, the Hon. Robert Hunter, of Milo, in the Chair. Twenty-three of the twenty-five towns were represented. The Convention selected six delegates and six alternates to the State Convention, and, after a considerable contest, the selection of the delegates to the Congressional Convention was deferred. The Decatur and Bloomington platform was adopted, also the following resolution:

Bloomington platform was adopted, also the following resolution:

Resolved, That we are in favor of the immediate passage of a law by Congress prohibiting the transfer of cases from the State to the Federal courts, in the following classes of cases:

1. When a suit is brought by a citizen or citizens of a State, whether in an individual or official capacity, sgainst a corporation, other than municipal, created by virtue of a State law.

2. When a suit is brought against a municipal corporation by a non-resident of a State wherein such municipality is situated, on any bonded indebtedness, where such indebtedness is created by a State law, the suit shall be tried only in the courts of the State authorizing the creation of such indebtedness, and such cases shall not be transferred to the Federal courts, nor shall a suit be brought on such indebtedness by a non-resident except in the State courts.

3. If the enactment of a law, as here set forth, is decided to be unconstitutional by the Federal Courts, then we recommend that Sec. 2, Art. 11, of the Constitution of the United States, be so amended that the Federal courts be prohibited from taking cognizance by, or against, corporations created wholly by State laws.

Bureau County grave a large Anti-Monopoly. Bureau County gave a large Anti-Monopoly majority last fall, and the majority will, without doubt, be increased at the coming election.

Republican County Convention. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Privane.

OTTUNINA, Ia., June 4.—At the Republican Judicial Convention, held in Ottumwa to-day, J.

M. Williams was renominated for Judge, and Capt. T. M. Fee, of Centreville, for Prosecuting Attorney. It is slready conceded by the Republicans that Williams will be defeated. The Republican Congressional Convention will be held ublican Congressional Convention will be held ere July 16, the day after the Anti-Monopoly

Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., June 4.—Gov. Weston was inaugurated to-day. In his message which he read to the Legislature the Governor discusses at some length the subject of temperance. He intimates his belief that entire prohibition is intimated in the subject of temperance. The intimates his belief that entire prohibition is intimated in the subject of temperance. The intimates his belief that entire prohibition is intimated in the subject of temperance. against public sentiment in New Hampshire, and favors permission by a license law of some form, of which he says: "Laws, to be effective, must be in harmony with public sentiment; but this principle has in a grest degree been overlooked or disregarded in our legislation on the subject of temperance, and the result has been, and is, that for want of proper moral spipport from the public generally, the laws either cannot be, or will not be, enforced. Whichever of these may be the fact, the practical result is the same." The total receipts from the State tax and other sources during the past year were \$140,062, and the expenditures \$434,491, the excess being represented by cash on hand and by the reduction

The Oregon Election The Oregon Electron.

San Francisco, Cal., June 4.—Returns from the Oregon election so far give Williams, Republican, for Congress, 4,078; LaDow, Democrat, 3,721; Davenport, Independent, 2,900; Talman, for Governor, 4,554; Grover, 4,191; Campbell, 3,462. Seven counties to hear from. Chadwick, Democrat, probably re-elected Secretary of State; Clark, Republican, Treasurer; Rowland, Republican, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Grangers' Mass-Meeting at Hillsbore,

Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

Hillshoro, Montgomery Co., Ill., June 2.—
The largest and most enthusastic meeting ever assembled in Southern Illinois convened on the Fair-Ground at this place to-day. More than 5,000 people were on the ground. The Granges came in procession from all points of the compass, dressed in the regals of the Order, headed by bands of music, their wagons decorated with evergreens, and carrying banners and flags with appropriate mottoes, of which the following were among the augulicant ones: "A Fair Reward for Honest Toil;" "Honest Men for Office;" "Equal Rights for All Men—Equal Justice to All; "Independence of Thought and Independent Political Action," "Equal Representation in Legislation," "Equal Representation in Legislation," "Business Direct and No Middlemen." Altogether it has been one of the most inspuring scenes that have been witnessed since the movement began.

Col. I. N. Colman, of St. Louis, was first introduced, who held the vast sudience in close and earness attention for nearly two hours. He opened with a eulogy on the immense gathering, contrasting it with many in his own State, and giving to the farmers of Montgomery County the credit of the largest meeting he has attended. He then laid down the subjects on which he proposed to speak; first, the currency; second, the taring third, how, by political action, they might free themselves from the monopolies that had been created and fostered by the Government, to the injury of the ecutive laboring and producing classes of the country in every department of industry. He demonstrated the effects of the tariff upon the Western faumers by showing how they were taxed on the five principal articles,—sait, immber, clothing, iron, and sieel,—of which all are consumers; showed by what process of the many. The patent-right men claimed his attention as a monopoly closely connected with the extension of patents should stop after a reasonable number of years had given to the patentee a fair compensation, and made an onsinght upon

f independent political action.
as been the largest gathering
the county; and that it augurs
arties if they shall make parties if they shall make inomination for either Congress or the Legislature. In large assemblage separated in the best of prints determined to make a practical application of the lessons they have learned to-day. But meetings will be held in every county in the Sixteenth District, and will insure the second of the Independent candidate for Congress well as those for the Legislature, and a majority for the nominees of the Convention of the low

Mr. Isaac N. Jaquese, a pioneer of Mt. Carel III., has found a way to kill caterpillars, that way be tells through the Register, as to lows: "I have an orchard which has been beinfested with caterpillars, and I tried ways to get rid of them. First, by humber them out, which perhaps would have answers had I commenced soon enough. I then the shaking them out of the trees, but they woon back again. My hast plan was as follows: Scrape all the loose bark from the trank of the tree, then take a strip of woolen gloth, and, at the saturating it with sulphur and grasac it around the body of the tree just below when the branches start out; then take a brush apaint a strip two or three inches wide at band on the tree. The catterpillers, after banken out, will again endeavor to mount it tree, but will stop at the sulphur line, when they can be destroyed by the bushel. A wear labor could have been saved had I known of the plan at the start. I believe it worthy of pareters.

MARRIAGES

H. C. Gould, both of Chicago.

HUNT—BRINE—June 3, at the residence of the best father, Mr. John M. Brine, 84 Ashland—av., by the E. H. N. Powers, D. D., Mr. Albert B. Huns and E. Louiss H. Brine, all of this city.

TIMERMAN—BROWN—On the 3d inst., at the redence of the bride's father, by the Rev. E. F. Gooden D. D., Mr. George W. Timerman and Miss Haid. Brown, both of this city. Ne cards.

DEATHS.

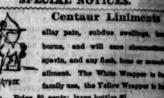
BLATCHFORD—On Thursday evening, June 18 Evanston, Florence, roungest daughter of E. W. Mary E. Blatchford, agod 2 years and 4 months, Notice of funeral here-fiter. Notice of inherit series of the city, at her recidence is, GROSSMA.N.—Is this city, at her recidence is, Belding-st. on the 4th inst. Mary, wife of Henry 0. Gamman, aged 29 years.

Manual from above number at 10 clock p. m., to be a compared from above number at 10 clock p. m., VAN MOL—John B. Van Mol, 484 Union-st., and it Belgian by birth, died pesterday at 10 e'clock at m. Funeral to-day at 8 o'clock pr m., at his residence, GOIT—Charles W., eldest son of O. W. and July Goit, aged Dynars.

Gott, aged Dynars.

Funeral on Friday morning at 10 o'clock, from the Church of the Epiphany, Throop-st. Friends of the last year environt to attend.

SPECIAL NOTICES.



egulating the stomach and bowsls. AUCTION SALES. By ELISON, POMEROY & CO. Regular Friday's Sale

Children Cry for Castoria.-Pleas

Friday Morning, June 5, at 9 1-2 odet AT AUCTION. Elegant Parlor Suits, uphoistered in Six Terry, Silk Plush, and Rep.
Spiendid stock of Rich Chamber Sets, Breaus, Wardrobes, Cupboards, Sideboards, Book-Cases, Refrigerators, Ice-Boxes, Bresels and Wool Capets, Extension Tables, Sels and Wool Capets, Extension Tables, Marble-top Tables, Orockery, Glassware, etc. Also starge stock of General Marchandiss, ELISON, POMEROY & CO., Austinosers, Mande Randophes.

BANKRUPT STOCK Hats, Caps, Fors, Straw Goods, &c., AT AUCTION. Tuesday Morning, June 9, at 10 c'clock,

At Store Corner Monroe and Clark-siz, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Furs. Belonging to the Estate of Harris & Co., in bankrupies, This stock is worthy the attention of the trade. All first-class goods, in good order. Will be sold in lots to Also, the Store Fixtures, Gas Fixtures, &c., Mirres, and one Iron Safe.
Sold by order of R. E. JENKINS, Assignee.
ELISON, POMERCY & CO., Auctionses.

By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO. REGULAR SATURDAY SALE Household Furniture, Planes, Carpeta, Crosing Glass Show Cases, &c., &c., SATURDAY MORNIES June 6, 45 9/5 o'clock, at the Lour Room, 165 and WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Aueti CHOICE CITY and HYDE PARK

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

We will sell at public auction without reserve, to the highest bidder, at the room of the Chickge Real Retain Exchange, Open Board of Trade Building, Real Retain Exchange Control of the Real Retain Exchange Control of the Real Retain Exchange Control of the Real Retain Exchange Control of Pinest, wary choice residence properties are ast of Pinest, wary collect neighborhood; convenient to horse cars and Rese Park Rairroad. Also, 98:308 feet to 30-foot alley, with alley on side, north front on Forty-fifther. In feet and of Drace Boulevard. Torms easy. Full particular given at the sale. Title perfect. As the above property will positively be sold, those wanting by paragian will dive well to be present at the sale.

Charker, Layton & Oc. well to be present at the sale. CLARKE, LAYTON & CO.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Anetrs.

TO-DAY, commencing at 10 and 2 o'clock, OIL PAINTINGS,

At 204 & 206 East Madison-st.

By N. P. HARRISON.

In yesterday's sale we disposed of 140 che collection, and we must sell the balance o-day.

N. P. HARRISON, GREAT AUCTION SALE OF Furniture and Carpets, On SATURDAY, June 6, at 9% o'clock.
AT 204 & 206 EAST MADISON.ST. Extra large stock of Parior and Chamber tiels; into of Carpeta, in Brussels, Wook &c., &c. One Fine Steinway Plano.
One Extra Good Plano, Emerson's make,

At 1 o'clock, 12,000 lbs. White Load, in lots to rait.
N. P. HARRISON, Auctions. By GEO. P. GORE & CO.

AT AUCTION, On SATURDAY, June 6, at 9 o'clock, 10 Crates W. G. Crockery and Classes. At 10 o'clock—Household Furniture, of every descrition; also, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Dressing Case team, Lounges, Refrigerators, and Ice Chests; Office and Parior Desks, Carpots, Buly Carriages.

GEO. P. GORE & CU., Auctioness.

One 2-Seat Democrat,
Four Open and two Top Buggles,
One 1-Horse Truck and one second-hand Express Wagon,
20 Sets Harness,
AT AUCTION,
On SATURDAY, June 5, at 11 2 Fronce a CO.
GROOF FOR A CO.
GROOF FOR A CO.

Of Horse, Buggie, and Harries, on June 1, 187, 46 a p'clock a. m., at the formed Home, on the common p'clock a. m., at the formed Home, on the common p'clock a. m., at the formed day. Shock larks

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